

RONDA COLOMBIA 2014

Agencia Nacional de Hidrocarburos



Country / Oil & Gas Indicators & Facts



Fastest-growing major producer in the region

Latin America's oldest and most stable democracy with a peace process underway.

Colombia ranks third globally for the number of new oil and gas discoveries

Openness to investment and trade

Source: Ministry of Mines and Energy of Colombia – ANH.

COLOMBIA:
The perfect environment



Country Indicators and Facts

Colombia's Economic Achievements

- **GDP growth: 4,0% (2013)**

Higher growth than the Latin America average.



- **Falling unemployment rate: 8,4% (Dec 2013)**

9,6% unemployment rate for 2013



- **Direct Foreign Investment: USD 15.650 MM**

Record figure in the history of Colombia (2012)



- **An increase of 5,6% in exports of goods and services USD 60.125 MM**

Record figure in the history of Colombia



- **Controlled inflation 2013: 1,94%**

Below the target inflation



Source: Proexport - Colombia.

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Country Indicators and Facts

Experts Opinions



Irene Mia (EIU) – Regional Director for Latin America & The Caribbean - The Economist Intelligence Unit (EIU) - May 2013:

“Colombia has been highlighted in recent years as a **safe country** for foreign investment with great potential both because of the size of its population and the amount of resources it has”

The
Economist

Intelligence
Unit

Christine Lagarde (IMF) - Managing Director (MD) of the International Monetary Fund (IMF) - December 2012:

“Colombia currently has a very small deficit and a quite balanced debt, so the macroeconomic situation is very promising, additionally it is in a situation in which the Fund can offer their help, which could not in the past “





Country Indicators and Facts

Times of Progress and Prosperity



Due to our government's efforts and determination in recent years, the appropriate conditions for a peace process have been established.

The dream of ending the armed conflict in our country will soon be accomplished.

We believe peace is within our reach.



Oil & Gas Indicators and Facts

Experts Opinions

Daniel Yergin (IHS) - Pulitzer Prize-winning American author and economic researcher, Founder of CERA (Cambridge Energy Research Associates) – October 2012:

“Colombia has very attractive attributes. First, it’s blessed with hydrocarbons, which will allow for funding education, health and other of society’s needs. Second, has a highly skilled industry and very talented people. Third, has launched a predictable, rational and modern fiscal and regulatory system.

Companies need to decide where in the world to invest and Colombia has competitive advantages. Colombia has a very positive reputation and that’s very valued. It is very important to think in the long term, not just short term.”



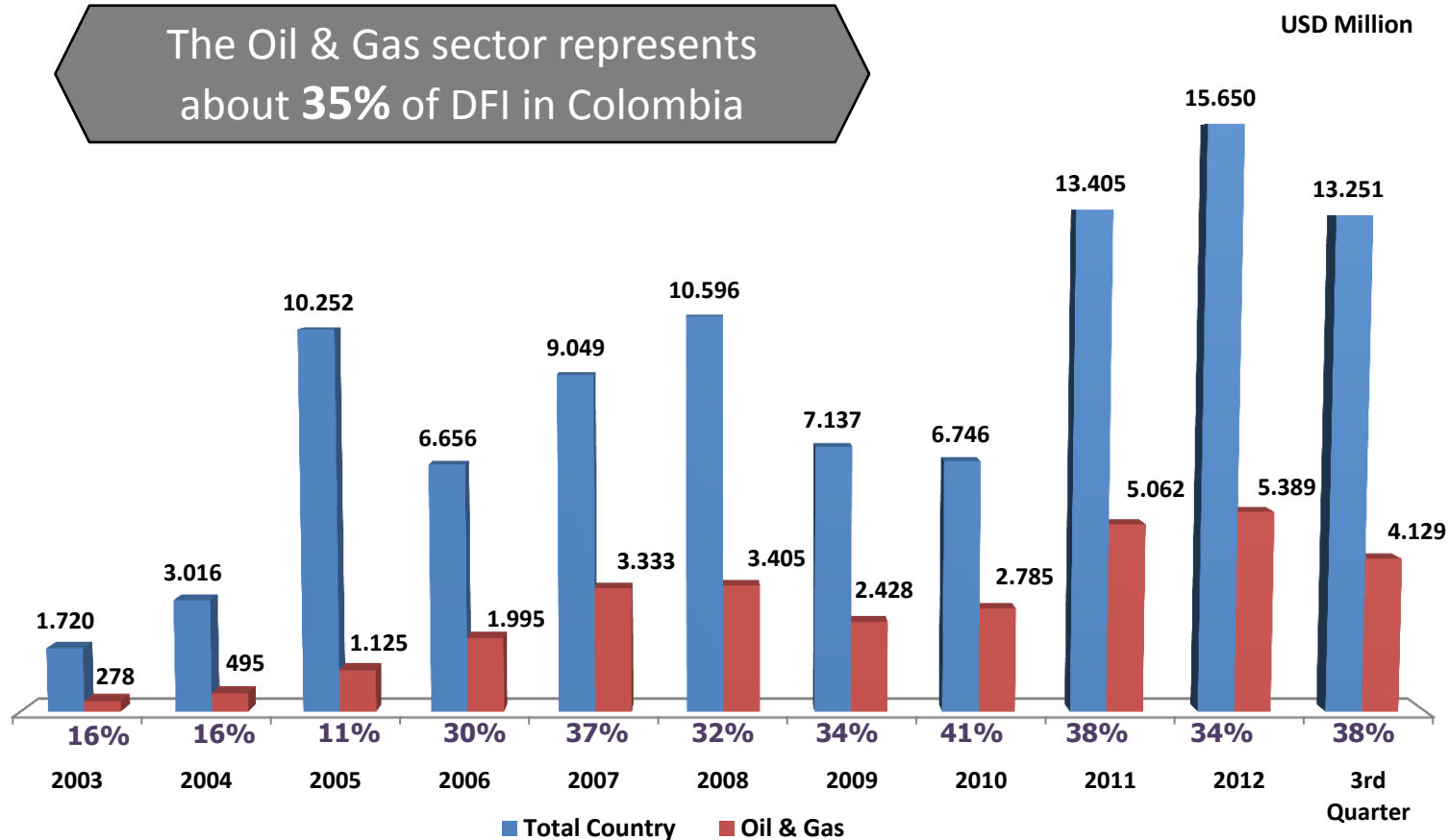
Source: Portafolio Newspaper - Colombia.



Oil & Gas Indicators and Facts

Direct Foreign Investment

The Oil & Gas sector represents about **35%** of DFI in Colombia



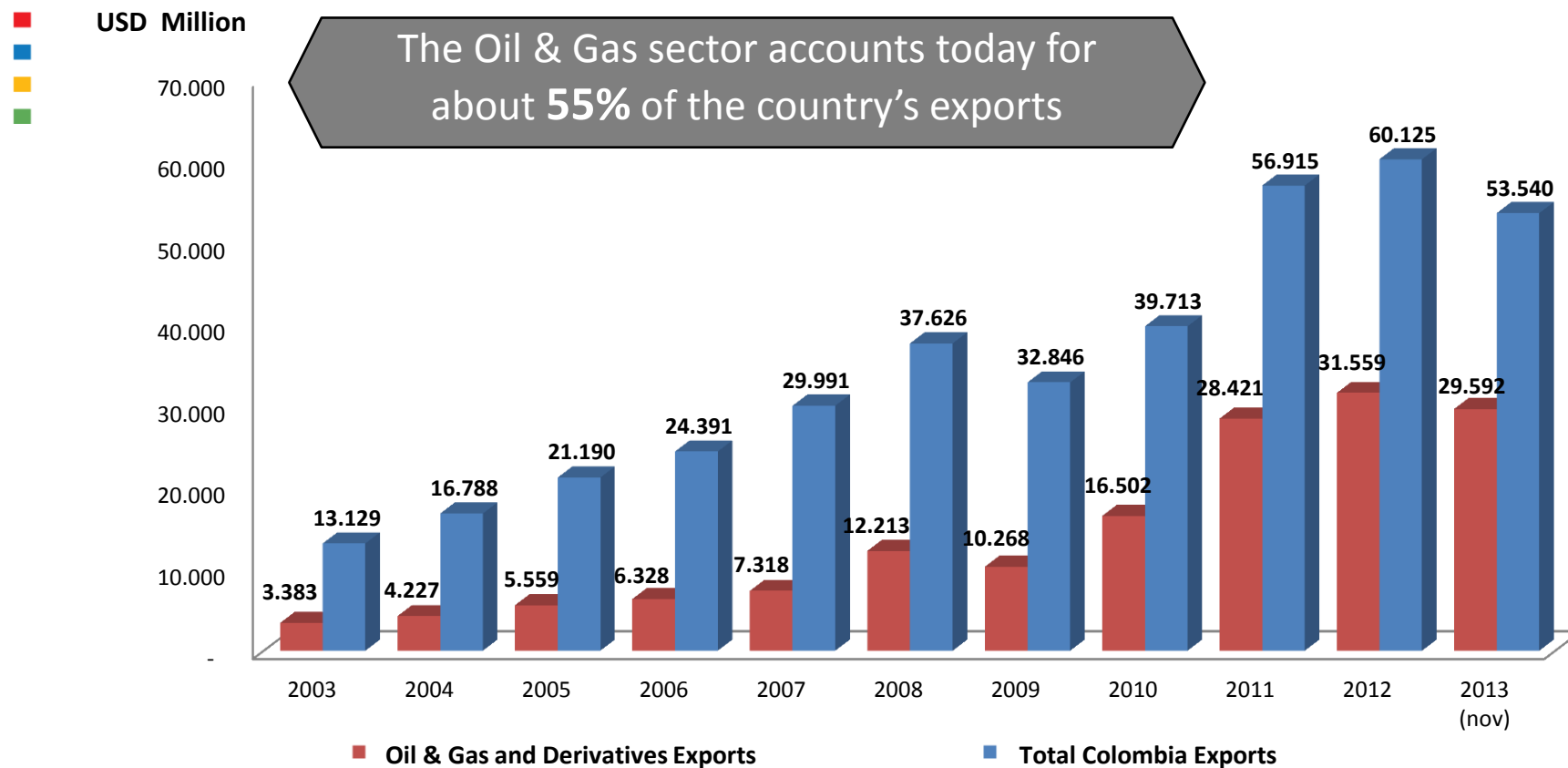
Source: Banco de la República – Colombia.

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Oil & Gas Indicators and Facts

Exports



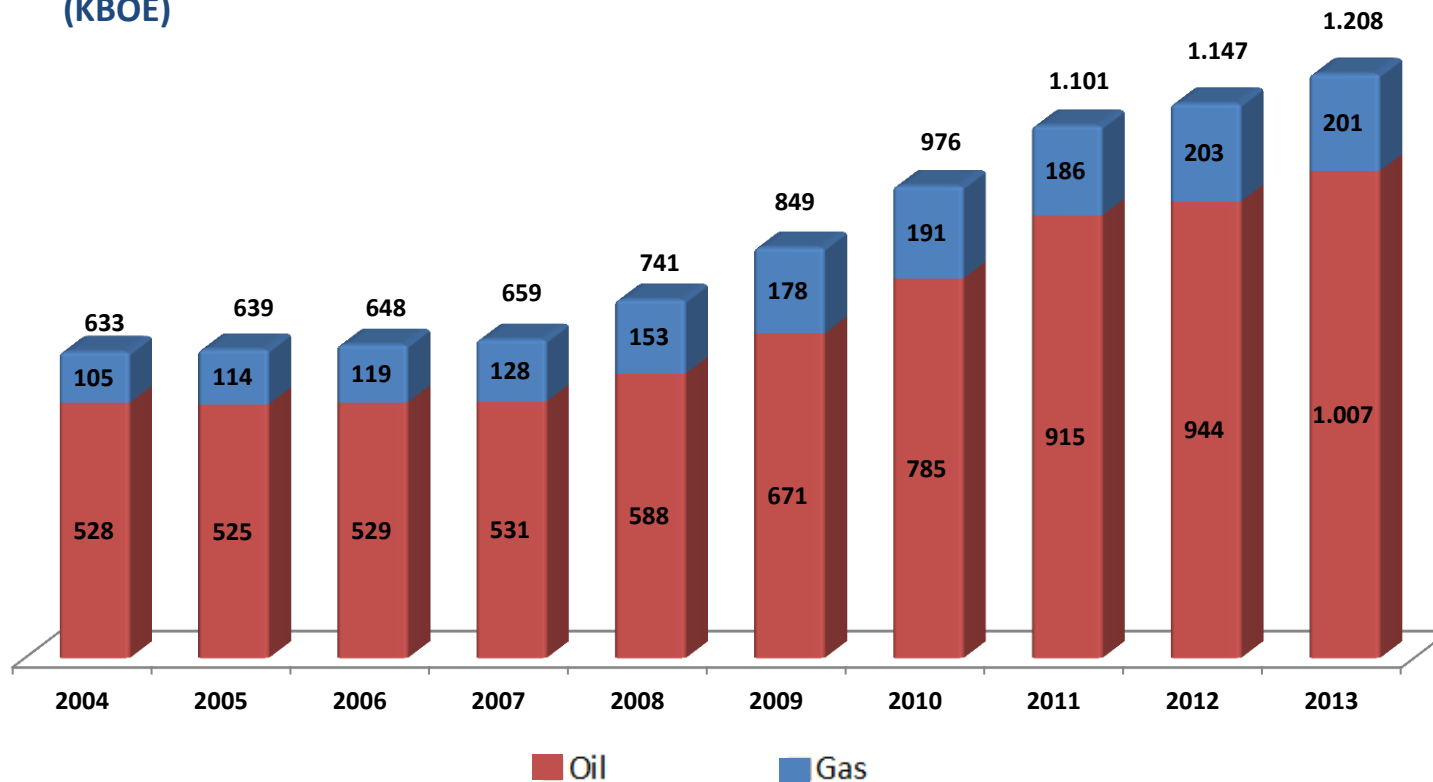
Source: Banco de la República – Colombia.



Oil & Gas Indicators and Facts

Production

Annual Average Production in Thousands of Barrels of Oil Equivalent per day (KBOE)



Source: ANH.

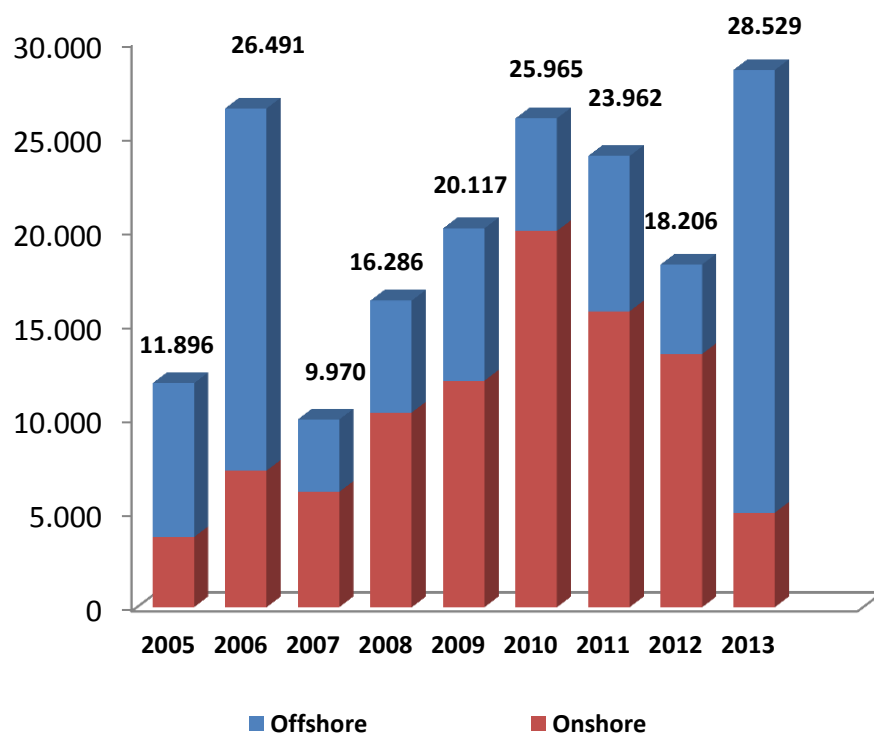
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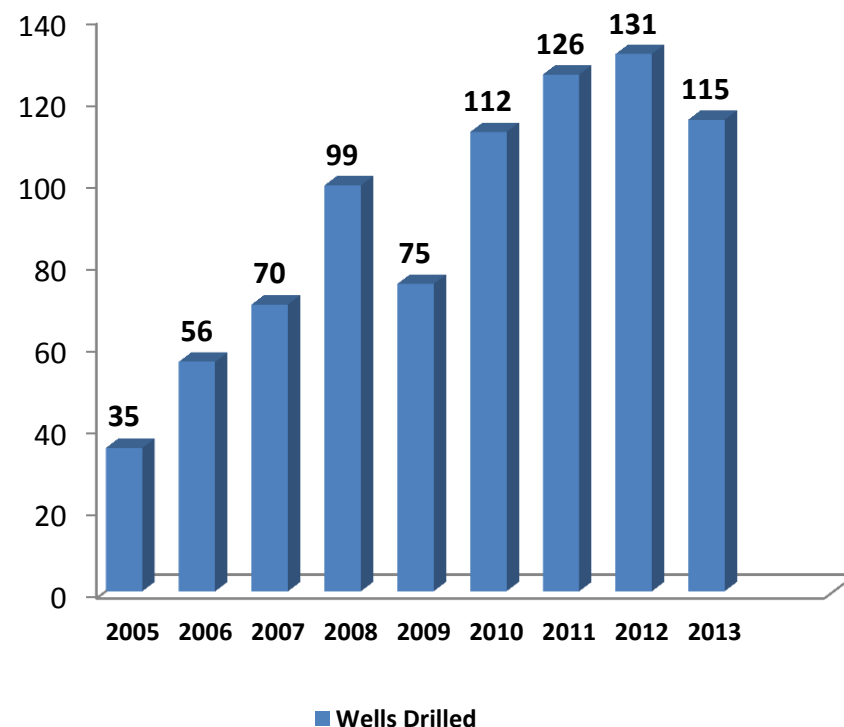
Oil & Gas Indicators and Facts

Exploration Activity

2D Equivalent Seismic in Km



Exploratory wells drilled

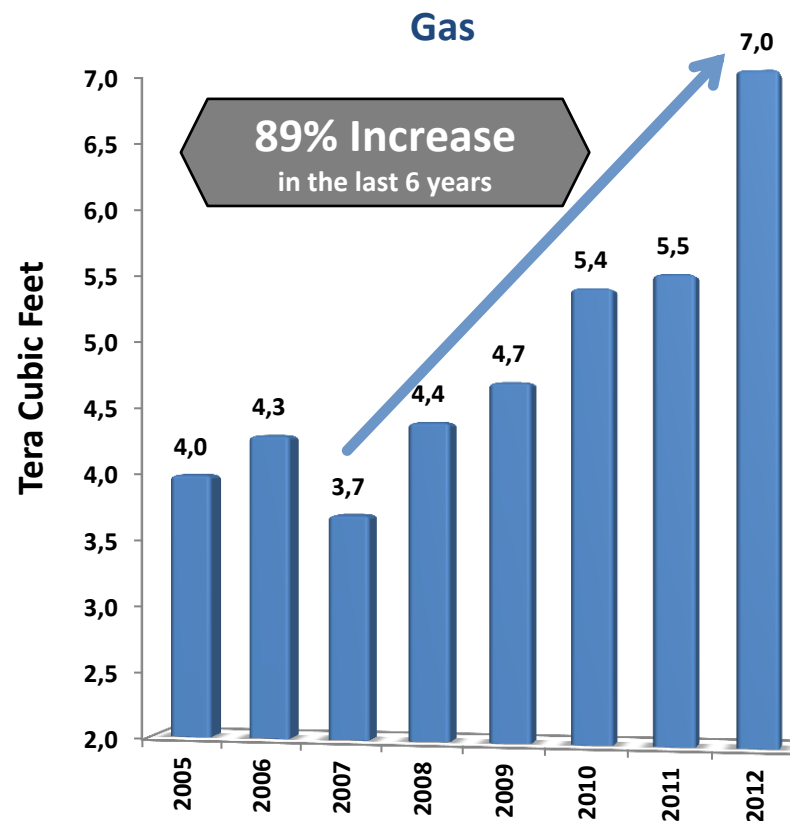
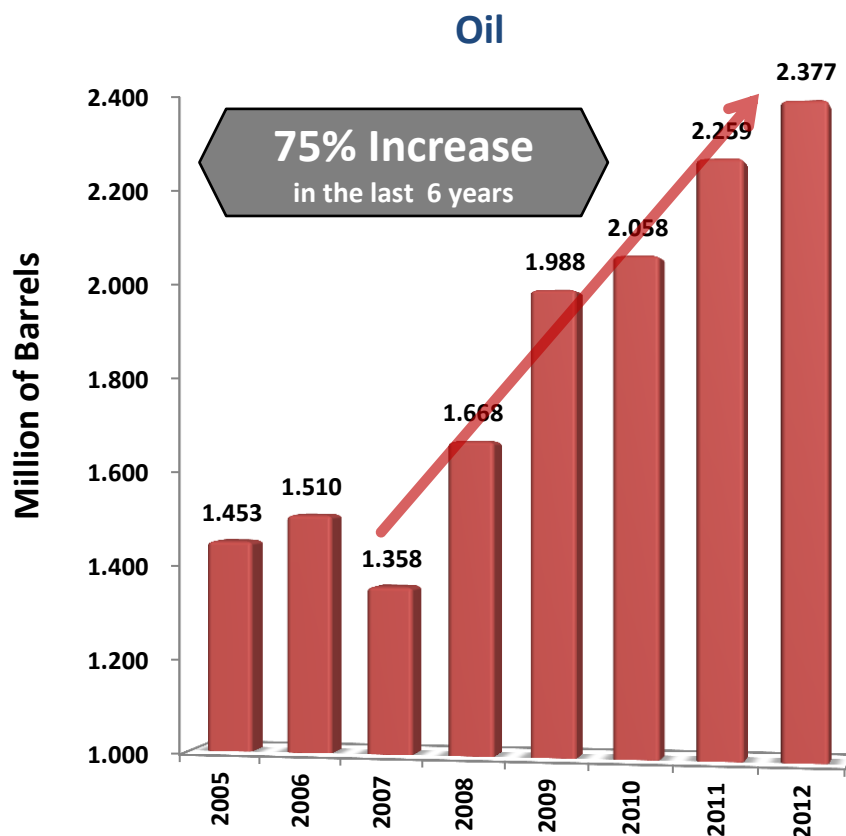


Source: ANH.



Oil & Gas Indicators and Facts

Reserves



Source: ANH – Ecopetrol.

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Areas

Ronda Colombia 2014

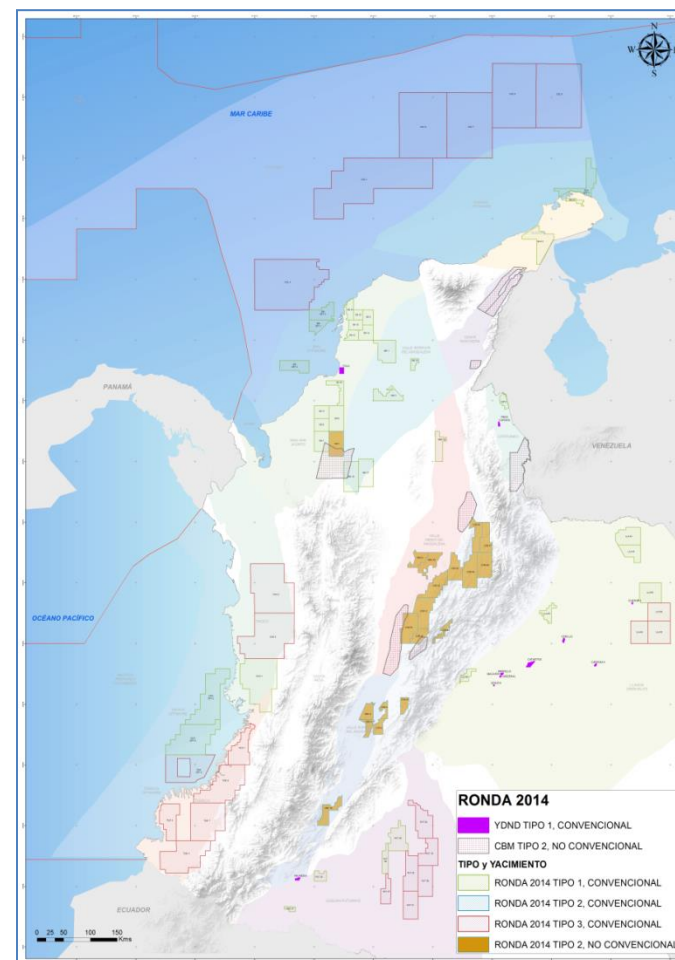


Areas Offered

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Total Surface Offered	(ha)
Continental Conventional	7'007.888
Offshore Conventional	7'961.247
Unconventional oil and gas shale	1'693.078
Unconventional of gas associated to coal bed (CBM)	1'265.892
Total RONDA COLOMBIA 2014	17'928.105

Total Areas in Offered	97
Continental Conventional	57
Offshore Conventional	13
Unconventional oil and gas shale	19
Unconventional of gas associated to coal bed (CBM)	8





Terms of Reference

Ronda Colombia 2014



Qualification

Ronda Colombia 2014

- Operator (must have and hold at least 30% participation)
- Investors

Qualification	Investors	Operator
Legal	√	√
Economic-Financial	√	√
Technical & Operational		√
Environmental		√
RSE (Business Social Responsibility- BSR)		√



Legal Capacity

Ronda Colombia 2014

Foreign or local companies, private or public, may be enabled as:

- Individual Bidder.
- Joint Ventures: Associations, Joint Ventures or a Promise to Future Association Contract.

Requirements:

Operator: A corporate purpose comprising development of exploration activities and production of hydrocarbons (5 years before enabling).

Investor: A corporate purpose that incorporates the execution of complementary activities for exploration and production (1 year before enabling).

Transparency Commitment and Declaration of Funds Origin.

Companies Background Review (except those listed in the Stock Market) in World Compliance.



Economic & Financial Capacity

Ronda Colombia 2014

Average Net Assets over the last three (3) years, per block:

Areas	NET ASSETS (USD)
Discovered Accumulations	2,000,000
Conventional Continental E&P	6,000,000
Conventional Continental TEA	20,000,000
Offshore E&P, Unconventional E&P, & Offshore TEA	200,000,000

The above minimum requirements are per block, individually or through a Joint Venture.



Economic & Financial Capacity

Ronda Colombia 2014

Corporations included in “The Energy Intelligence Top 100: Ranking the World's Top Oil Companies” and those able to endorse a risk qualification equal or higher than those mentioned below will qualify automatically, although they need to submit their financial information in any case.

Credit Rating Agencies	Rating
Standard & Poor's	BBB
Moody's	Baa
Fitch Ratings ⁽¹⁾	BBB
⁽¹⁾ Rating equal to AAA for Colombian levels	



Technical & Operational Capacity

Ronda Colombia 2014




Requirement Type	Areas	Wells Drilled (3 last years)	Reserves BOE	Operated Production BOE
Specials	Discovered Accumulations	1	50.000 or	300
1	Conventional Continental E&P	2	2.000.000	1.000
2	Conventional Continental TEA	-	5.000.000	5.000
3	Offshore E&P, Unconventional E&P, & Offshore TEA	-	50.000.000	20.000

Those corporations listed in “The Energy Intelligence Top 100: Ranking the World’s Top Oil Companies” last issue, automatically qualify.



Exceptions

Ronda Colombia 2014



Exceptions for Technical and Operational Capacity. Those companies that fulfill one of the following conditions:

- Operators which have had E&P contracts during the past 10 years with investments over five hundred million US dollars (USD\$ 500.000.000) or,
- Operators that have been established for less than five years, but have assets over one billion US dollars (USD\$ 1.000.000.000) and operate at least five (5) E&P contracts.



Environmental and Social Responsibility Capacities



Ronda Colombia 2014



Environmental Capacity :

- ISO 14001, equivalent certification, or a document containing the Corporate Policy and the Environmental Management System in place.

Social Responsibility:

- ISO 26000, equivalent certification, or a document that endorses the implementation of programs on Social Responsibility.



Area Type Awarding Criteria

Ronda Colombia 2014




Area Type	Criteria	
	First	Second*
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Discovered Fields (YD) E&P Continental and Offshore 	Production Participation (X%)	Additional Investment in Exploration - Phase I
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> E&P Unconventional TEA Continental and Offshore 	Additional Investment in Exploration - Phase I	Production Participation (X%)

* Tie-break Criteria



Data Packages Value

Ronda Colombia 2014



Type	USD\$
1	40,000 VAT Included
2 and 3	100,000 VAT Included

Note: The acquisition of the Data Package gives the company the right to bid if qualified.



Main Contractual Aspects Ronda Colombia 2014



E&P Contract

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Object:

The exclusive right to:

- Explore the subsoil under the contracted area.
- Produce the hydrocarbons discovered.
- Share of the production of the hydrocarbons within the contracted area.

The contractor shall:

- Perform all activities at its own cost and risk.
- Obtain all required permits and licenses.
- Use best oil industry practices.



E&P Contract

Ronda Colombia 2014



Duration:

- Exploration: 6 years conventional / 9 years unconventional.
- Production*: 24 years conventional / 30 years unconventional.

Exploration period:

- Conventional Hydrocarbons: Two phases of 3 years each.
- Unconventional Hydrocarbons: Three phases of 3 years each.
- First phase is mandatory.

* With the possibility of a 10 year extension.



Technical Evaluation Agreement (TEA)

Ronda Colombia 2014

Object:

- To conduct technical evaluation activities in an block with the possibility of converting into an E&P contract.

Duration:

- Thirty six (36) months.

Appraiser's rights:

- An exclusive extensive area to carry out technical evaluation activities.
- Selection of part of the block to be converted into an E&P contract.
- Exclusivity for conversion until the end of term.



Modifications to the Offshore Contracts

Ronda Colombia 2014

- **Po and Volume Trigger Modifications:**

- Deep Waters (between 300m and 1000m depth): **Increase in the barrels exempt of High Price Payment (HPP). from 5mmbbl to 200mmbbl. Increase in base price (Po) that triggers HPP from USD\$ 43.37 to USD\$ 82.00.**
- Ultra-Deep Waters (above 1000m depth): **Increase in the barrels exempt of HPP. From 5mmbbl to 300mmbbl. Increase in base price (Po) that triggers HPP from USD\$ 43.37 to USD\$100.**

- **First Awarding Factor:**

- Additional Investing Program: Means the amounts of money expressed in U.S. Dollars, in multiple of **one million dollars (USD\$ 1.000.000).**

- **Production Period:**

- Production Period of **30 years.**

- **Exploration Program:**

First Phase	Second Phase	Third Phase
36 months	36 months	36 months
Acquisition of 1.000 km ² 3D seismic or equivalent in 2D seismic	-	-
80 "Piston Core" assays	1 exploratory well	1 exploratory well



Incentives for the Unconventional Contracts

Ronda Colombia 2014

- **P₀ Modification and Royalty Discount:**
 - Increase in base price (P₀) that triggers the HPP from USD\$ 43.37 to USD\$ 87.48.
 - 40% discount over royalty rates established for conventionals
- **E&P Contract Duration:**
 - Exploration period: **9 years (3 phases of 3 years each).**
 - Production Period: **30 years.**

First Phase	Second Phase	Third Phase
36 months	36 months	36 months
Acquisition of 200km 2D seismic or reprocessed of existing seismic	-	-
2 stratigraphic or exploratory wells	4 exploratory wells	4 exploratory wells



Coal Bed Methane - CBM

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- The process will begin on June 30th, 2014.
- The process will be held on the second semester of 2014.
- Priority shall be given to holders of mining rights who associate and make bids for areas, experience in CBM is required (either directly or through a joint venture).
- The Terms of Reference drafts will be published for comments on June 30th, 2014.

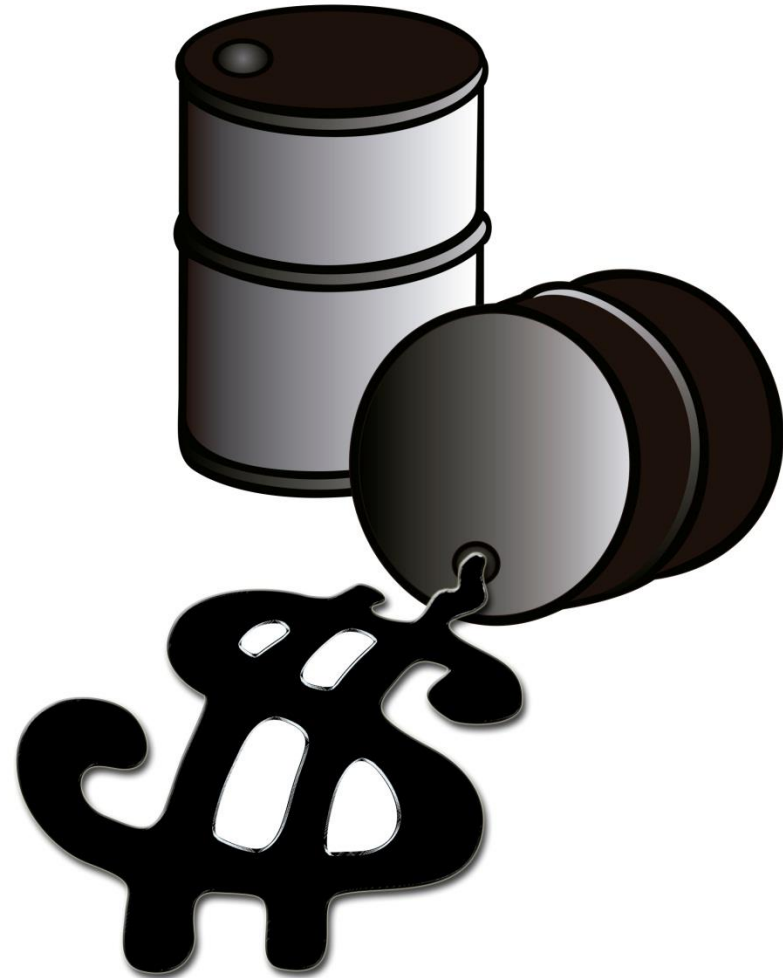
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Technical Aspects



ANH Exploration Strategy

- Increase and strengthen the geological knowledge of petroleum systems
- Create exploratory and business opportunities

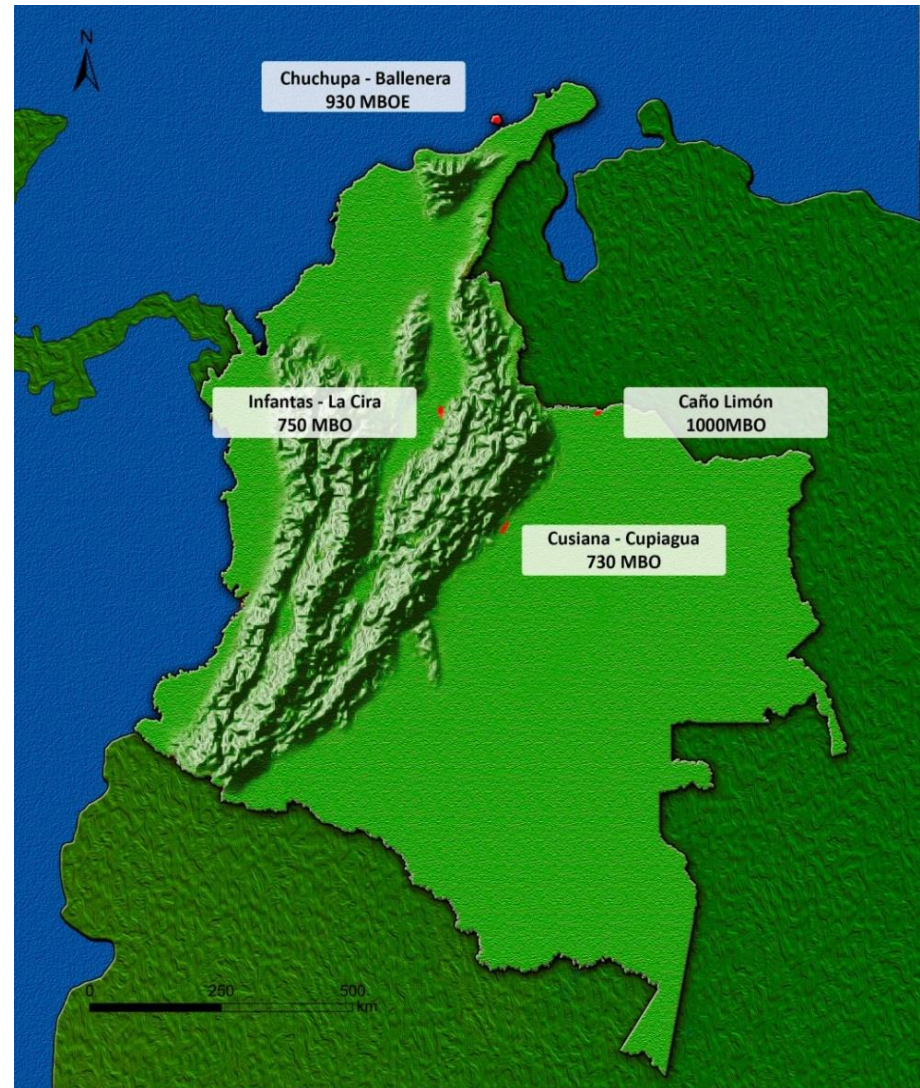




2013 Annual Reserves Objective: 480 MMBO

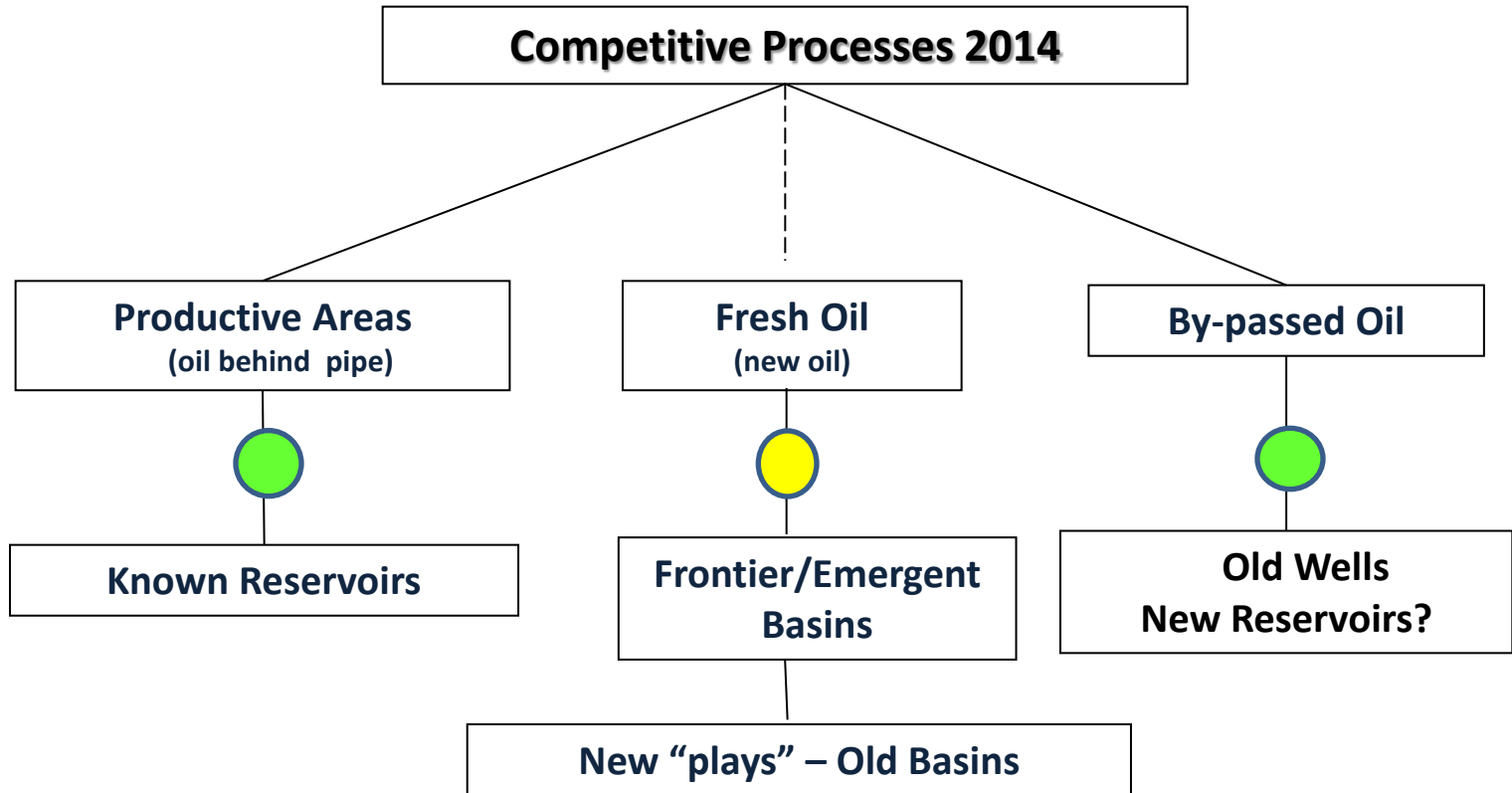
Reserves Added during 2013

- 464 MMBO Re-Evaluation
- 152 MMBO New Discoveries





Adding Reserves through....



CBM

**Unconv.
Resources**

**Offshore
Onshore**

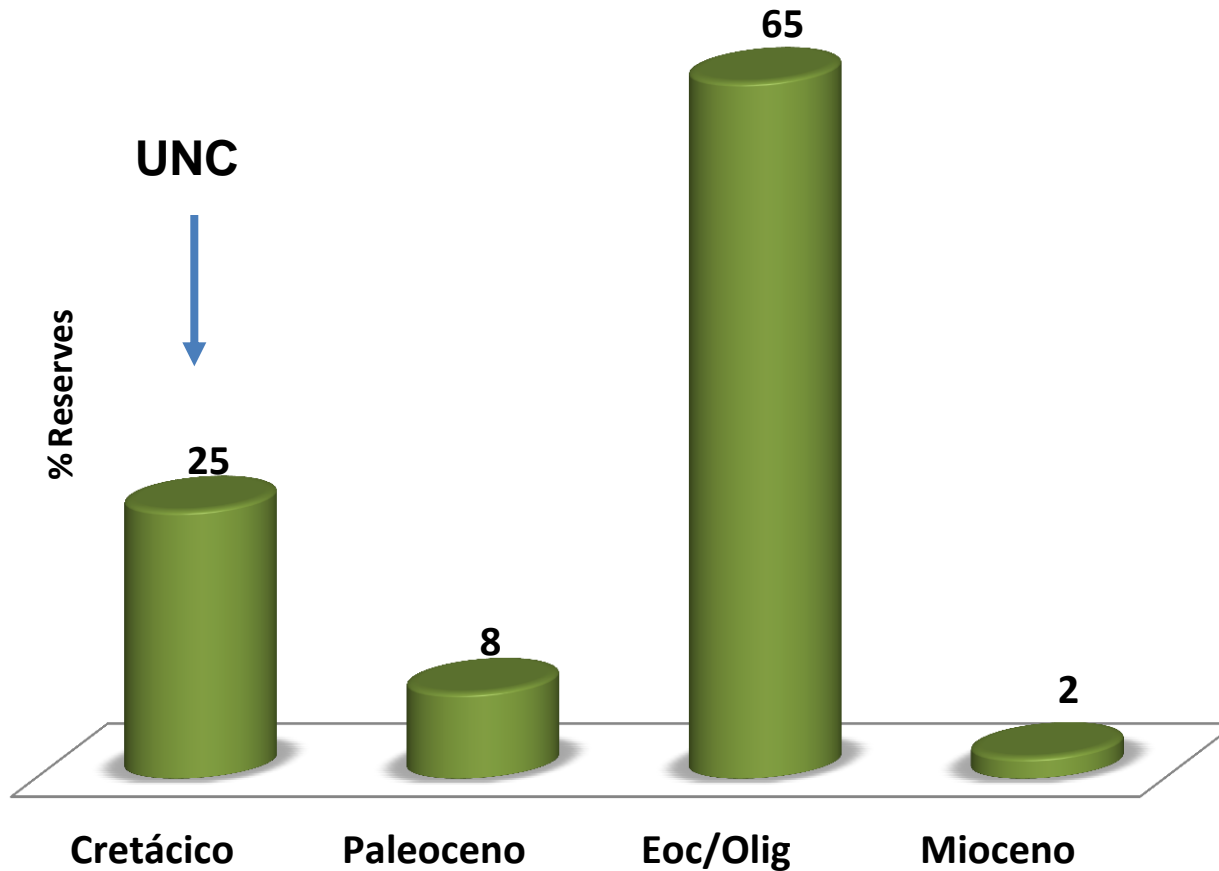
**Caribbean &
Pacific Margins**

YD



Distribution of Reserves vs. Reservoir Age

> 60% of reserves in reservoirs of Eocene-Oligocene age





Exploration, 10 years later.....

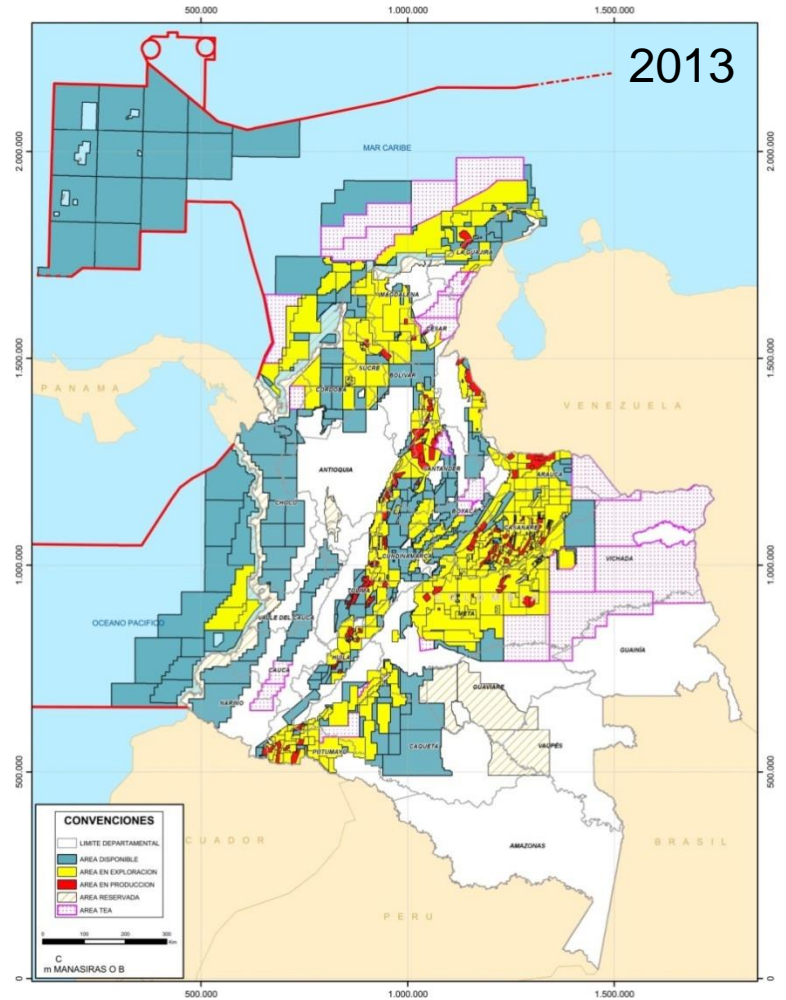
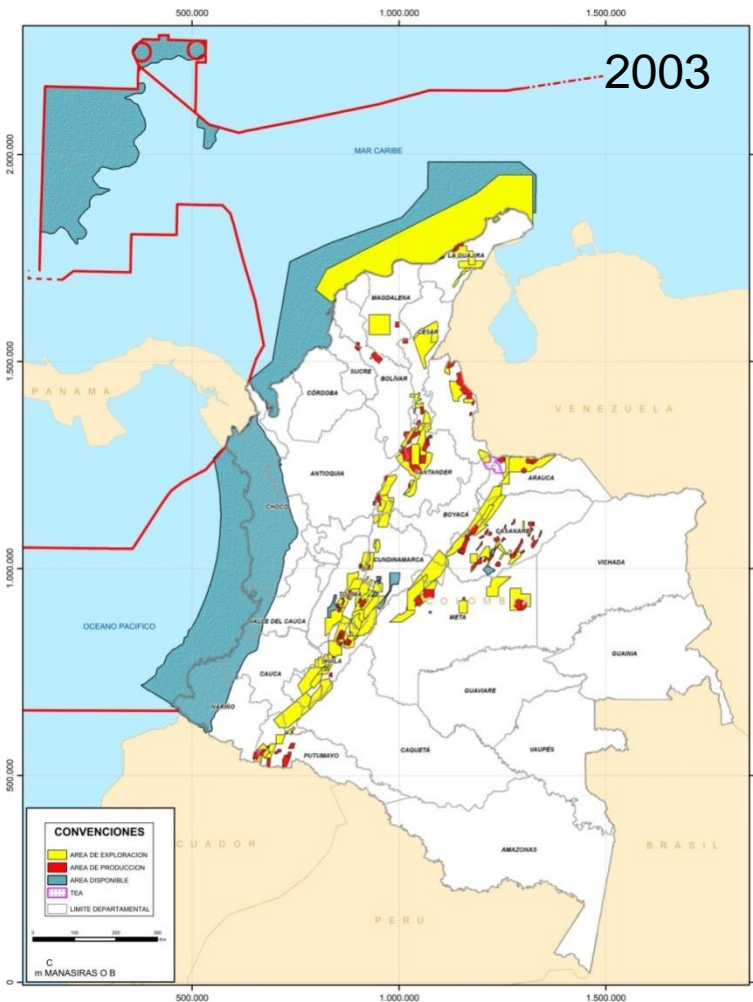
- ✓ Considerable Increase in Contracts signed
- ✓ Majority of exploration conducted in “mature” basins (VM, LLA, PUT)
- ✓ Do we continue to explore same “*Plays*” ?
- ✓ Considerable amount of data obtained by the ANH in **frontier** basins

Need for finding large fields

- ✓ Guando: **150 MMBO** (2000)
- ✓ Rubiales: **500 MMBO** (2006)
- ✓ Castilla: **450 MMBO** (2003)



Land Map





The Challenge for the next 10 years ...



- ✓ Increase Oil Reserves
- ✓ Discovering a Giant field
- ✓ Frontier basins have the potential for it
- ✓ ANH has concentrated its activity in these exploratory “Niches”
- ✓ Exploration for CBM & YNC has commenced.....

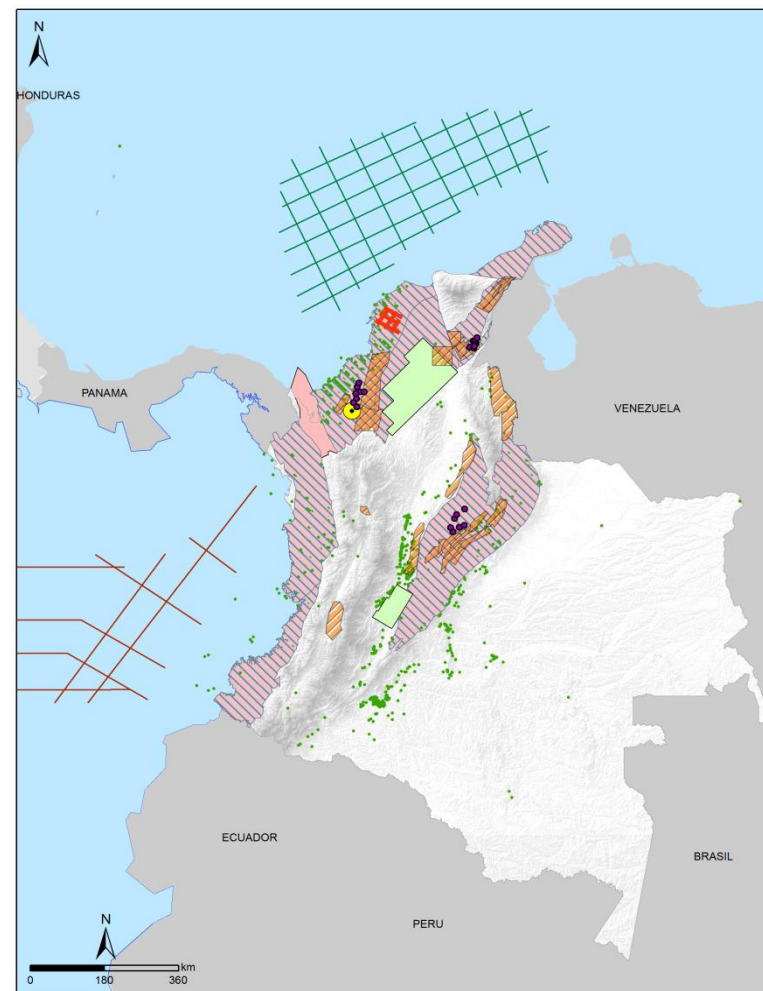


What the ANH has accomplished

2012-2013 Projects

Legend

- Slim_Hole 2013
- Oil Seeps study
- ! Well ANH-TIERRALTA-1-X-P
- Sismica 2D Cuenca Colombia 2013
- Sismica 2D Pacifico Profundo
- Montes de Maria Final
- Areas para CBM
- Aerogeofisica 2013
- Reprocesamiento Sismica
- Sensores Remotos VIM-COR-SINUSJ















Future Projects

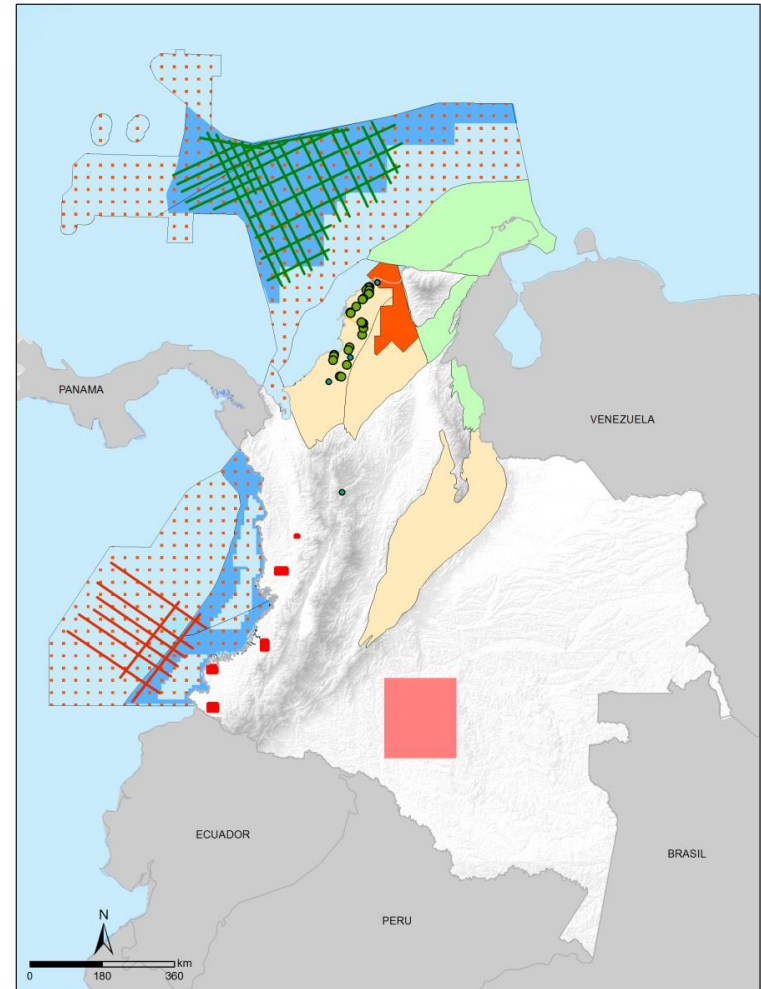
2014 Projects

Legend

-  Sismica 2D Cuenca Pacífico profundo 2014
-  Sismica 2D Cuenca Colombia 2014
-  Magnetotelurica 2014
-  Atlas sistemas petroliferos Guajira Cesar-Ranchería
-  Cartografía Caguan Putumayo
-  Aerogeofísica 2014
-  OFT-2014
-  Sensores Remotos OffShore
-  Sensores Remotos VIM-COR-SINUSJ
-  Batimetria 2014

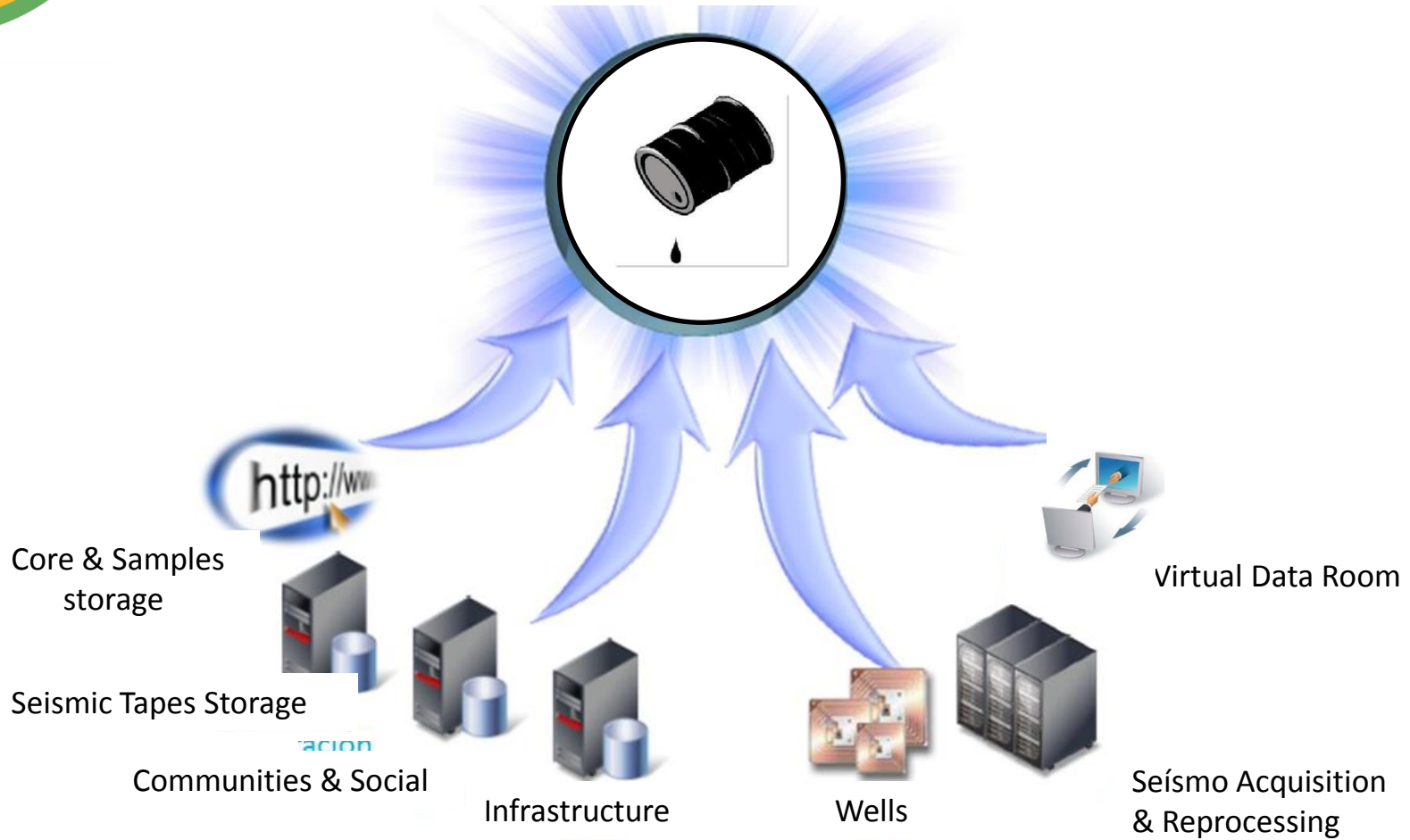
Drilling Campaign

- Slim Holes
- Deep stratigraphic tests





Integrating Information



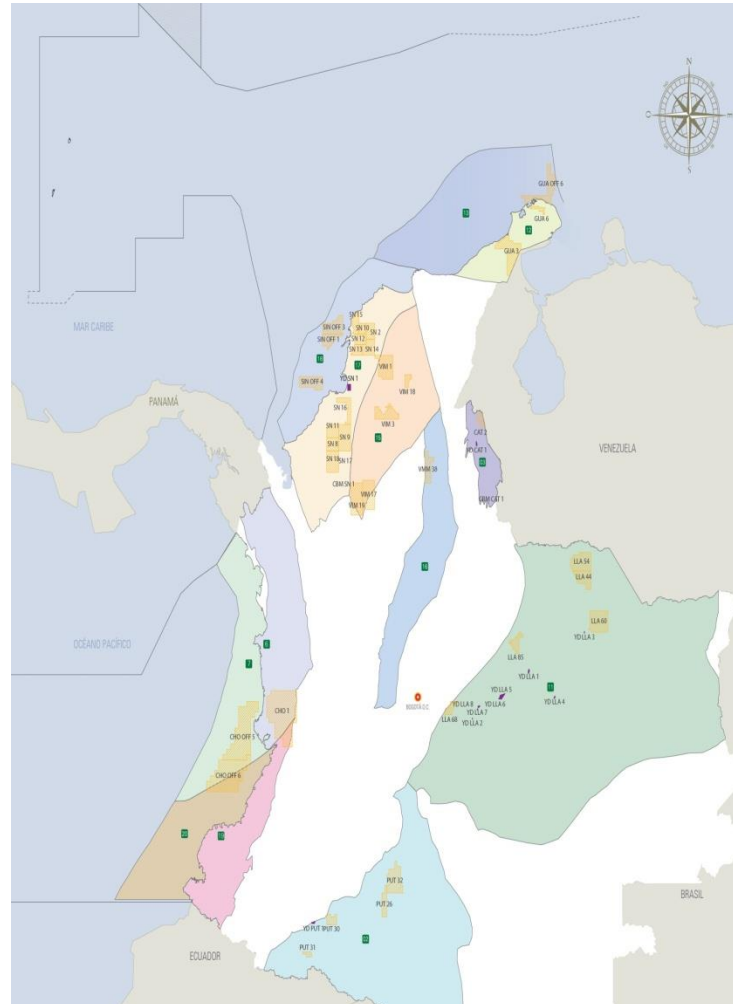


Value Chain Integration





2014 Colombia Round Conventional E&P Onshore & Offshore

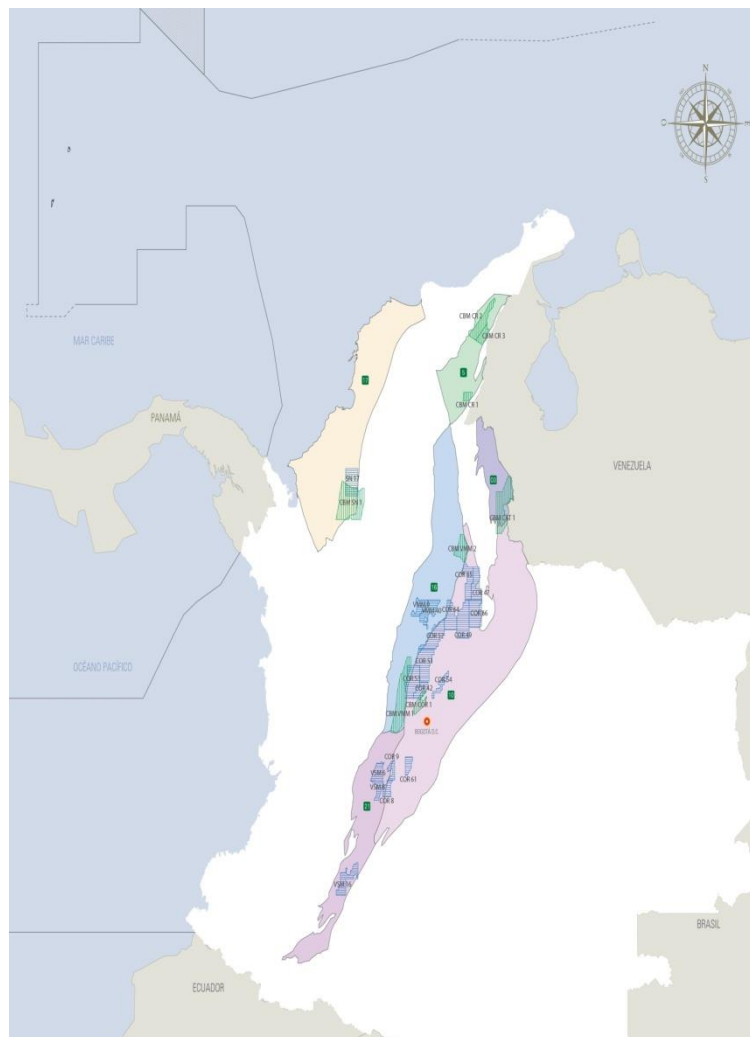


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2014 Colombia Round Unconventional (Shale Resources & CBM)

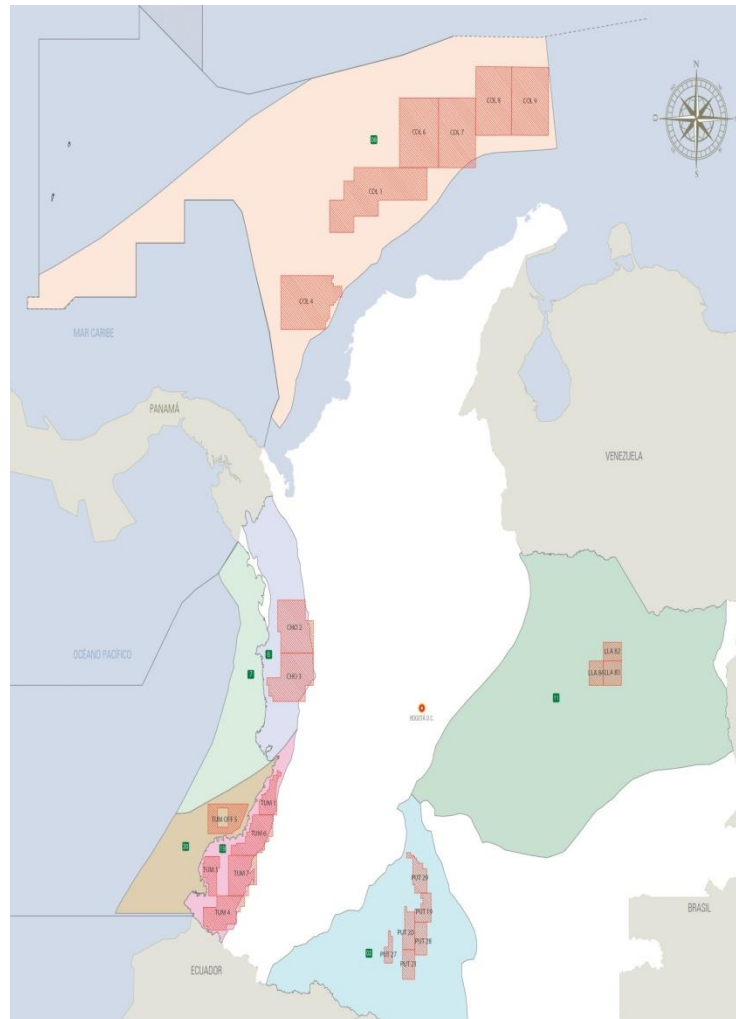


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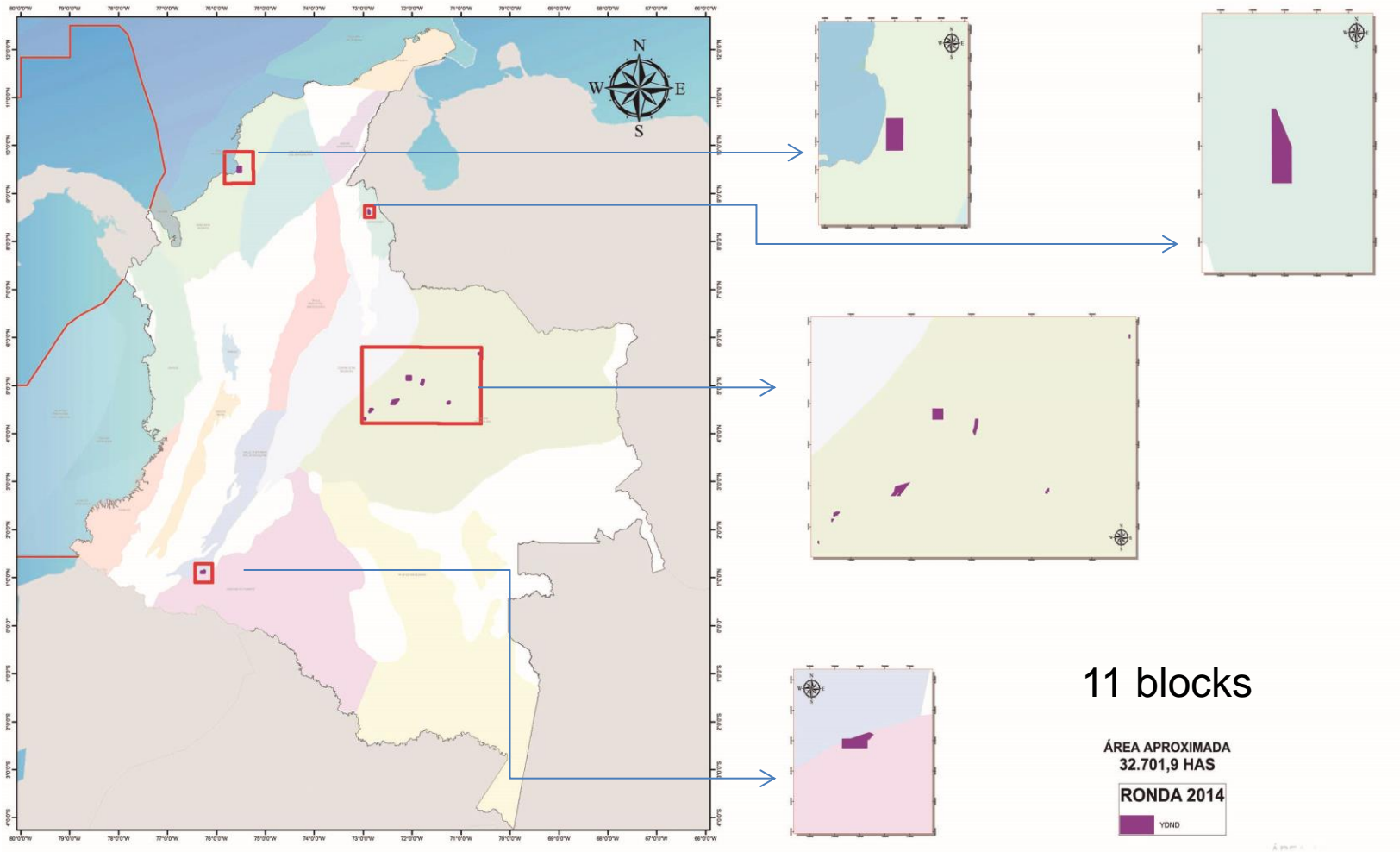
2014 Colombia Round TEA's Onshore & Offshore



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Discovered Accumulations (YD)





Conventional

Caribbean Margin– Sinu-San Jacinto Basin

(Onshore & Offshore)

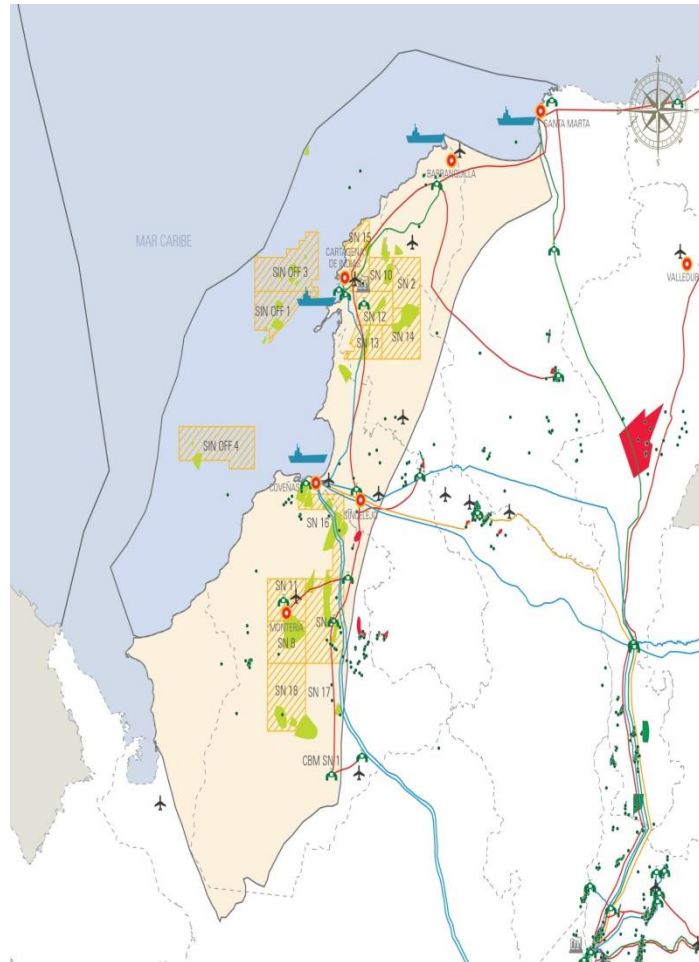
• 18 Blocks, Type I

CONVENCIONES GENERALES

- | | |
|----------------|--------------------|
| Pozo | Ciudad Principal |
| Campo Petróleo | Refinería |
| Campo Gas | Puerto |
| Campo Mixto | Estación de Bombeo |
| Departamentos | Aeropuerto |

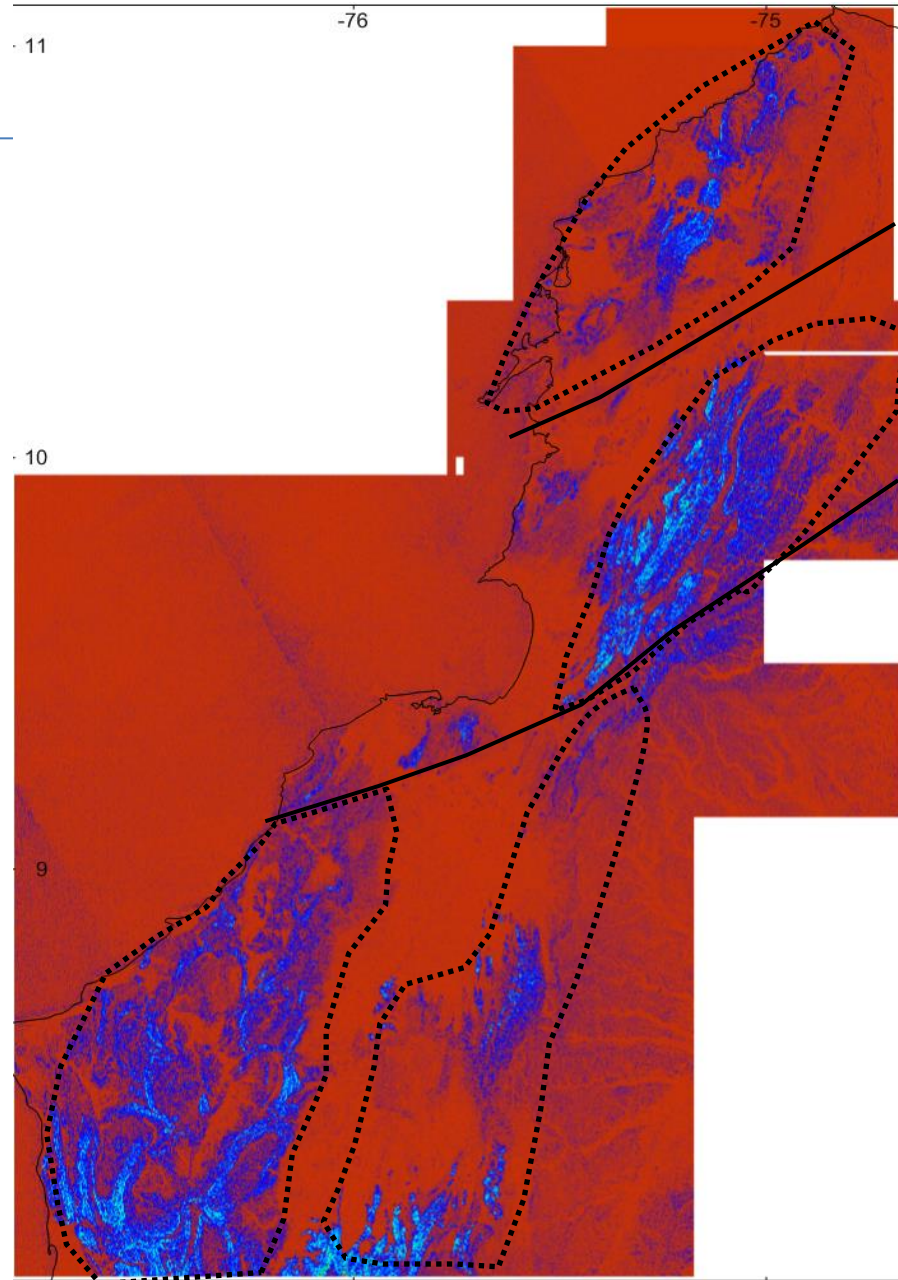
INFRAESTRUCTURA PETROLERA

- | | |
|------------------|--------------|
| Combusteoleducto | Propanoducto |
| Oleoducto | Gasoducto |
| Poliducto | SD |

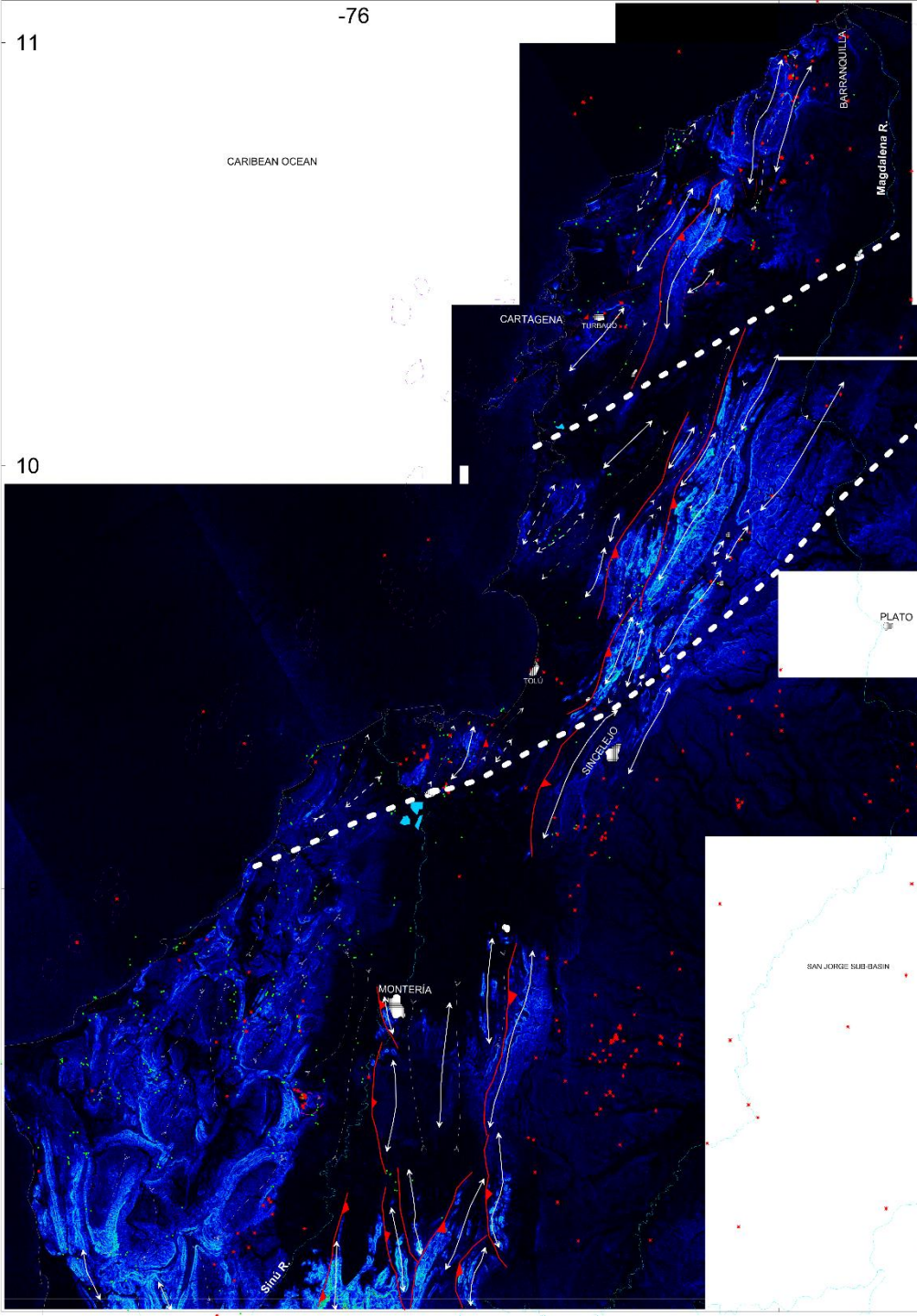


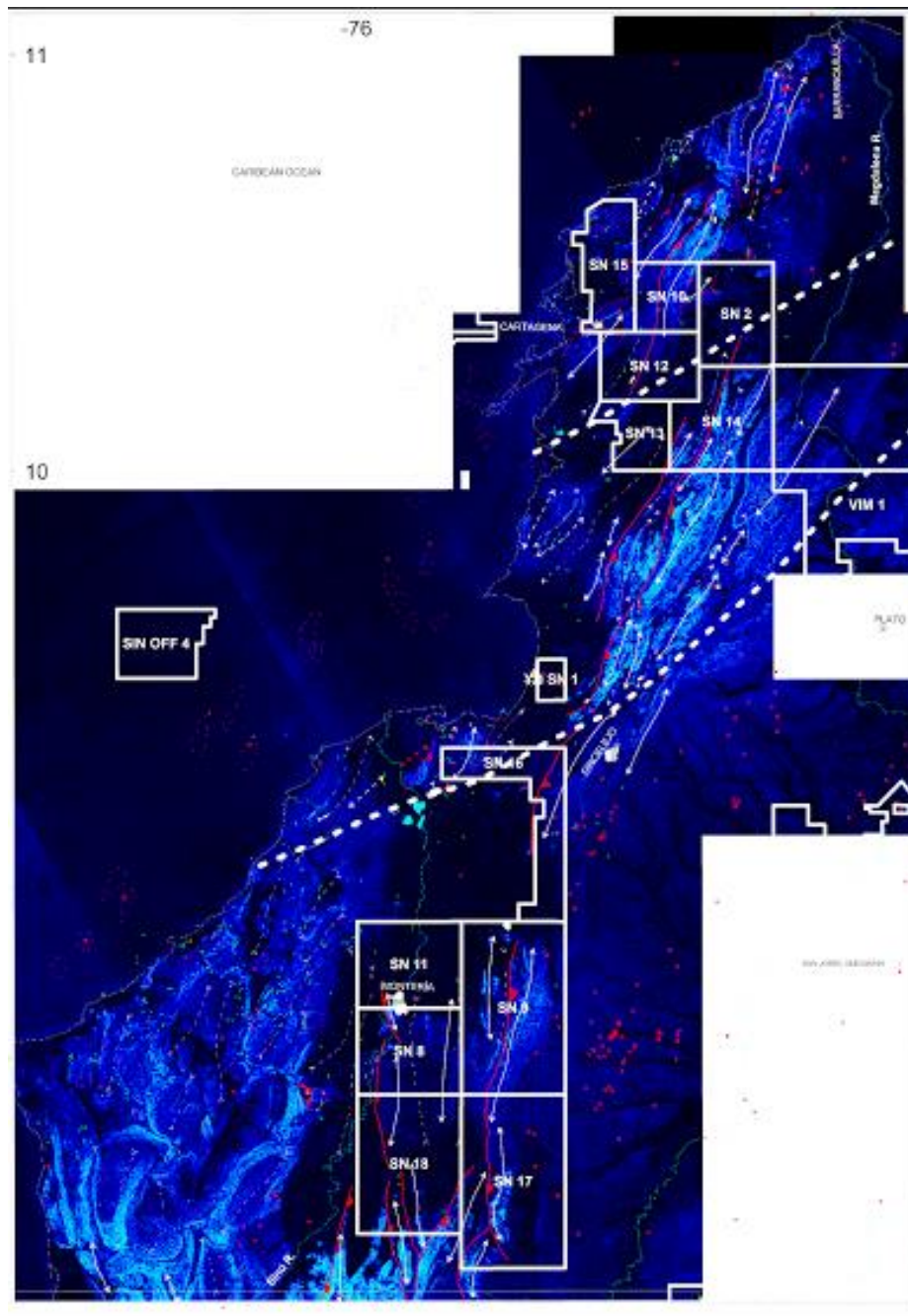


Morphotectonic Provinces



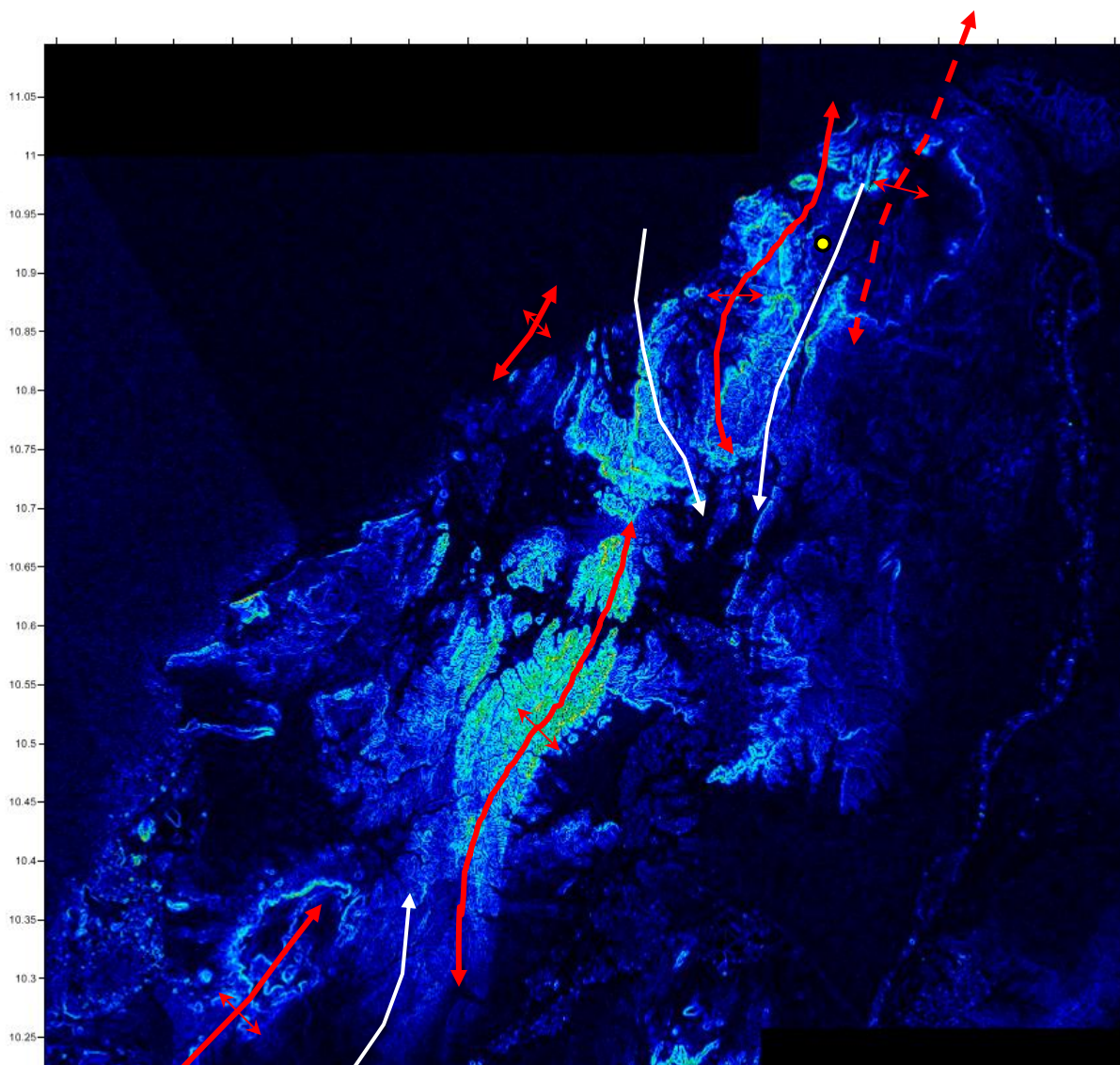
Based on Erosion Gradient
Osorio 2013



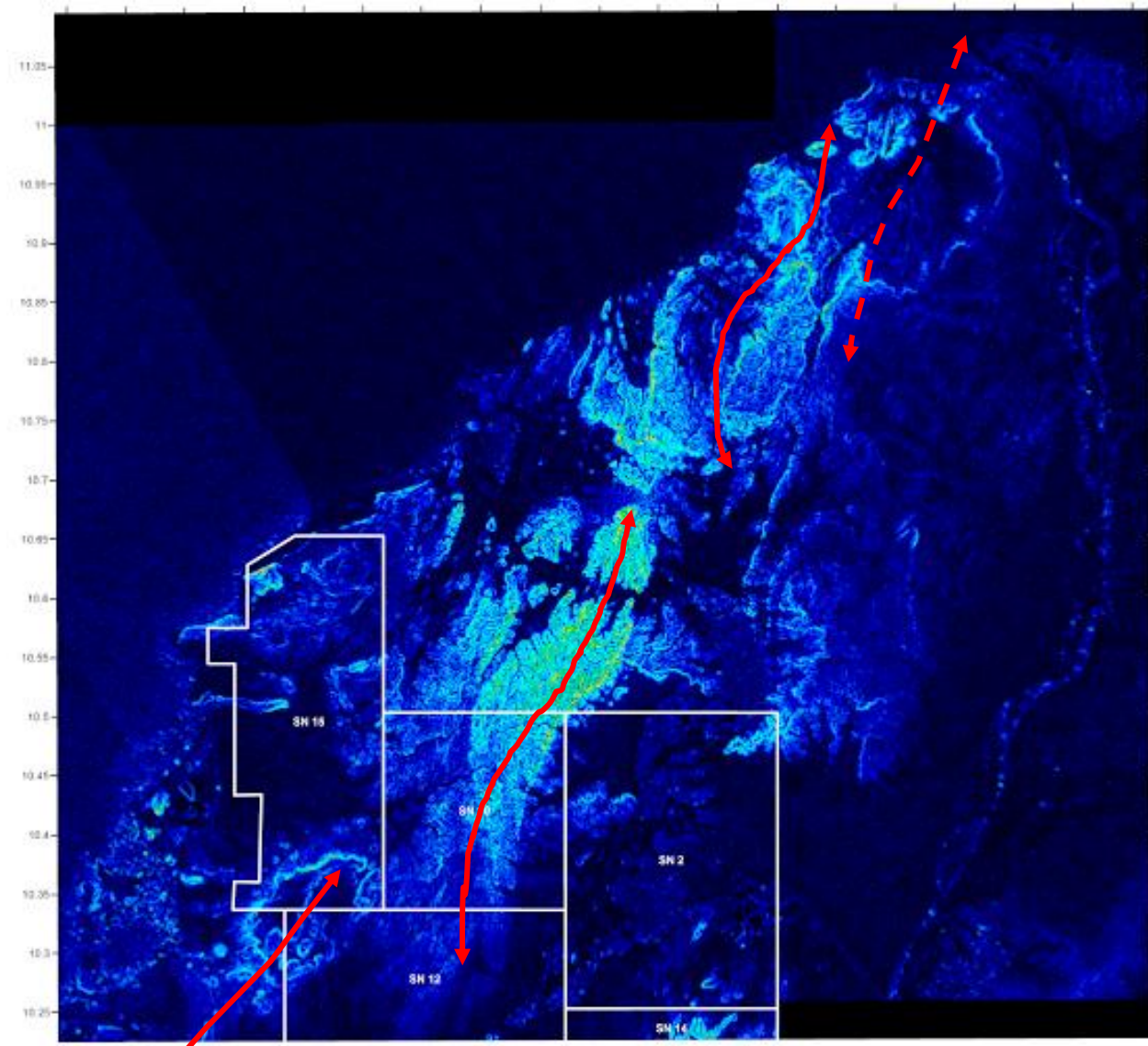


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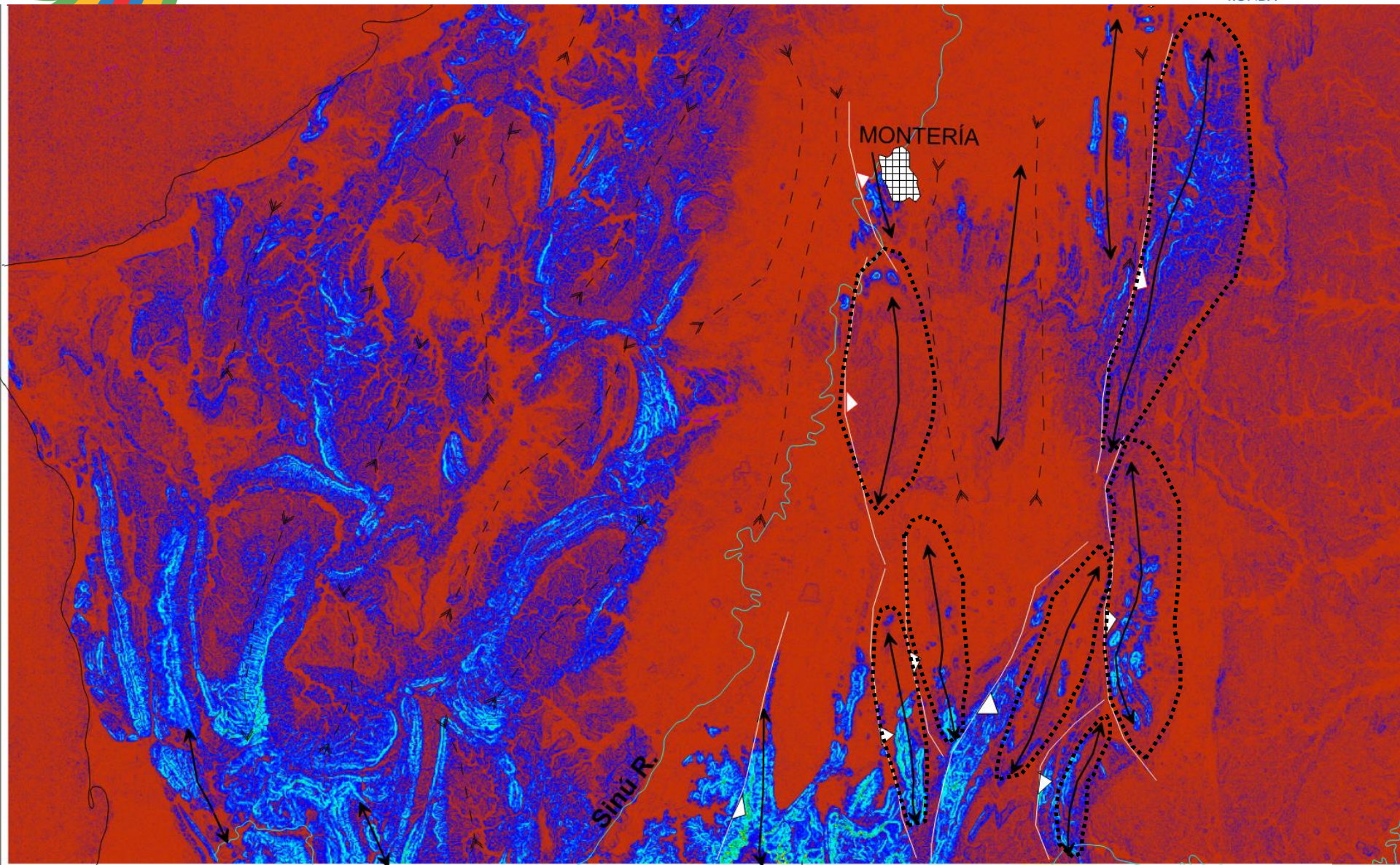
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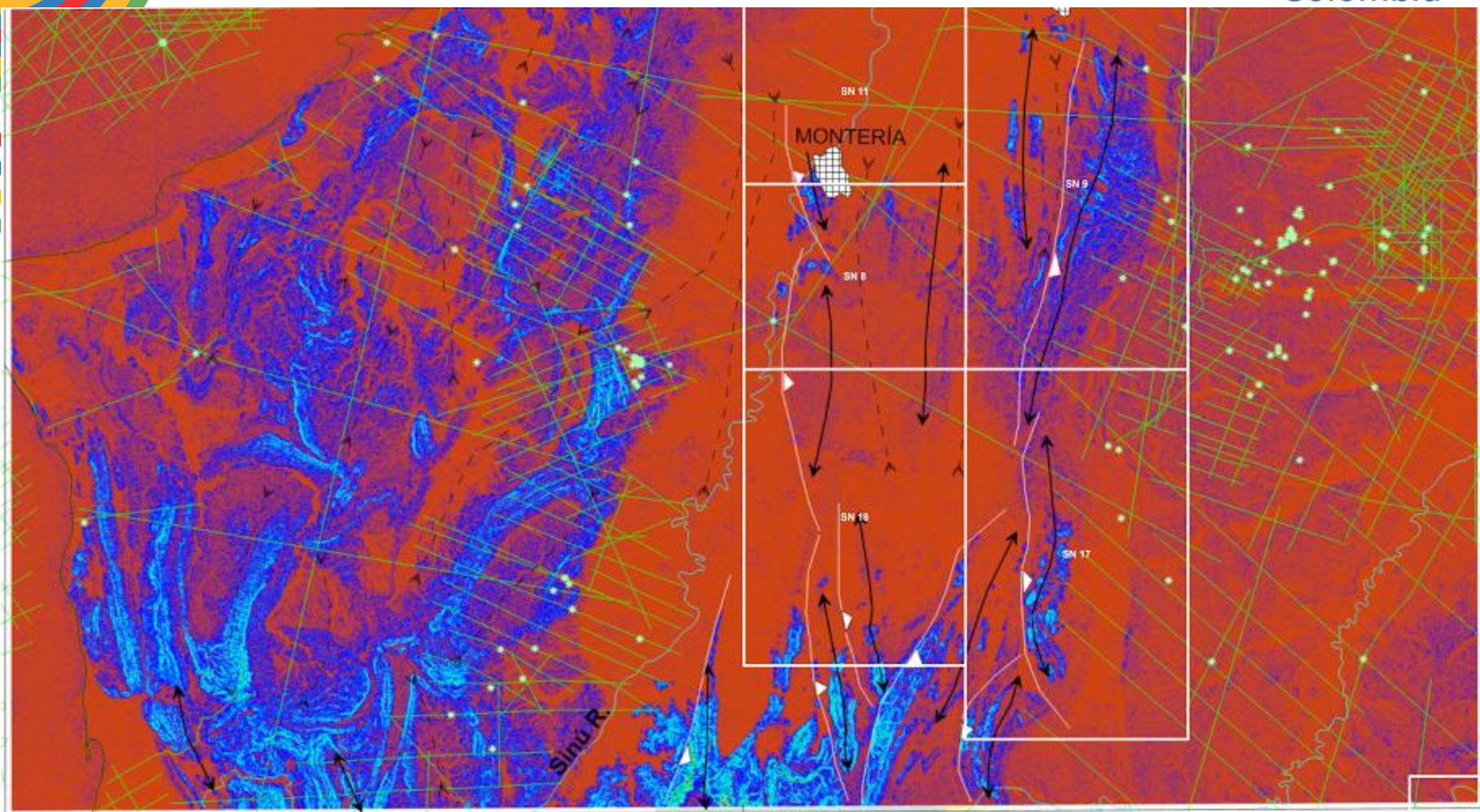
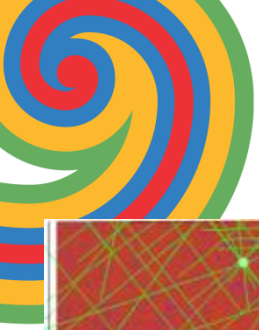


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South Province

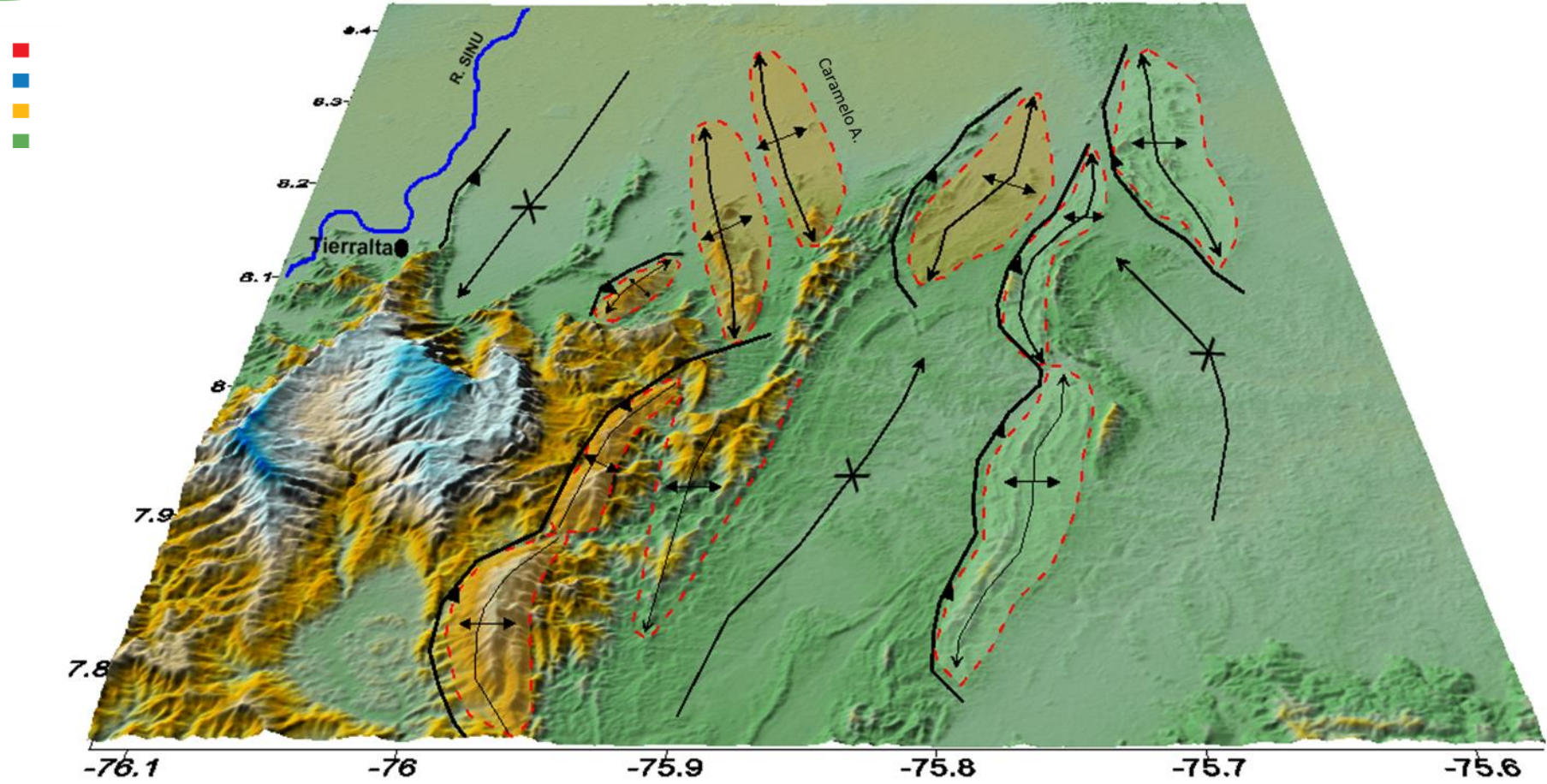


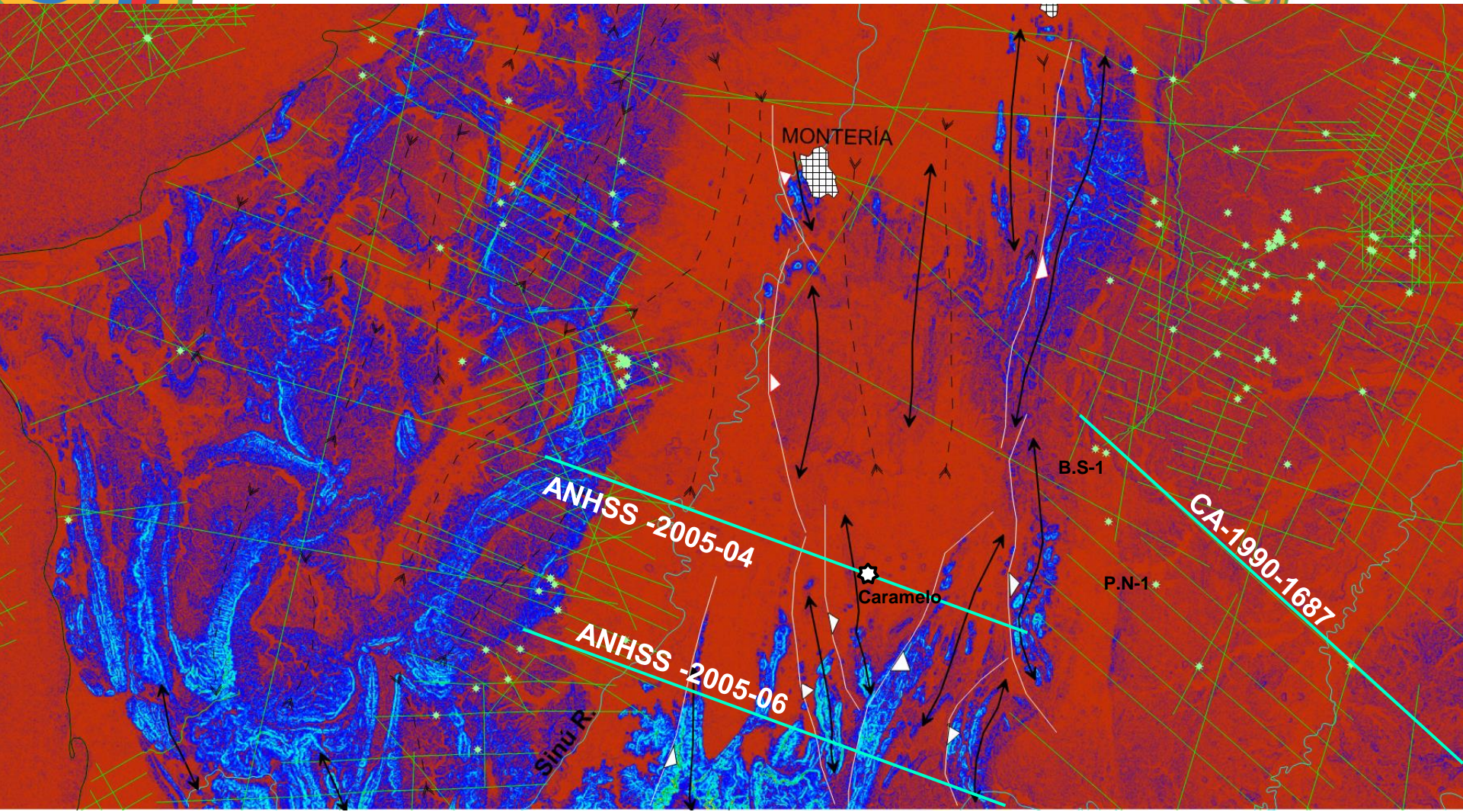


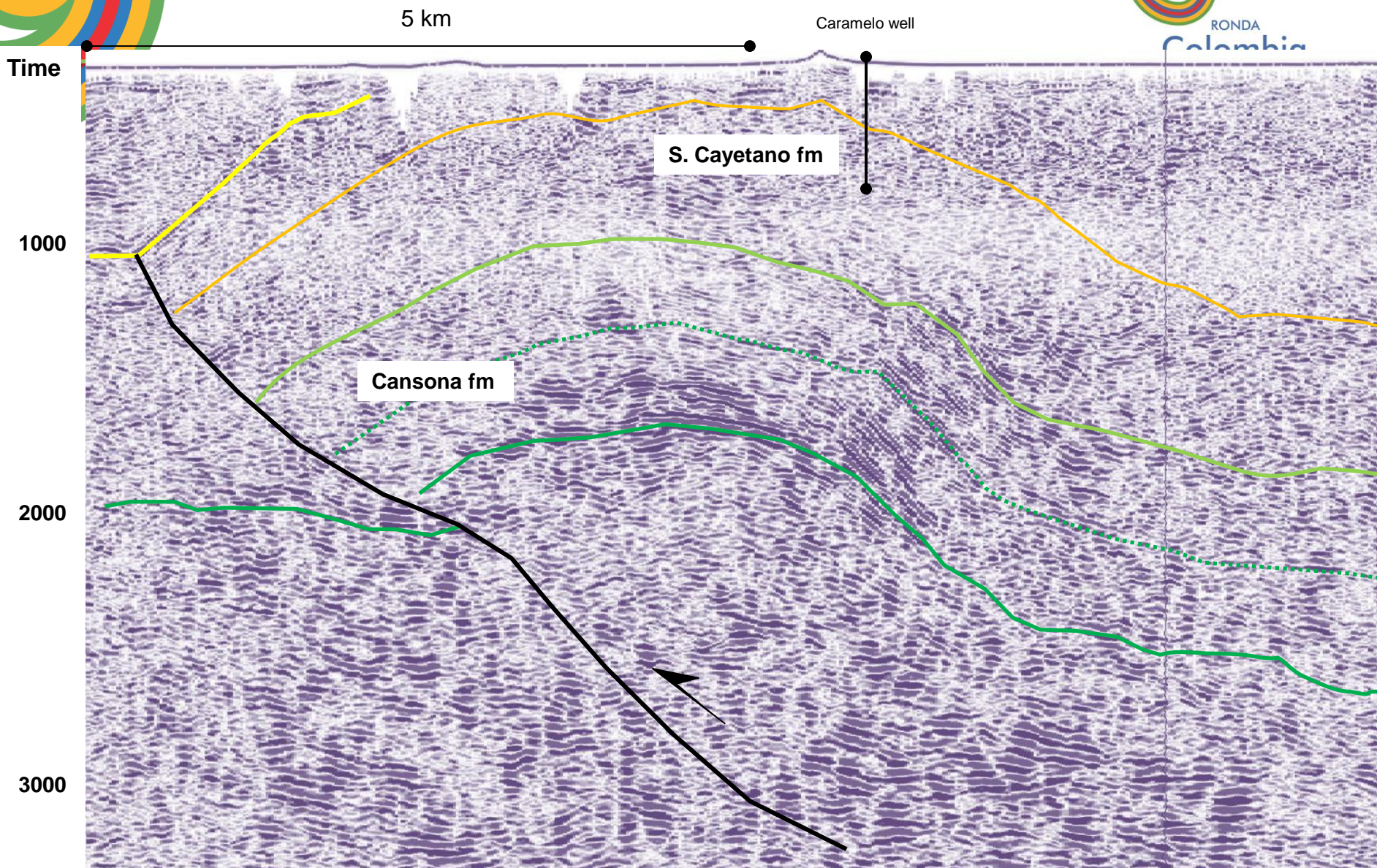
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Structural Style – South Province



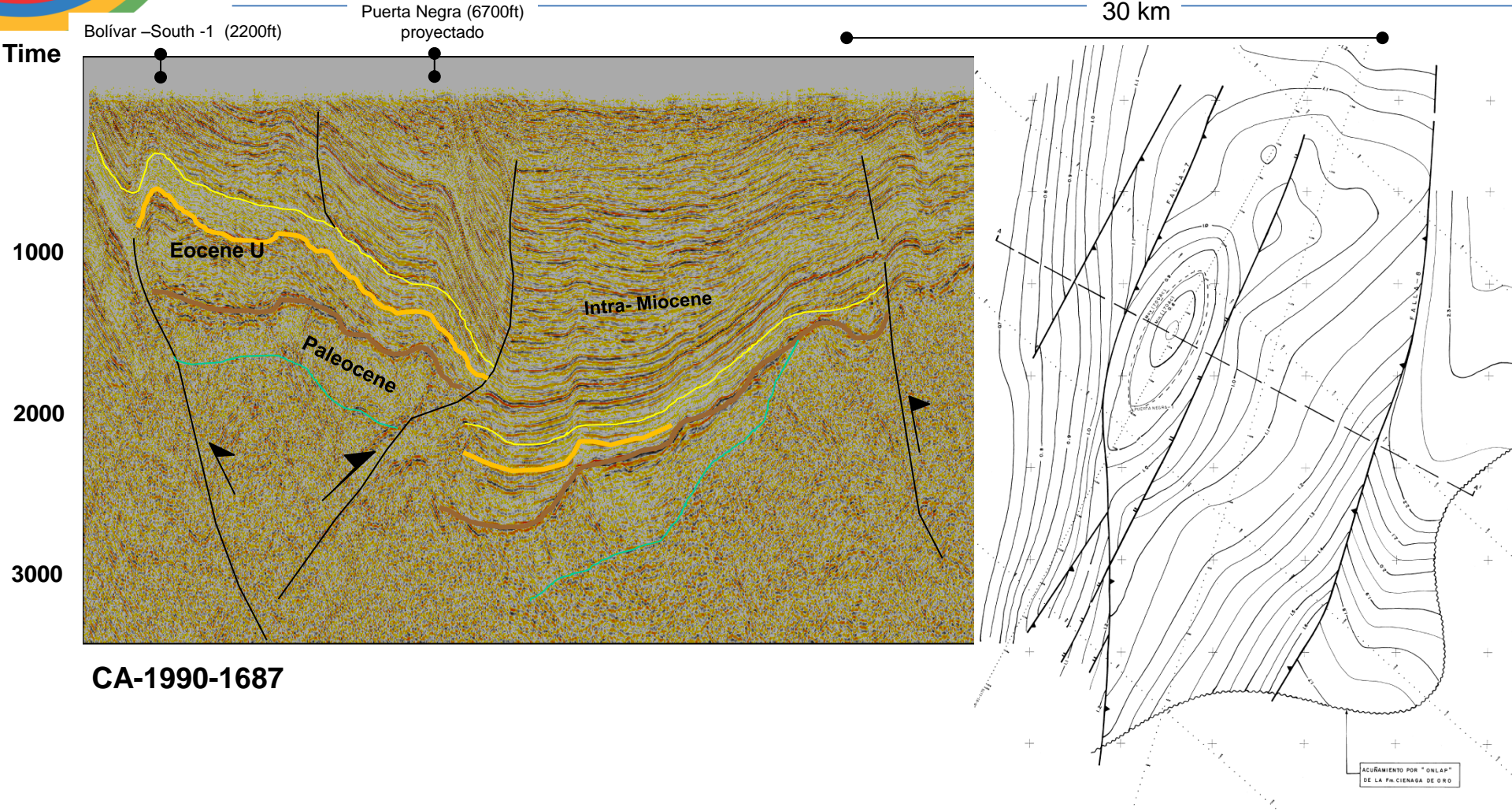


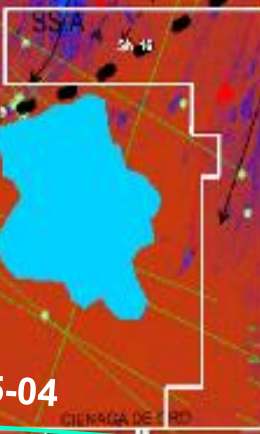
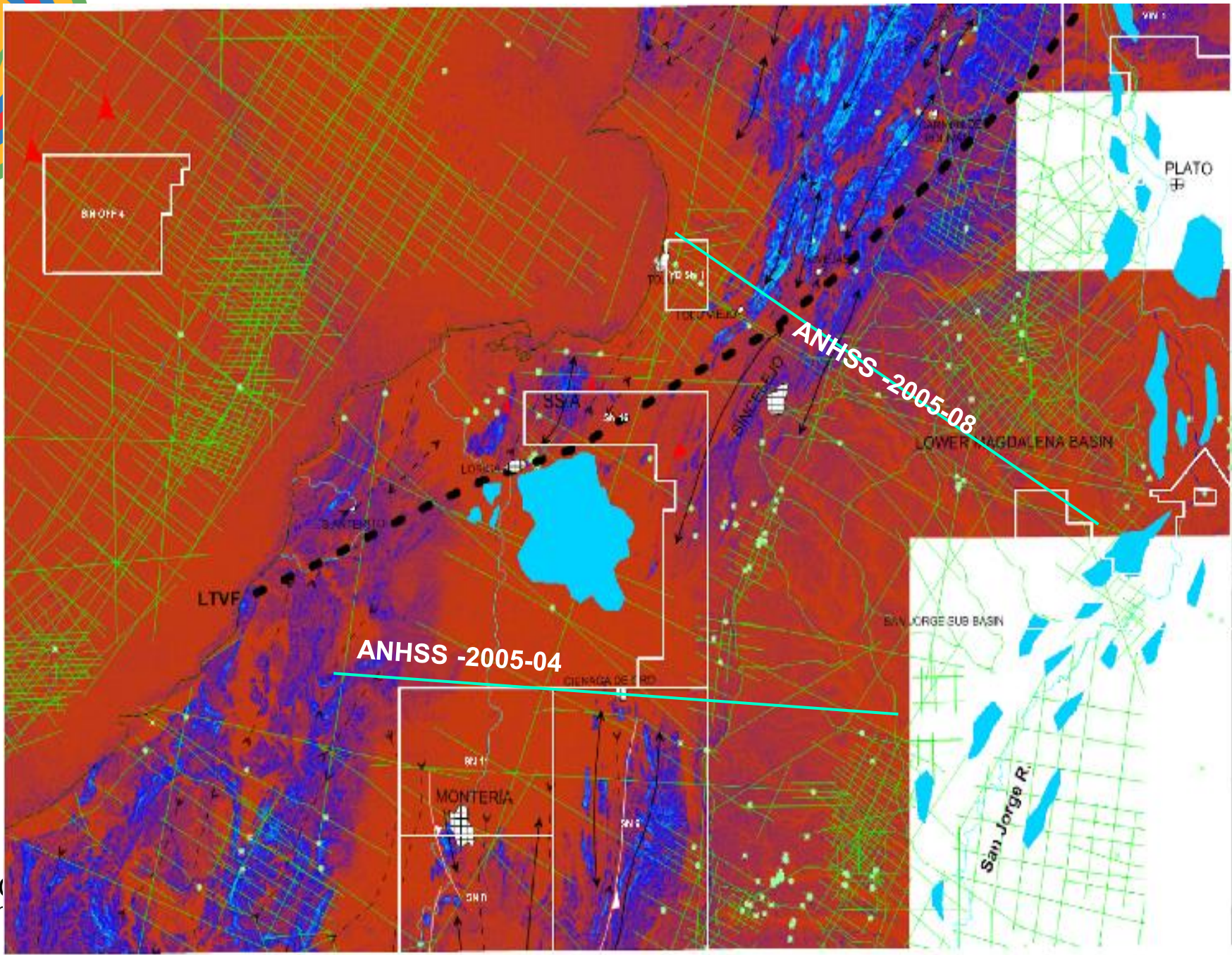
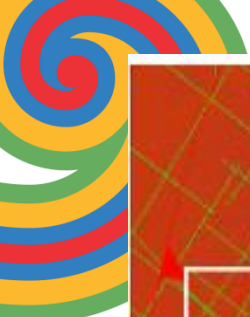


ANH- SSSJ-2005-04.

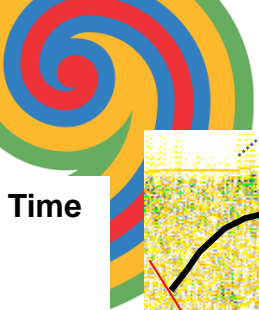


Inversion Structure





CU
TR



South Province

10 km

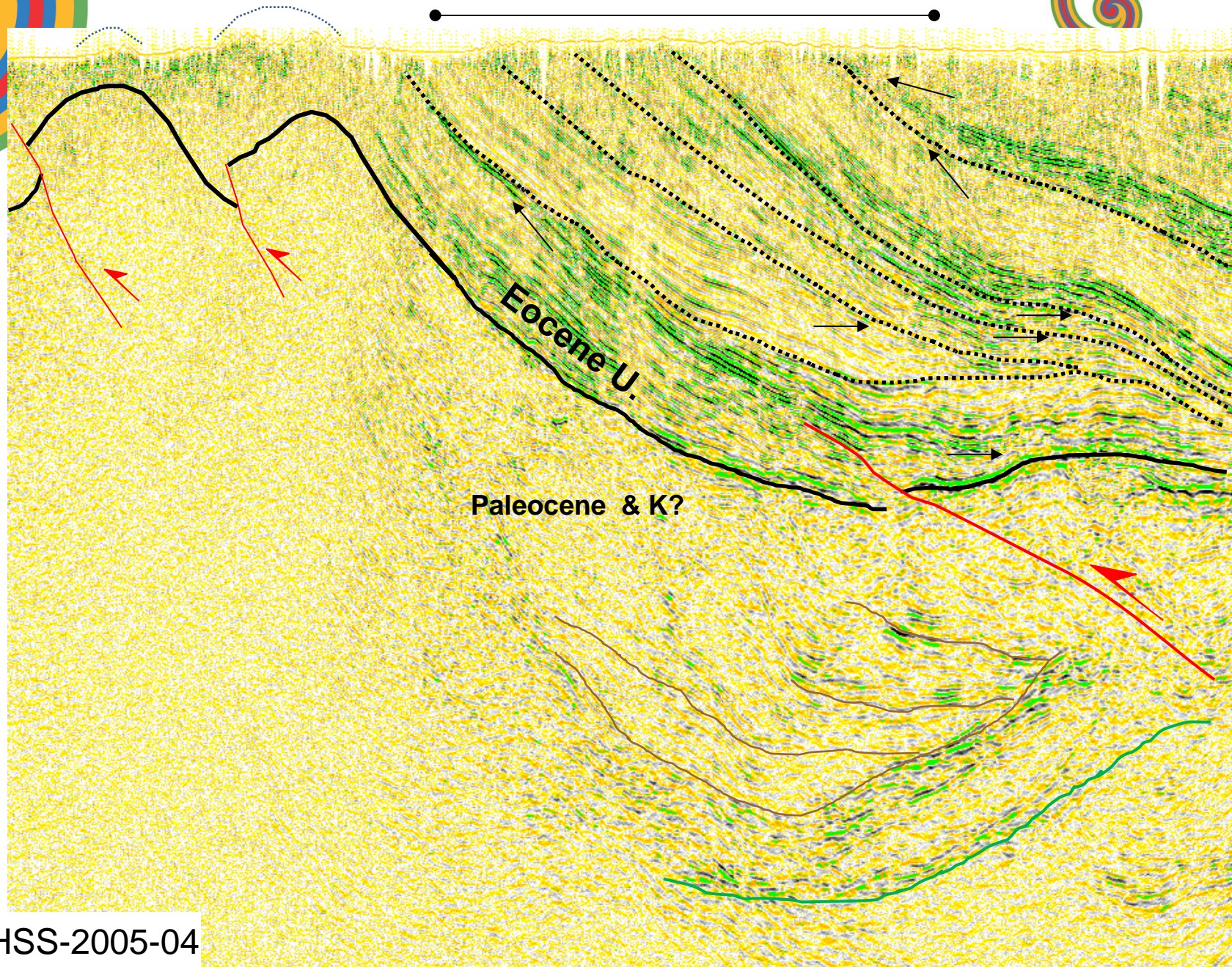


Time

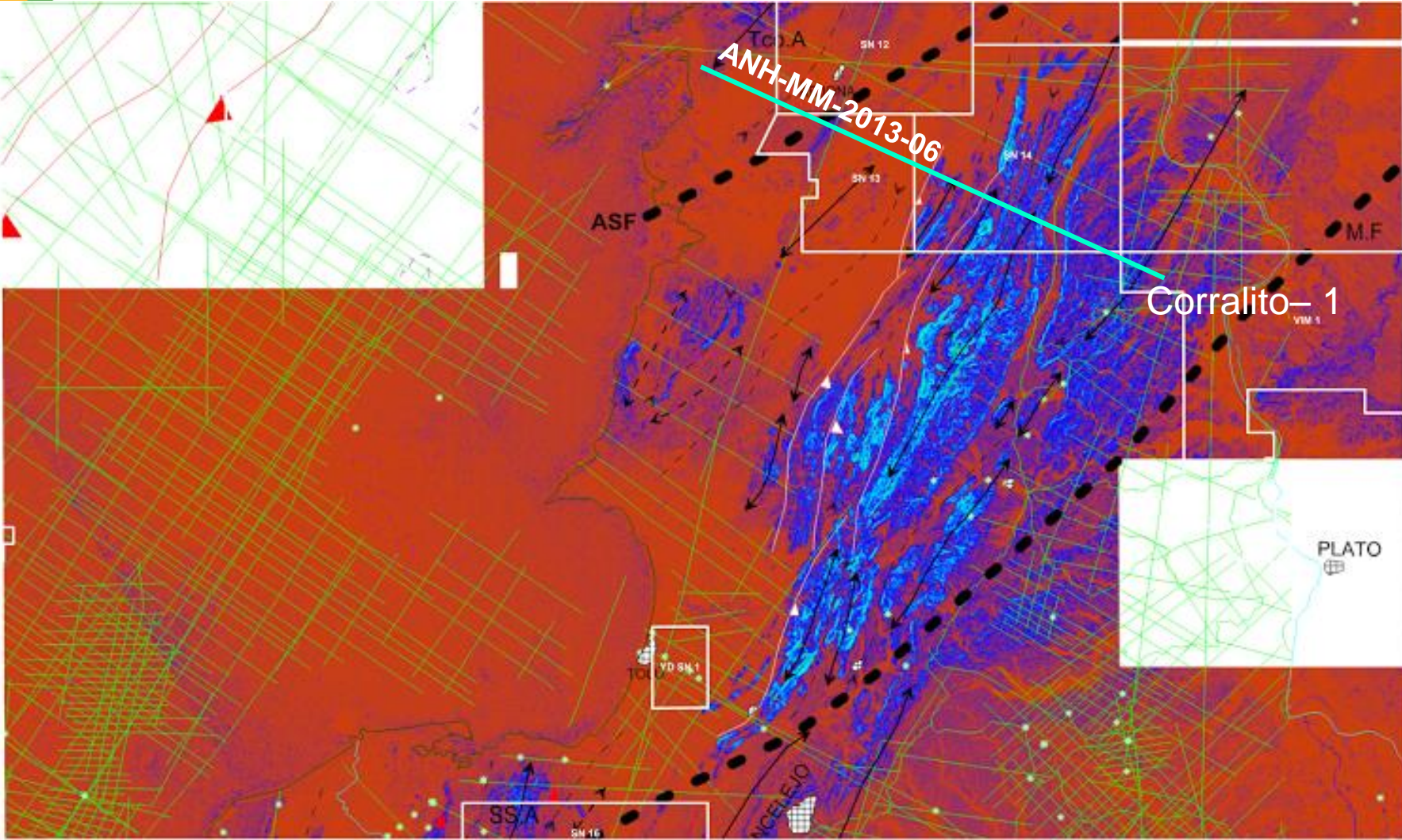
1000

2000

3000



ANHSS-2005-04



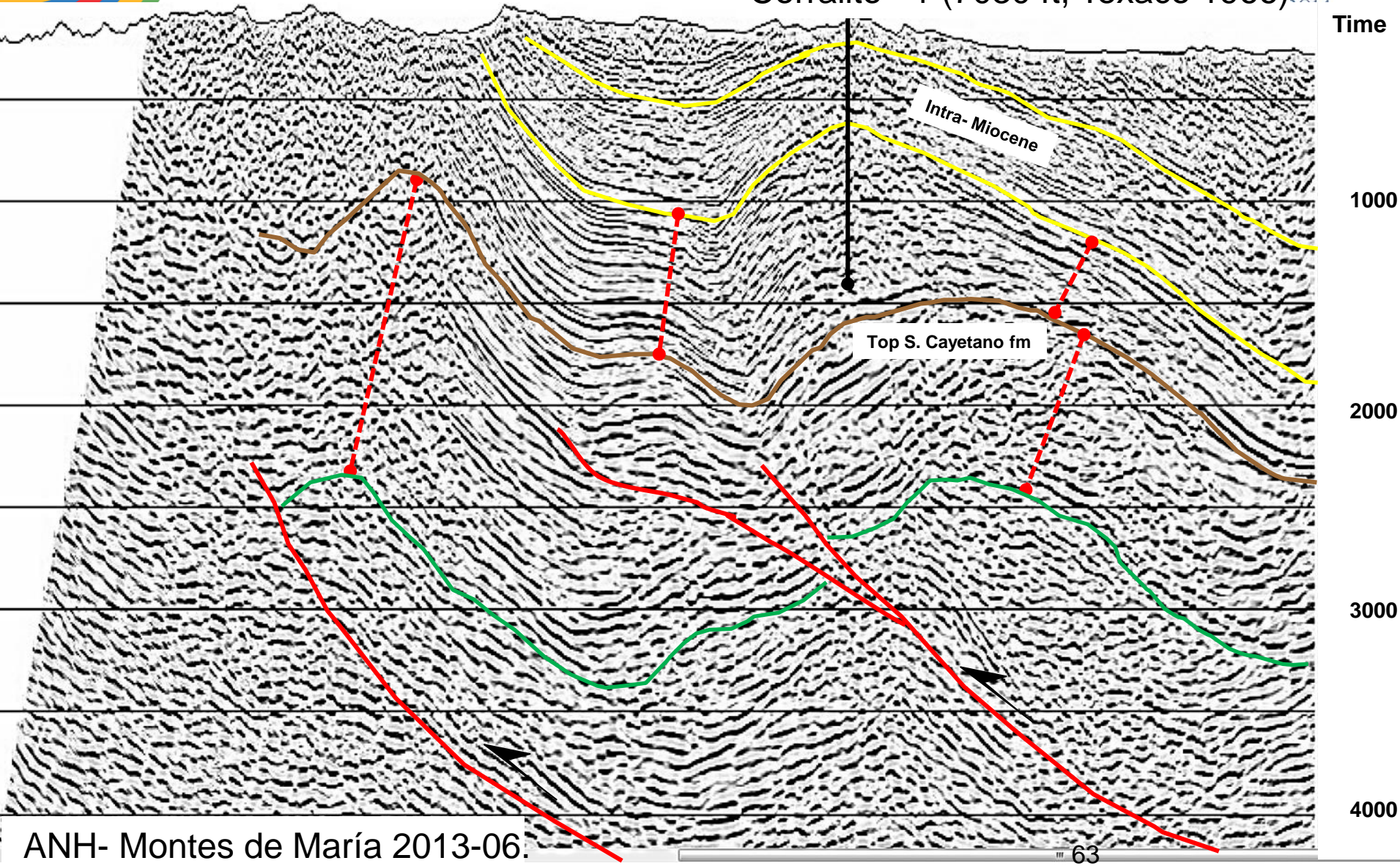


Central Province

10 km



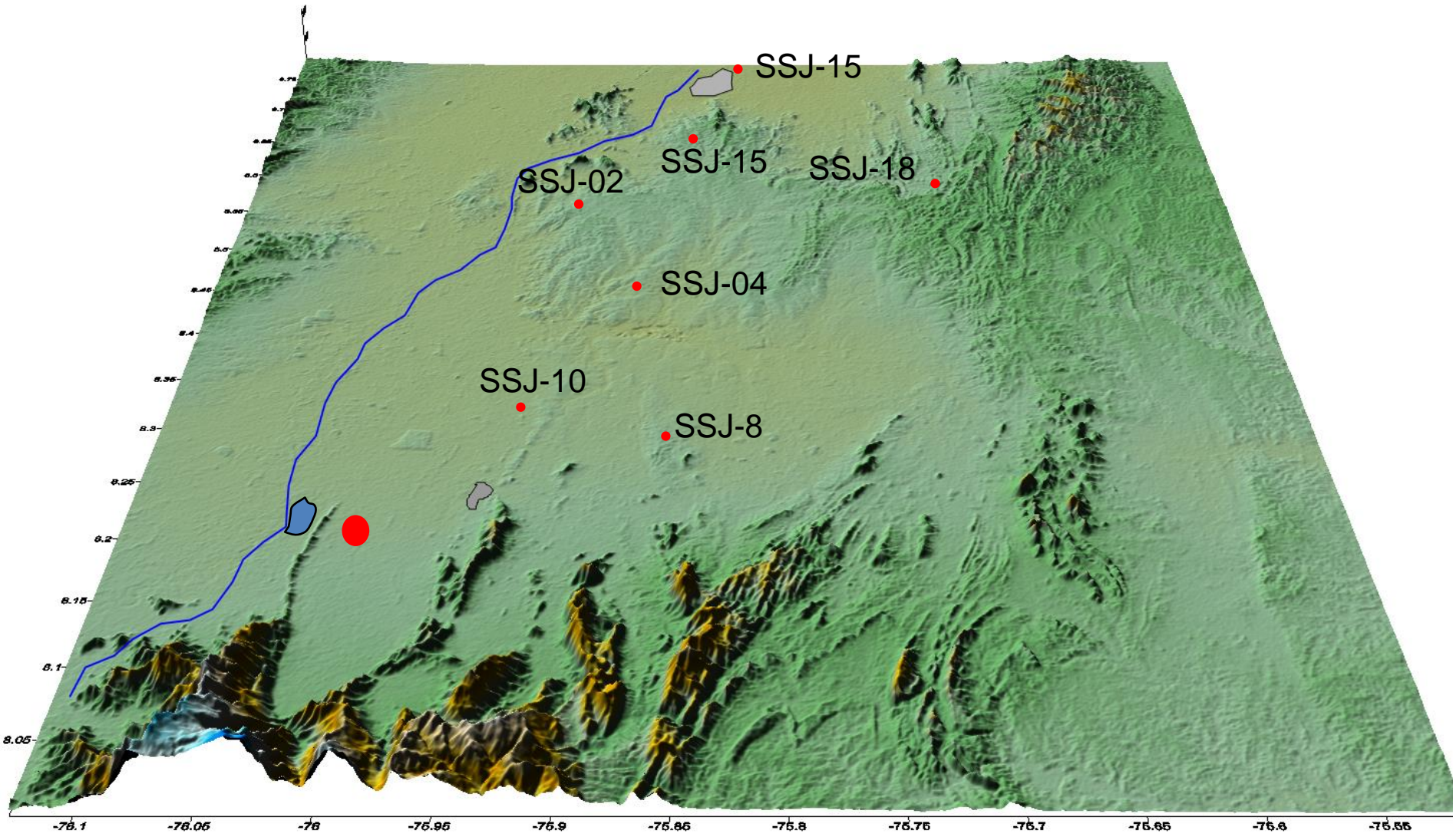
Corralito- 1 (7030 ft, Texaco 1966)



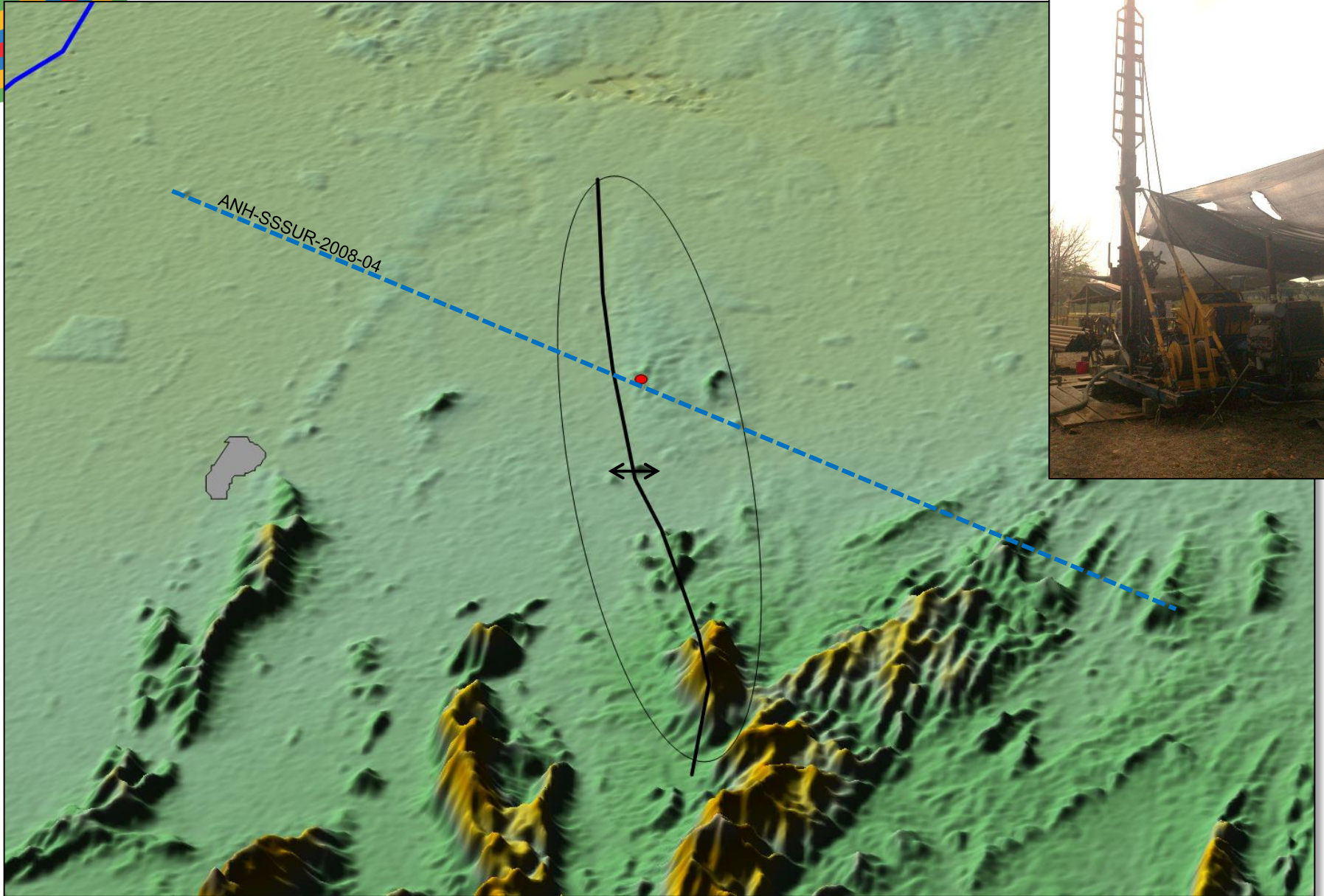
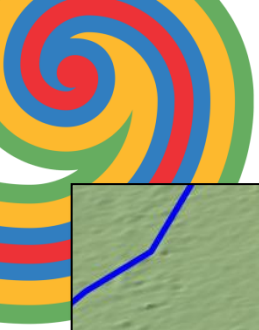
ANH- Montes de María 2013-06.



Slim Holes

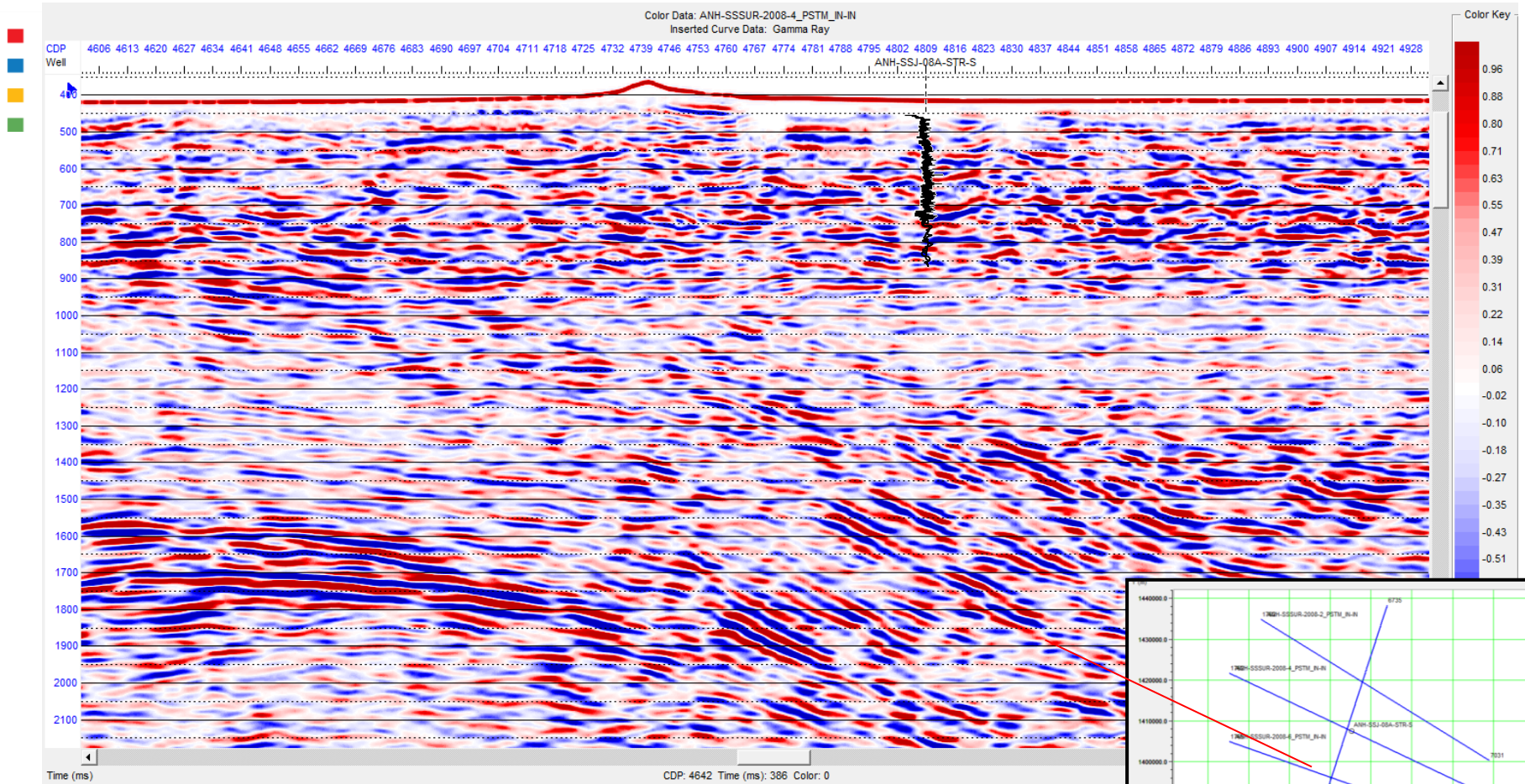


ANH-SSJ-08- EL CAMELO-1

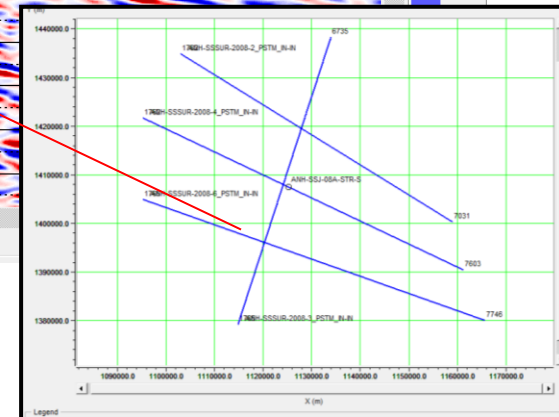




ANH Slim Hole SSSJ-08A



COLOMBIA:
The perfect environment





Conventional Resources

Caribbean Margin– SSJ (Onshore & Offshore)

Pozo ANH-SSJ-08 - EL CAMELO

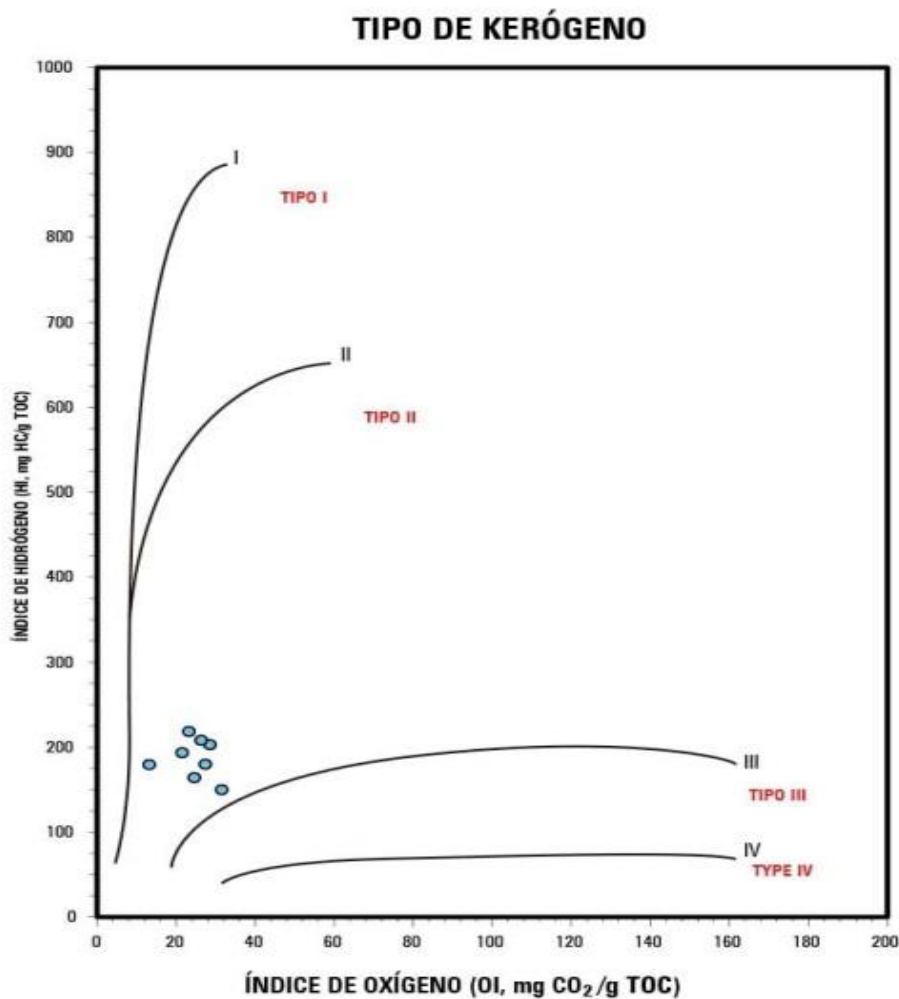


- Quartzose sand
- San Cayetano Fm
- 35° API (400' saturated)
- Marine Shale (Cansona Fm.)
- K: 100-200 md (average)
- ϕ : 20%
- Depth: 800 ´



Conventional Resources

Caribbean Margin– SSJ (Onshore & Offshore)



Intervalo Generador Paleoceno



Fm. Cansona _ Slim Hole



Conventional Resources

Caribbean Margin– SSJ (Onshore & Offshore)

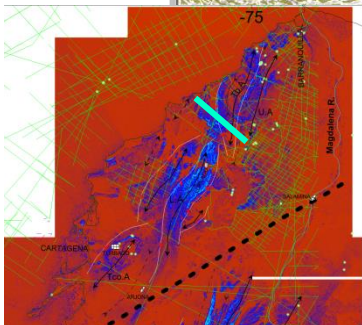
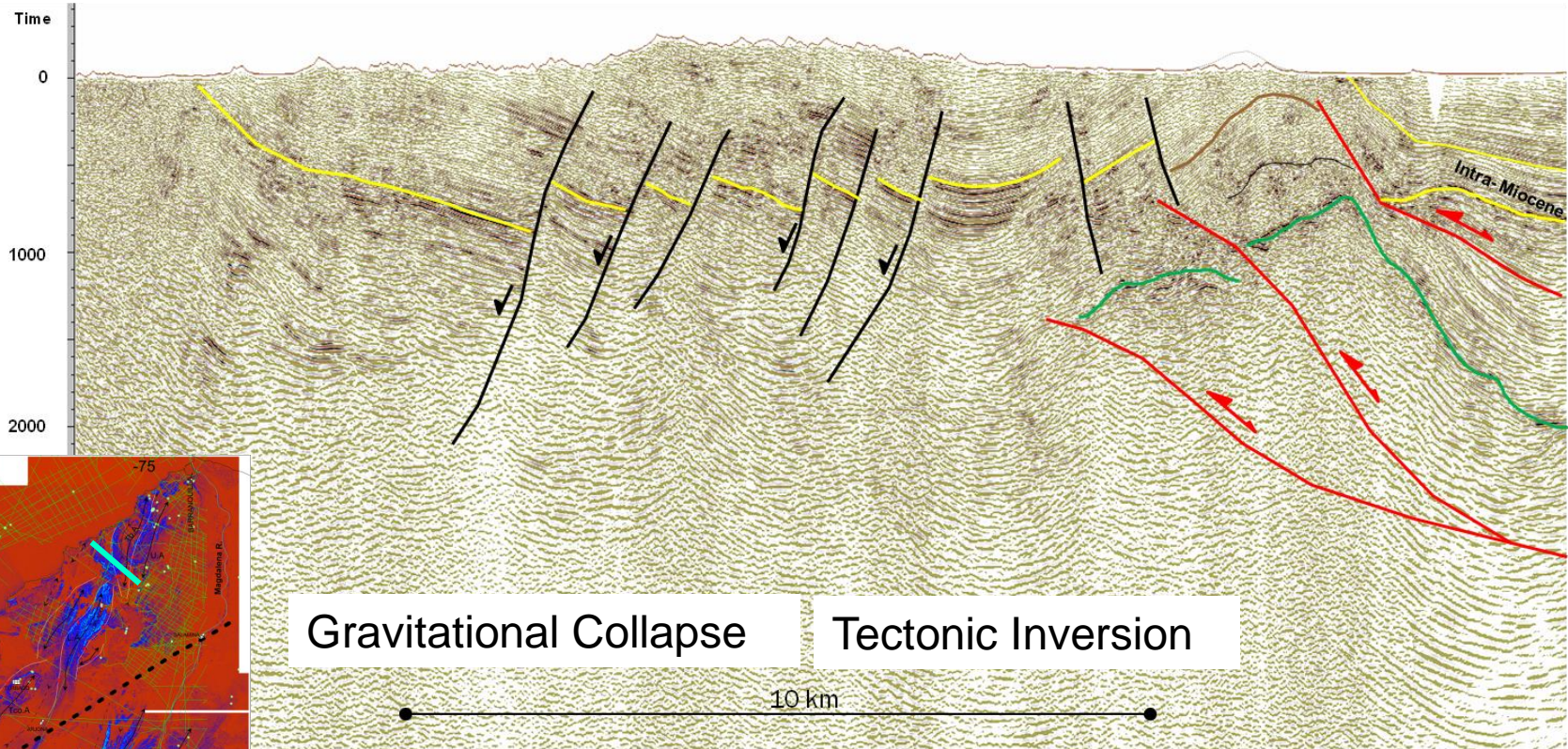


Eocene Lime with oil and tar
ANH Well Tierralta St



Conventional

Caribbean Margin– SSJ (Onshore & Offshore)



A-1990-1450



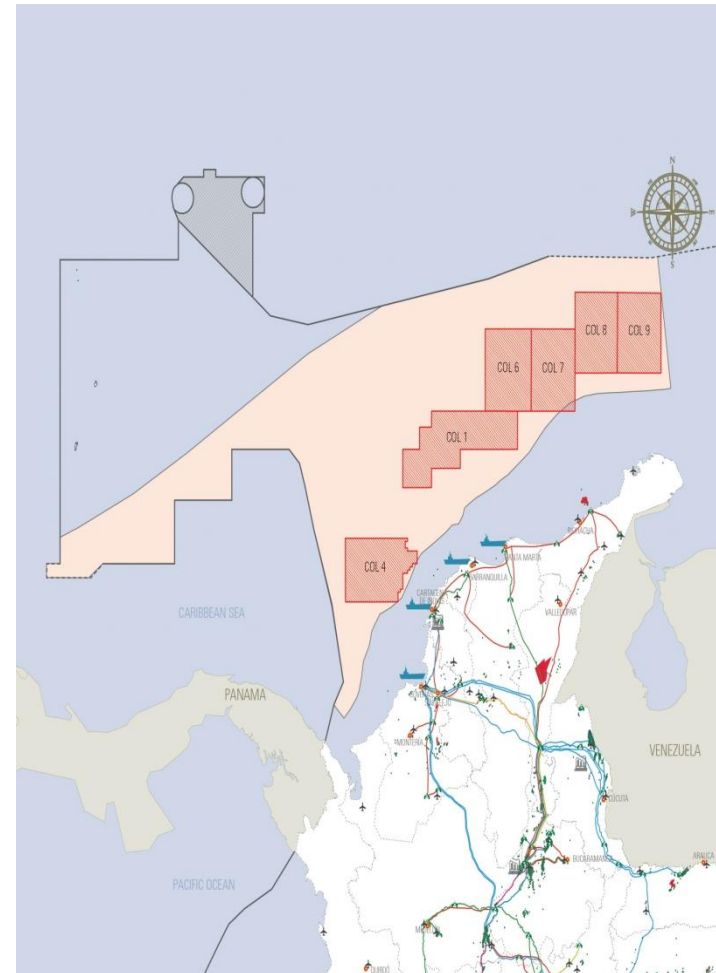
Conventional

Caribbean Margin – Colombia Basin

- 6 Blocks, Type III

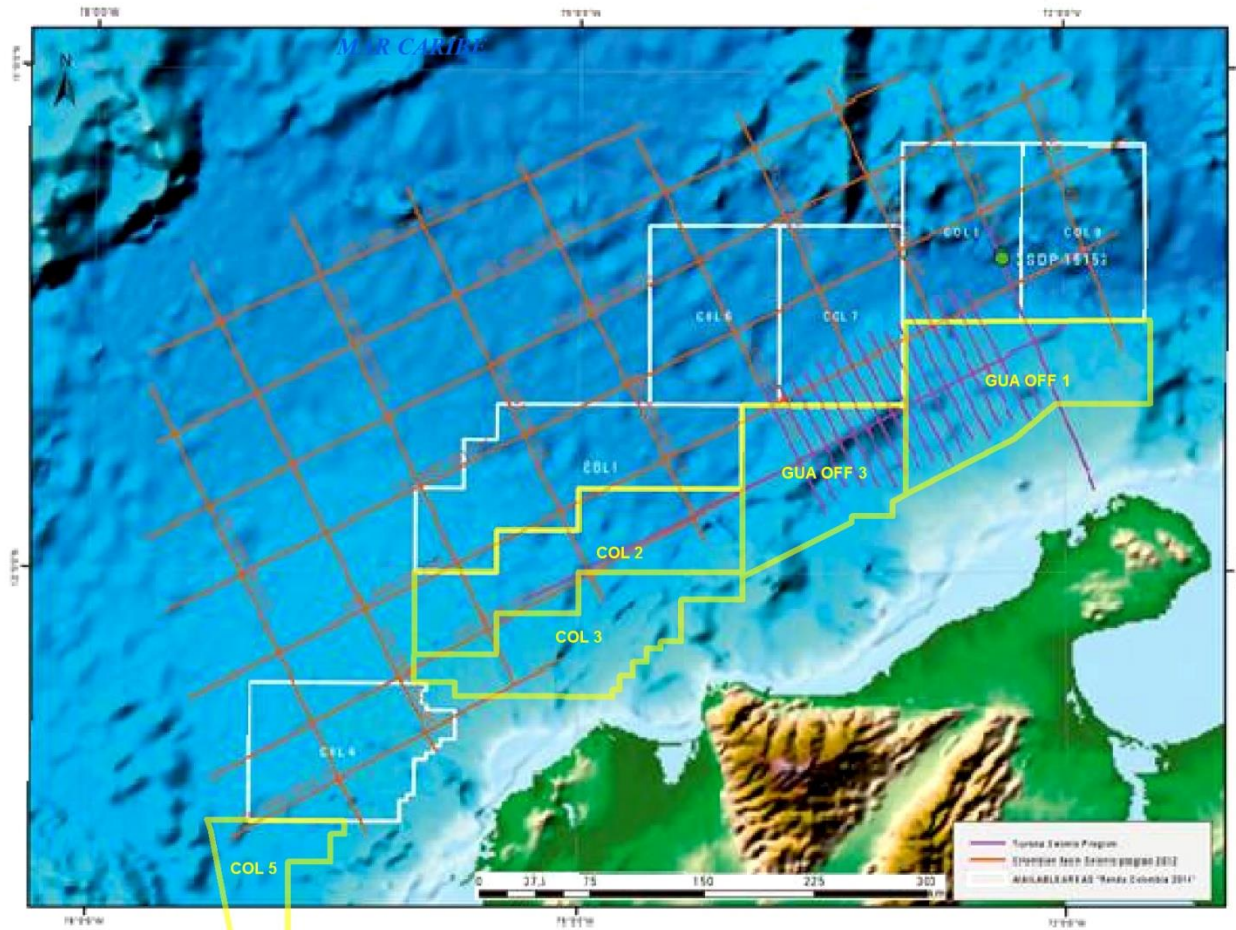
CONVENCIONES GENERALES	
Pozo	Ciudad Principal
Campo Petróleo	Refinería
Campo Gas	Puerto
Campo Mixto	Estación de Bombeo
Departamentos	Aeropuerto

INFRAESTRUCTURA PETROLERA	
Combusteoleducto	Propanoducto
Oleoducto	Gasoducto
Poliducto	SD





Conventional Caribbean Margin – Colombia Basin

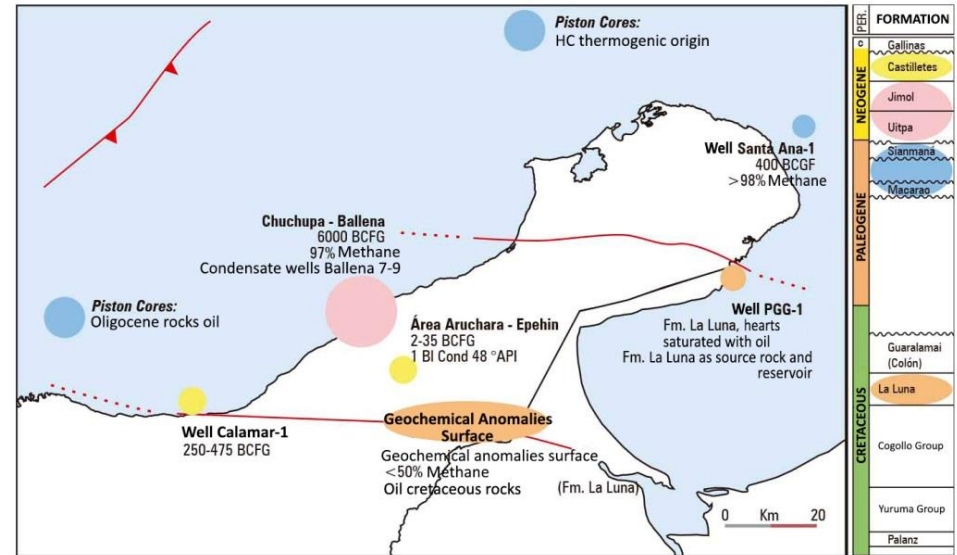
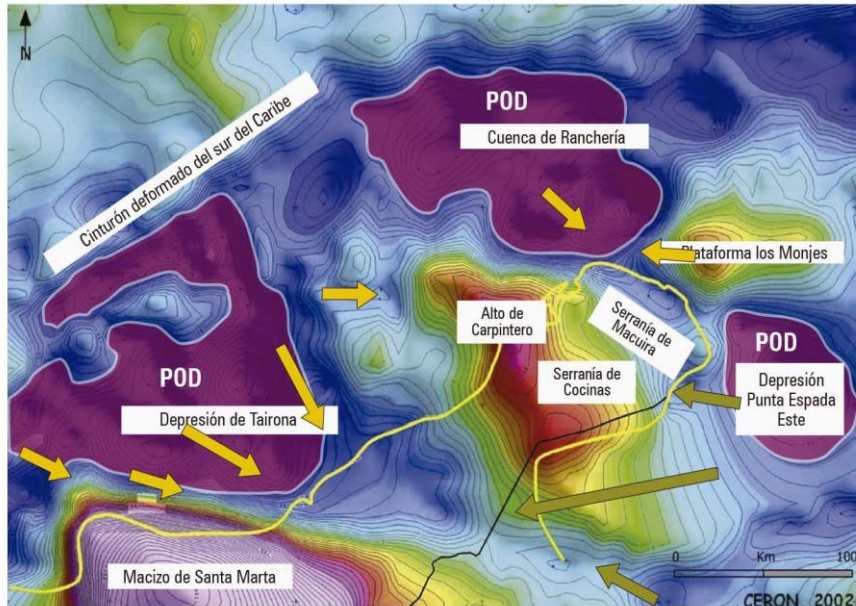


COLOMBIA:
The perfect environment



Conventional Onshore and Offshore

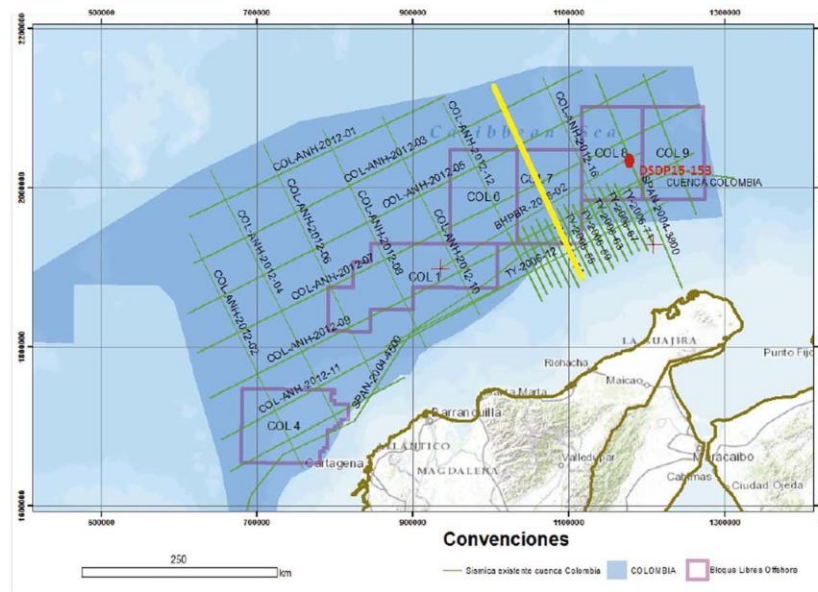
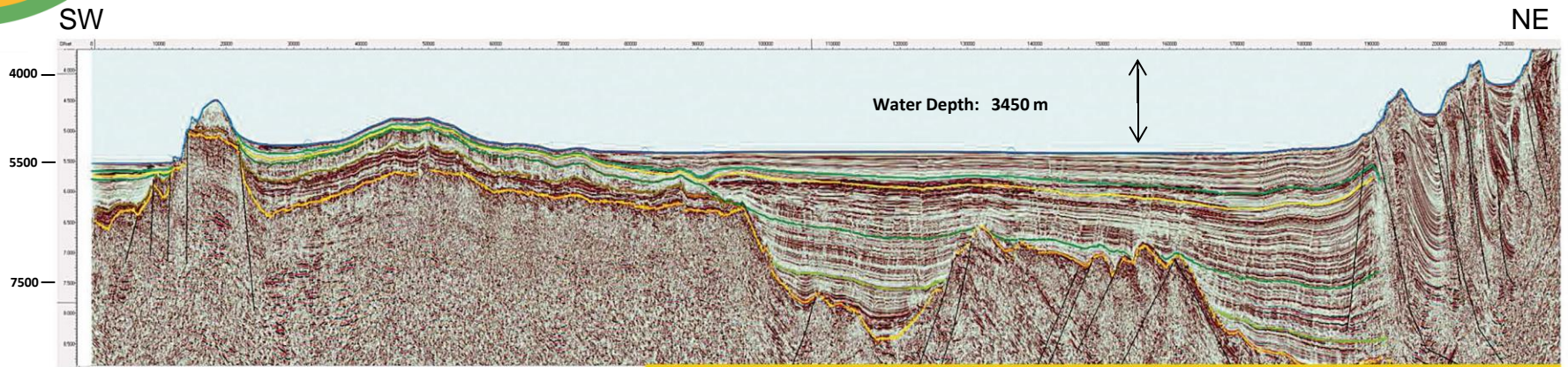
- Oil and Gas Samples

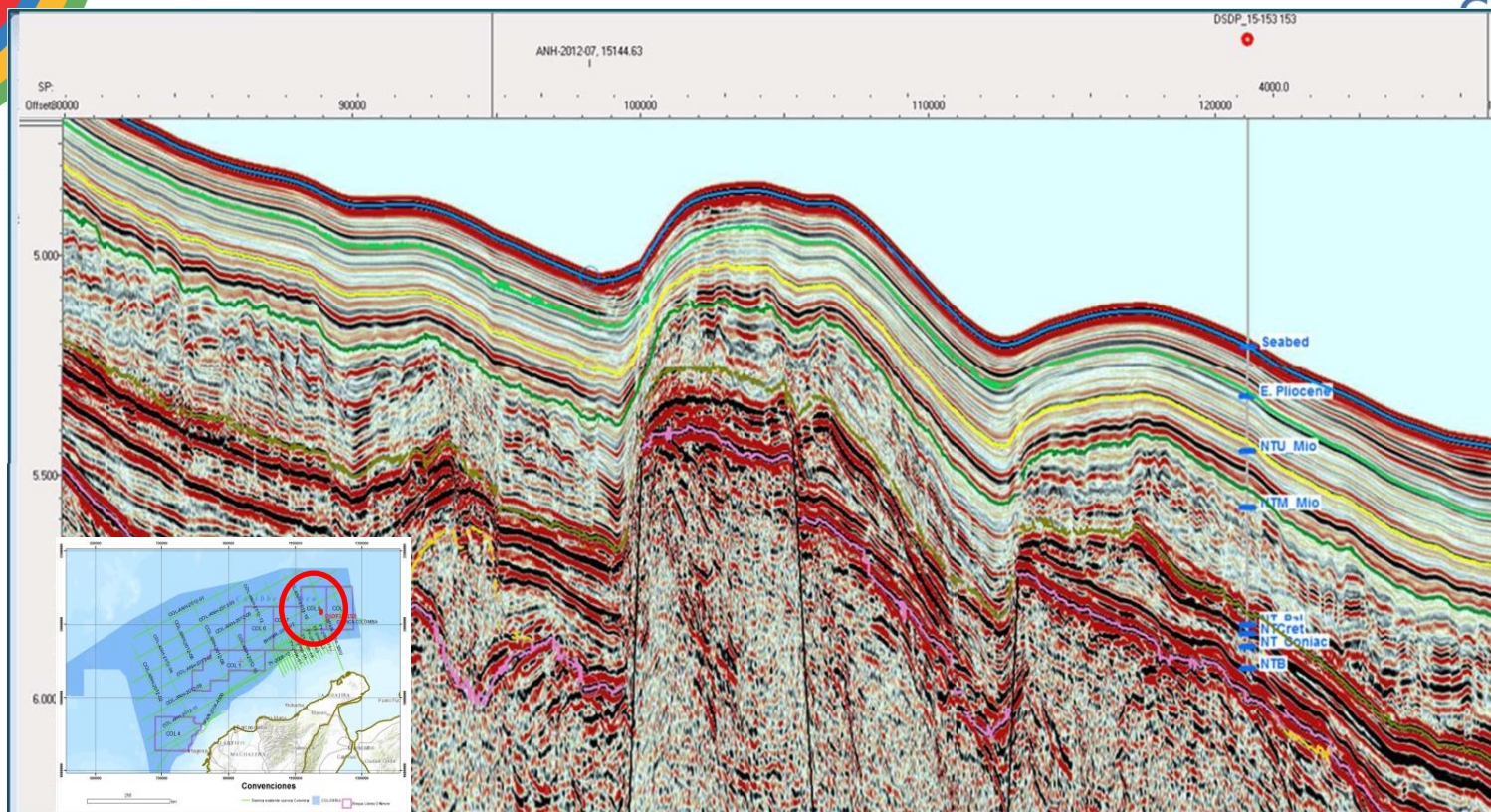


- Location of Source Rock "Pods"



Conventional Caribbean Margin – Colombia Basin

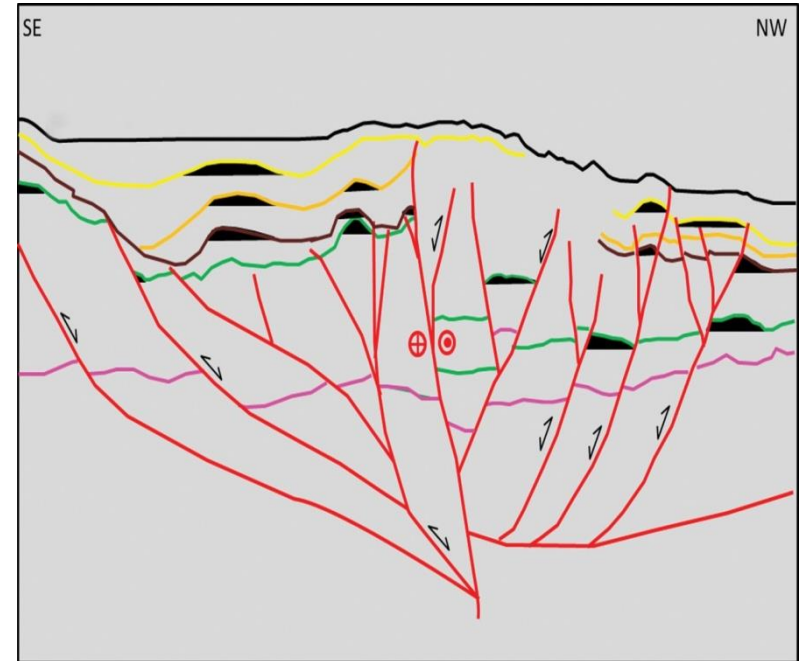
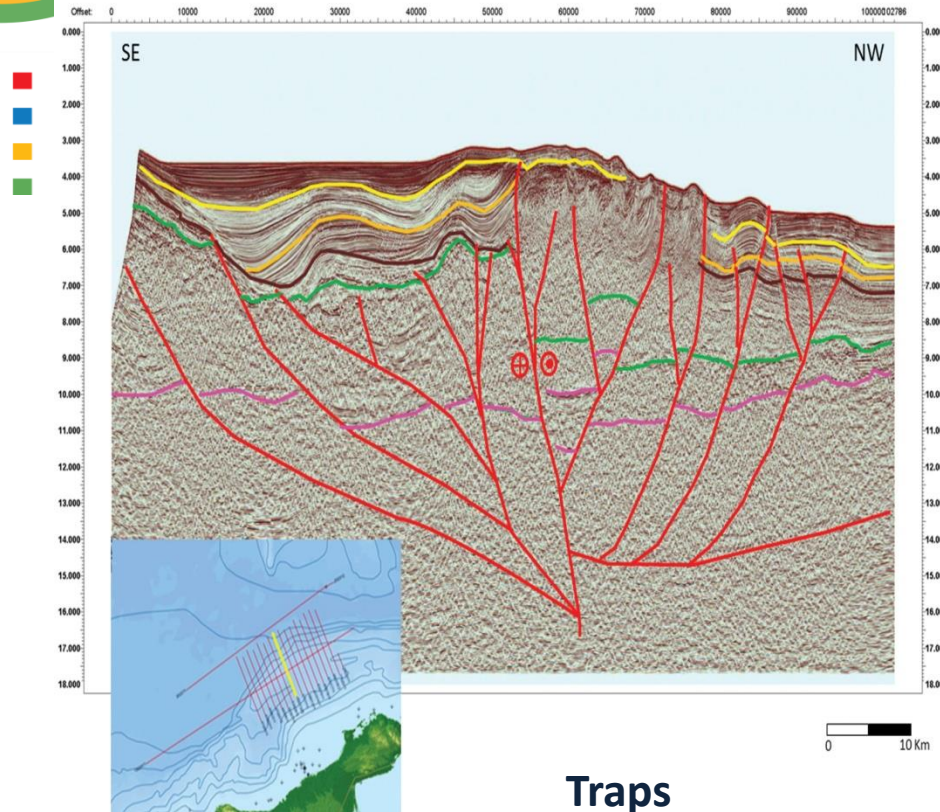




Well DSDP-15-151 penetrated a calcareous Cretaceous sequence with TOC values of 2,7 to 4,2%.



Colombia Basin



From poster presented at the AAPG/ICE in Cartagena (2013) by L. E. Ardila, J. Erickson & L. Diaz.

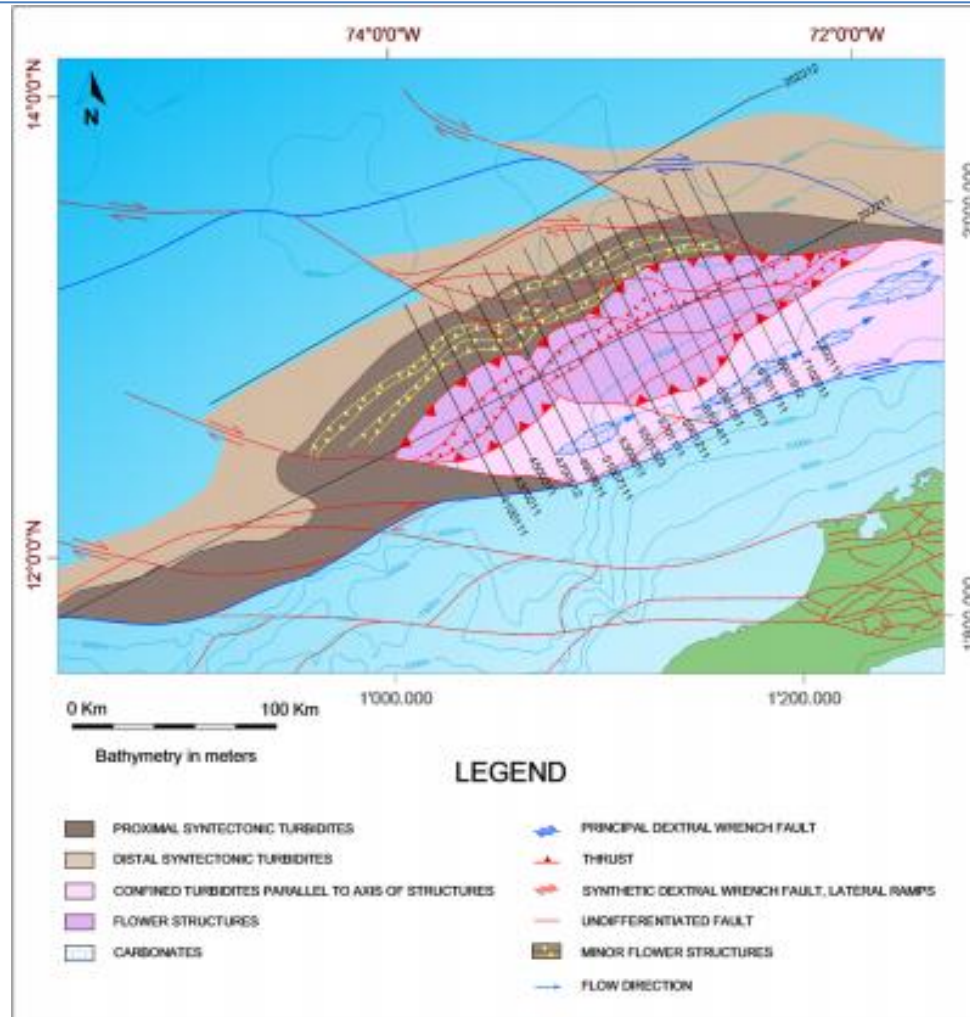
Traps

- Inversion Structures
- Potential Carbonates ?
- Turbidites
- Anticlinal features formed by transpression



Play Map

SE Portion of the Colombia Basin



From poster presented at the AAPG/ICE in Cartagena 2013 by L. E. Ardila, J. Erickson & L. Diaz.



Conventional

Pacific Margin – Pacific Basins

(Onshore and Offshore)



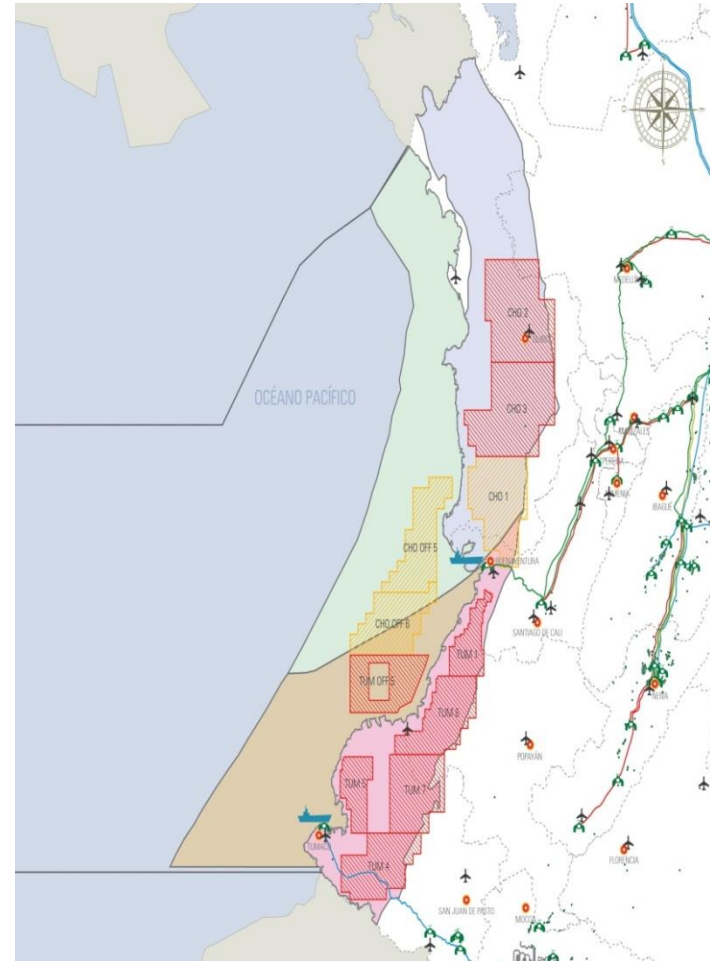
- **11** Blocks, Types I and III

CONVENCIONES GENERALES

Pozo	Ciudad Principal
Campo Petróleo	Refinería
Campo Gas	Puerto
Campo Mixto	Estación de Bombeo
Departamentos	Aeropuerto

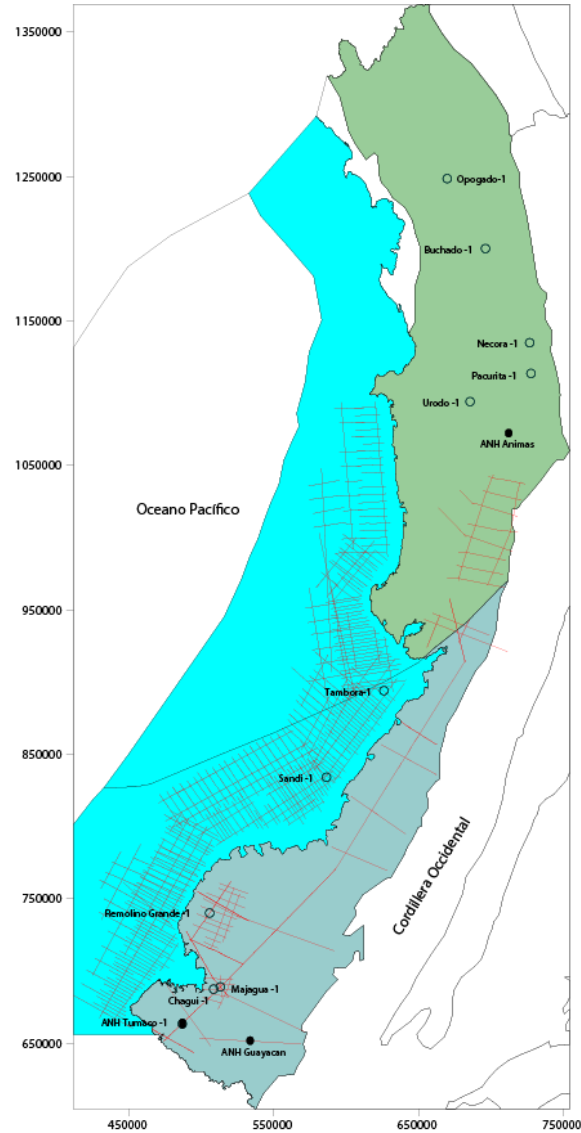
INFRAESTRUCTURA PETROLERA

Combusteeoloducto	Propanoducto
Oleoducto	Gasoducto
Poliducto	SD





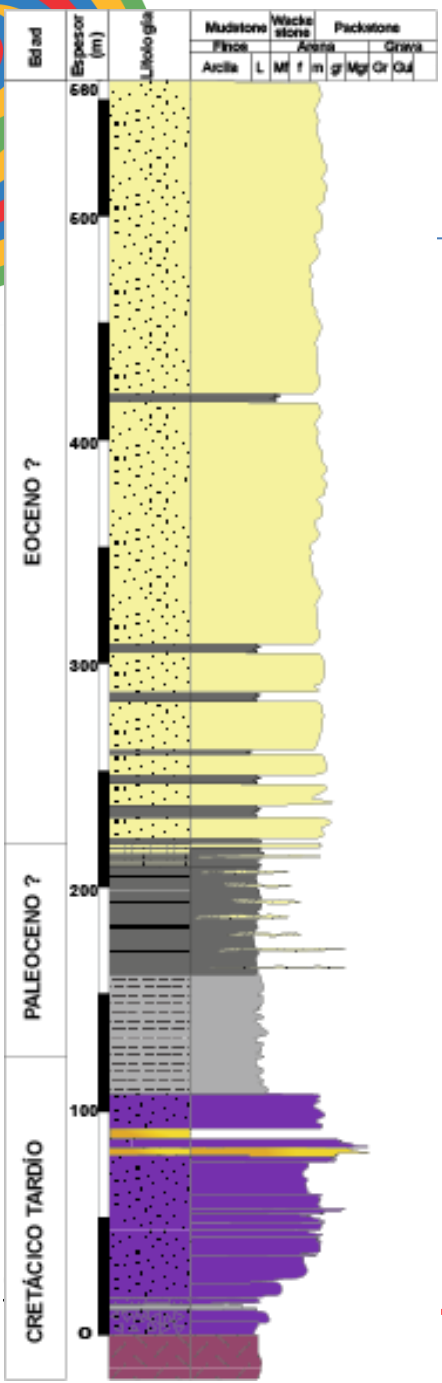
Wells & Reprocessed Seismic





Generalized Stratigraphic Column

South Pacific Margin



Clastic-Carbonatic Sequence

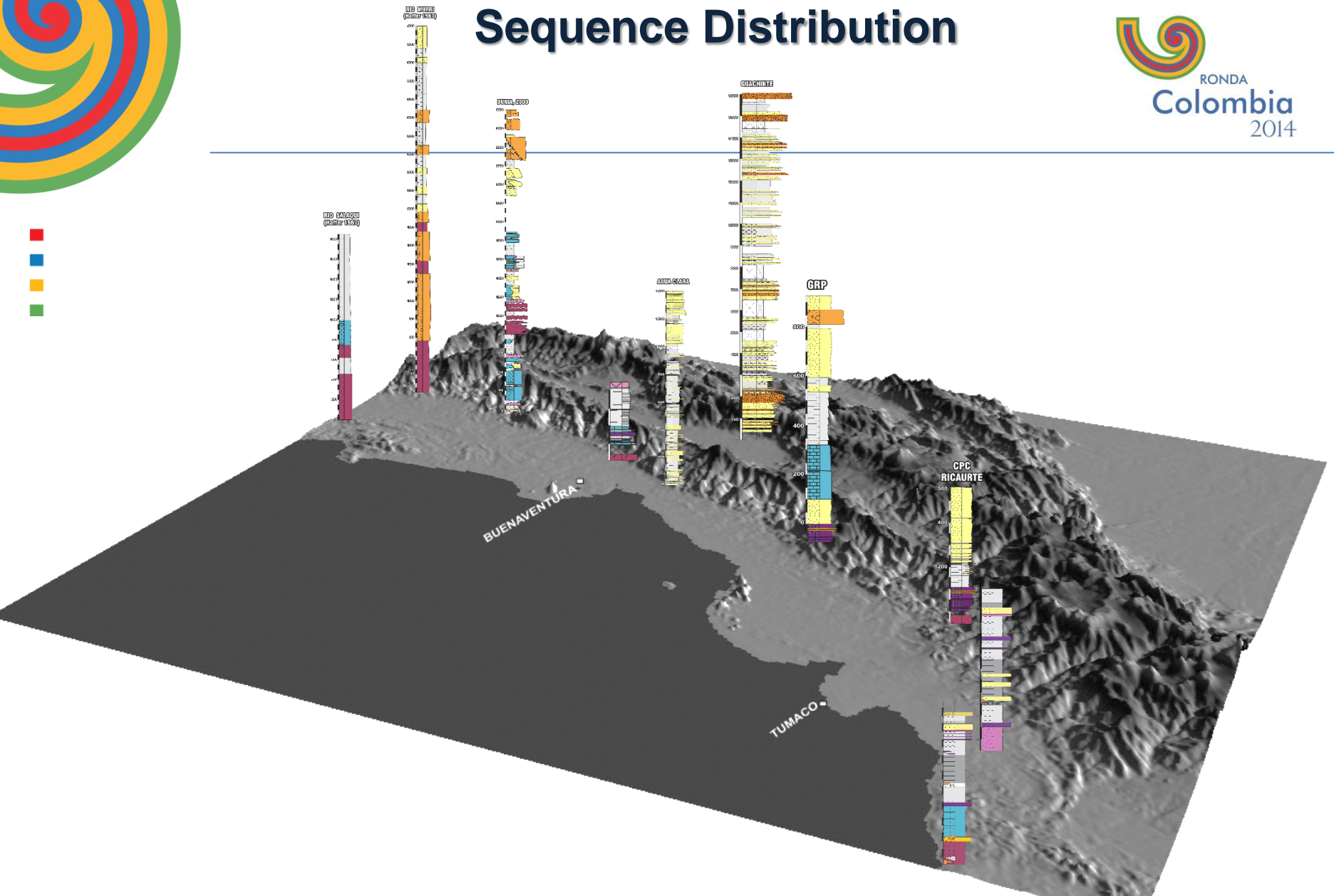
Outer Platform Sequences

Bimodal Volcano-Sedimentary Sequence

Cretaceous Basement



Sequence Distribution



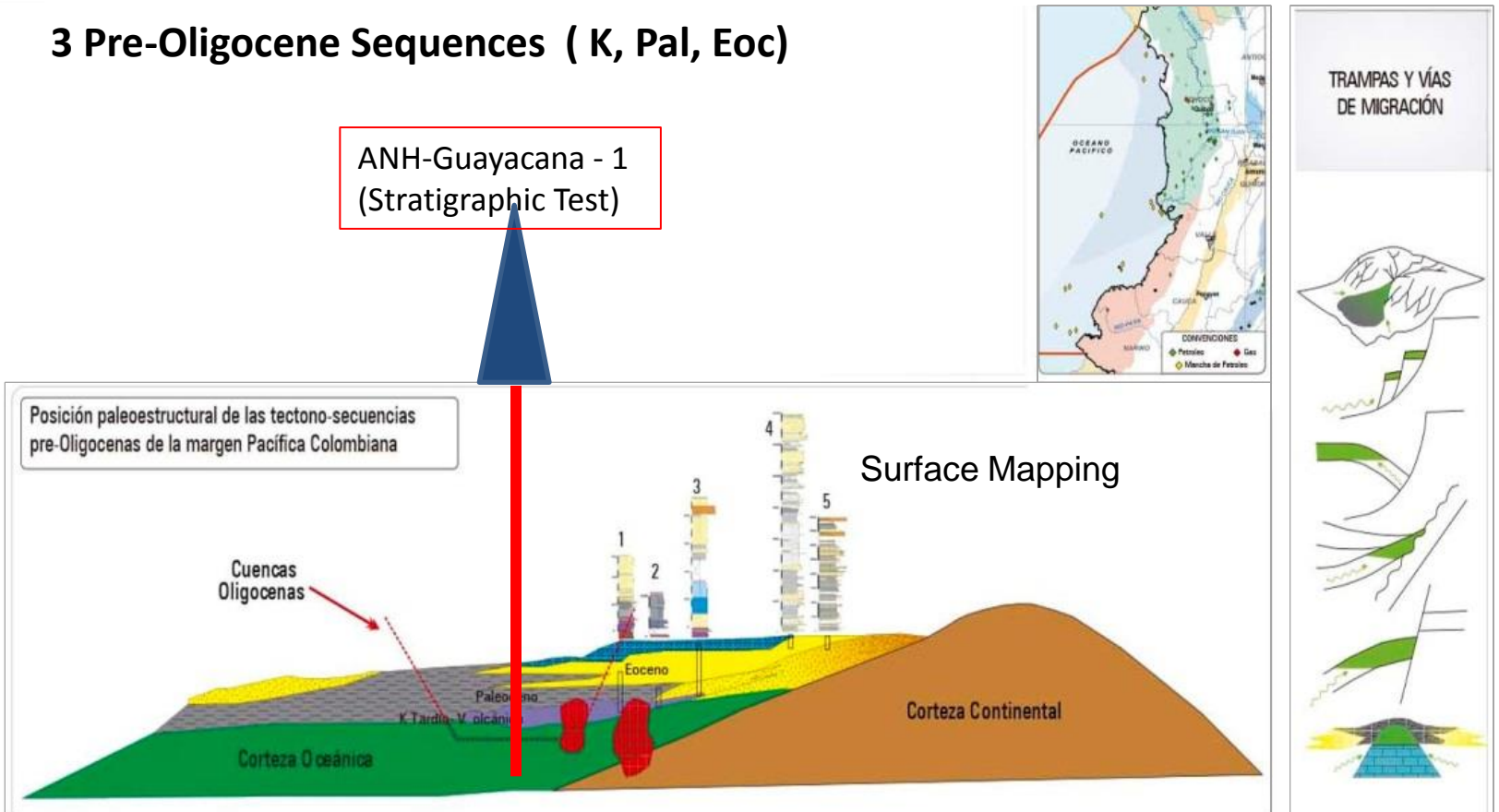


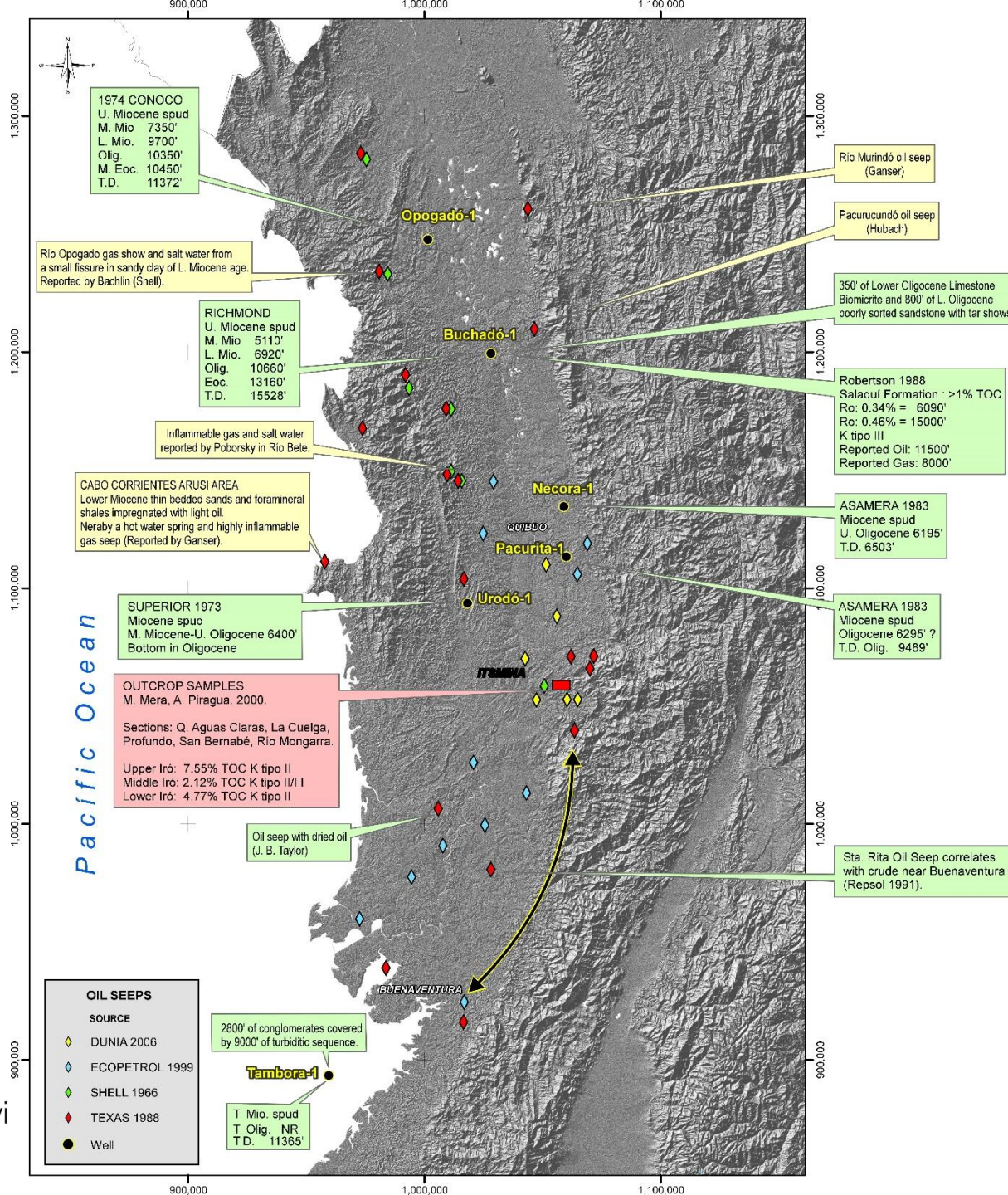
Conventional

Pacific Margin– Pacific Basins

3 Pre-Oligocene Sequences (K, Pal, Eoc)

ANH-Guayacana - 1
(Stratigraphic Test)

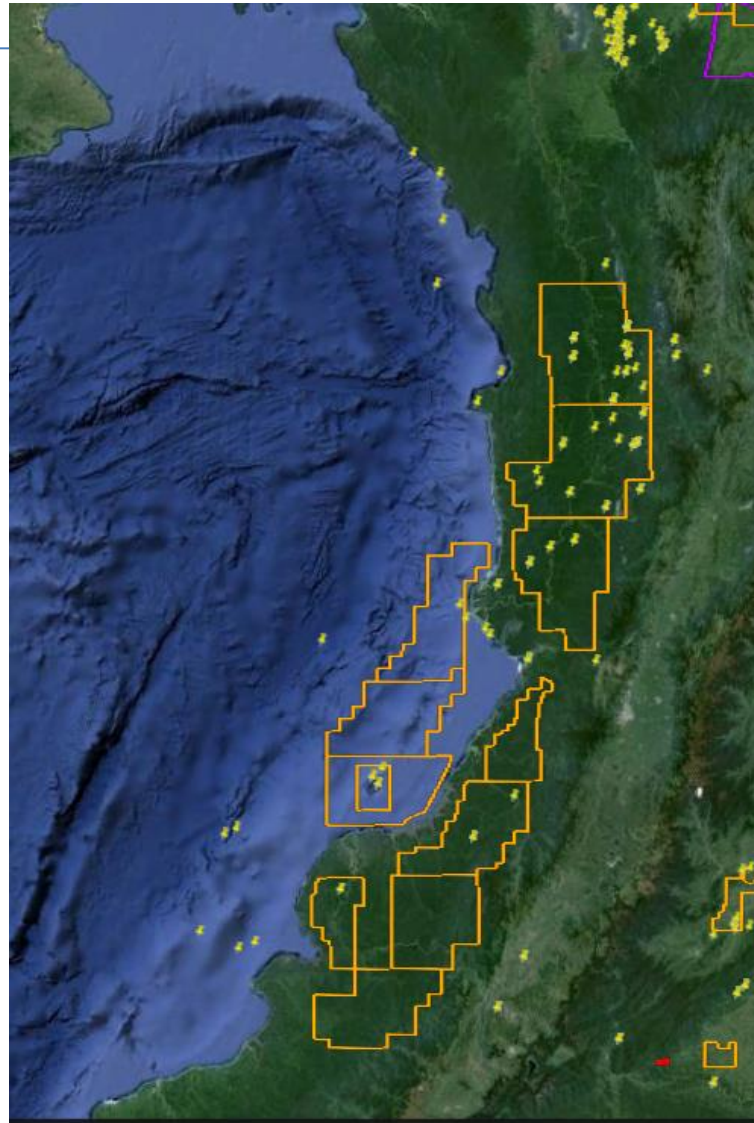




COLOMBIA:
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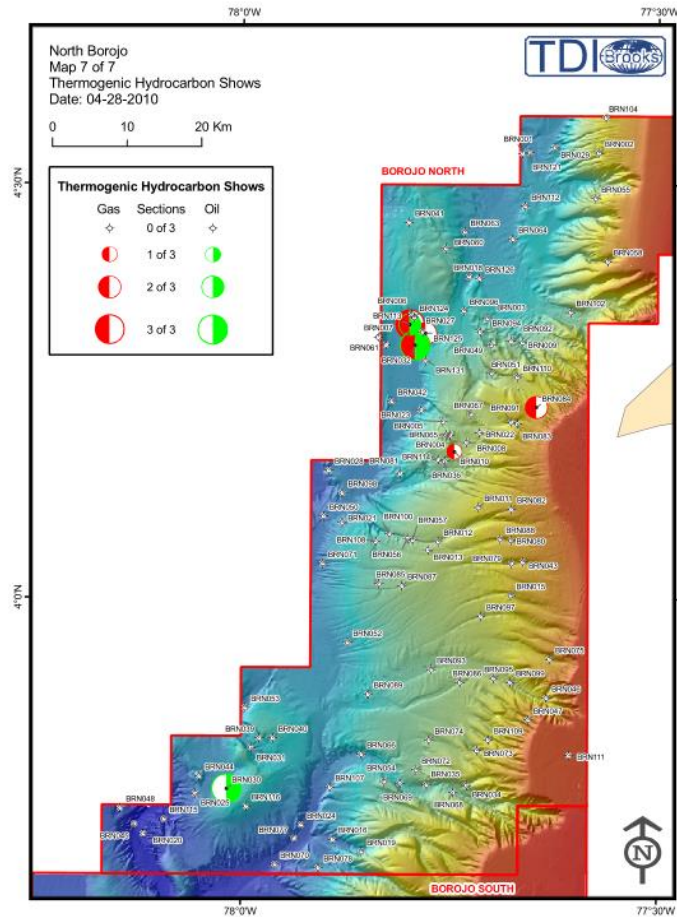
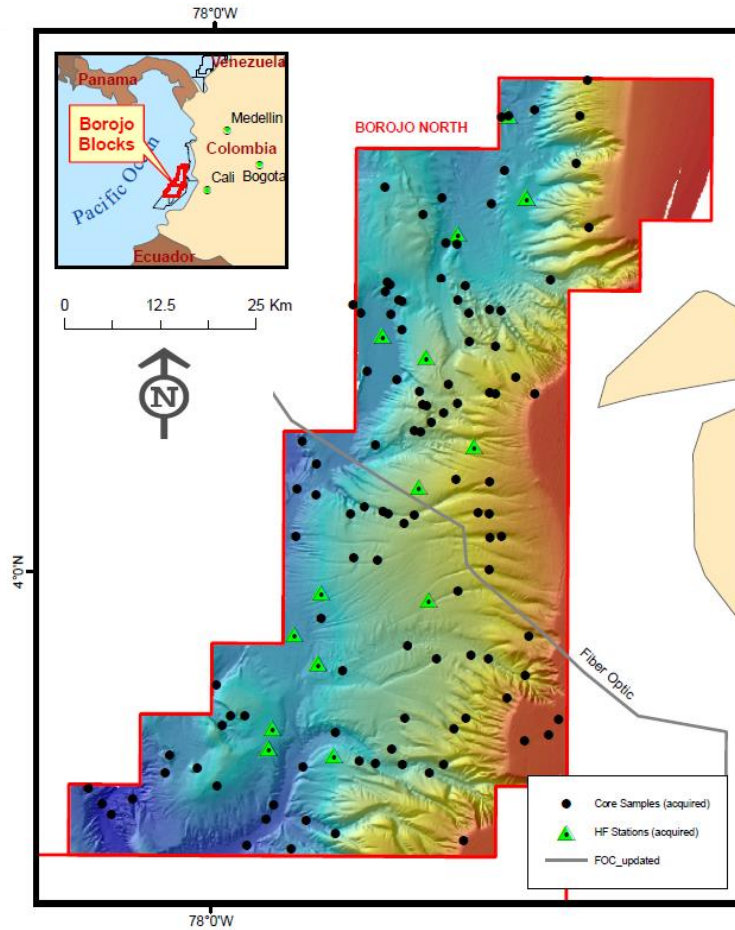
Oil Seeps



COLOMBIA:
The perfect environment



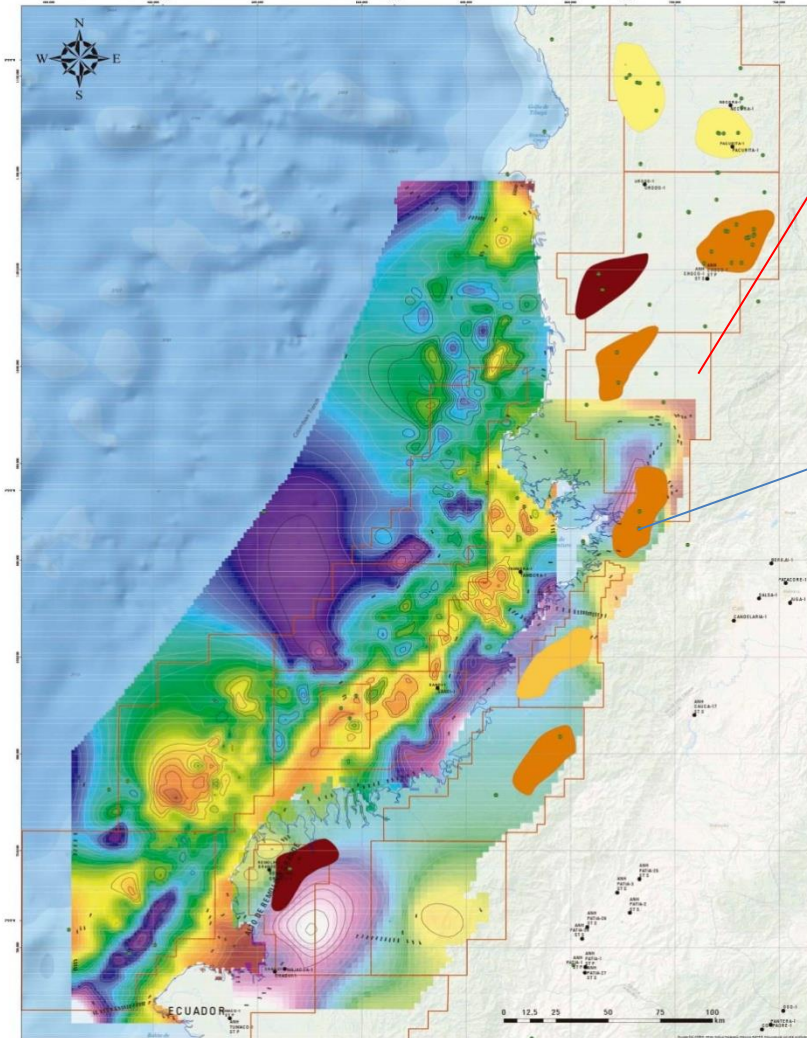
PISTON CORE – BLOQUE BOROJO





Conventional Resources

Pacific Margin – Pacific Basins



- E&P Type I
- Proven Source rock: Iro Fm. w/ TOC >10%
- Eoceno Ss. and carbonates
- Oligocene Fluvial sands
- Oil Seeps
- Seismic Information
- Geobotanic Anomalies
- Structural Highs
- Major Depocenters

Top Cretaceous Structural Map



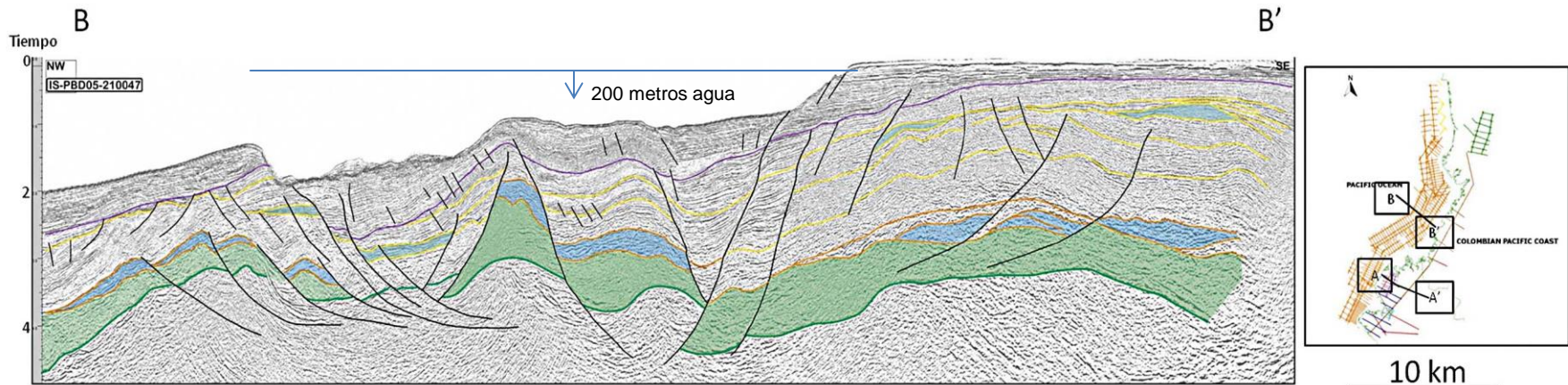
Conventional

Pacific Margin – Pacific Basin

- Collapsed Platform
- Extensional Structural Style

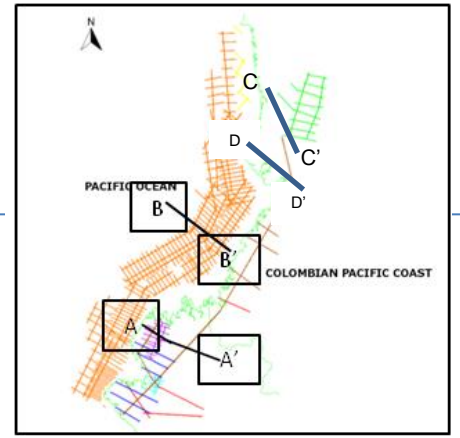
↳ Listric Faults
↳ Inversion Faults
↳ Carbonates

Offshore E&P





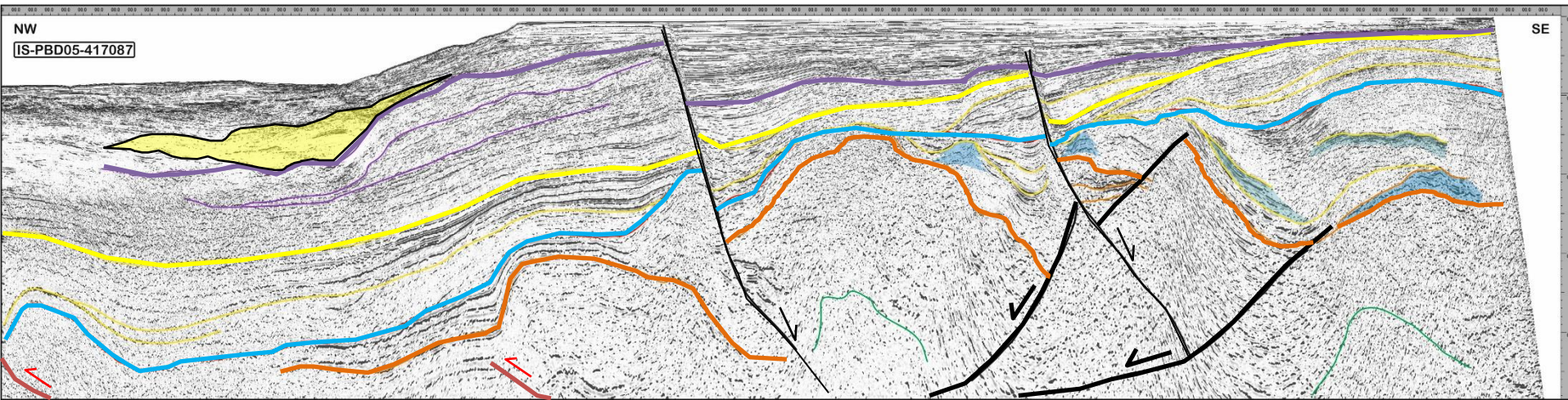
D



10 km

C

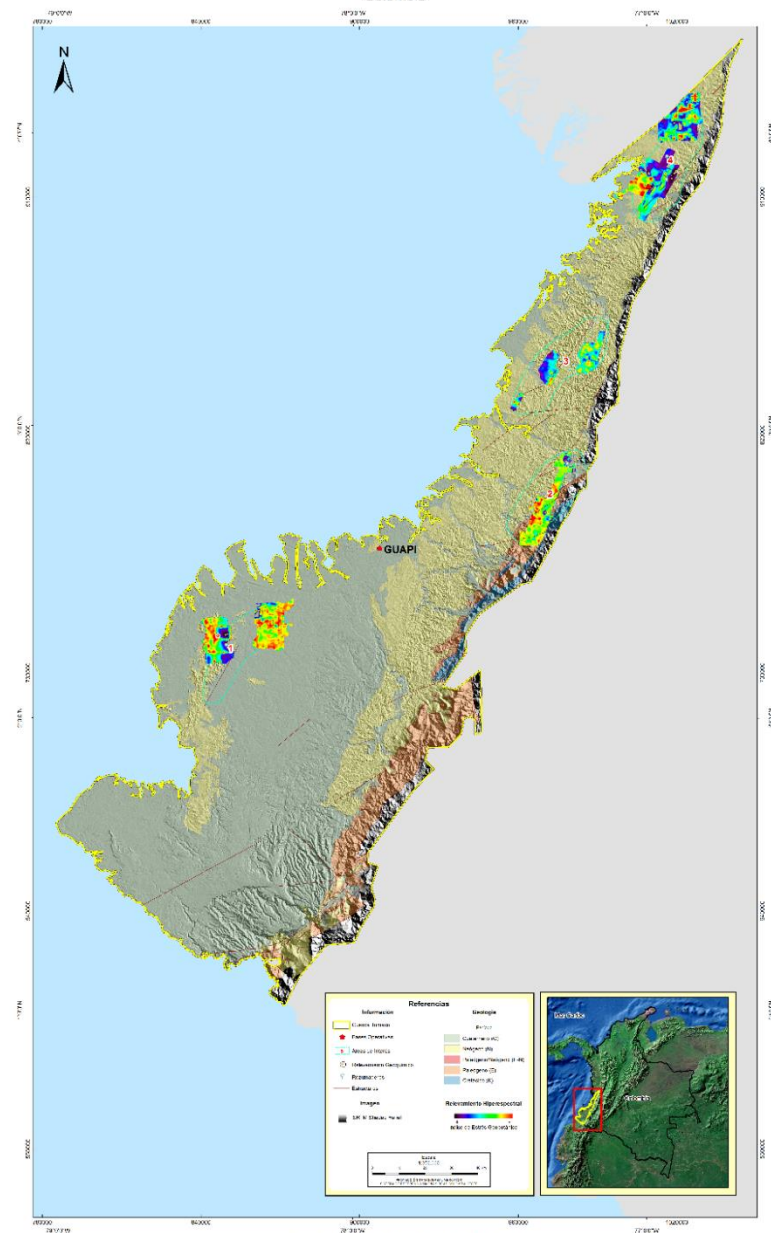
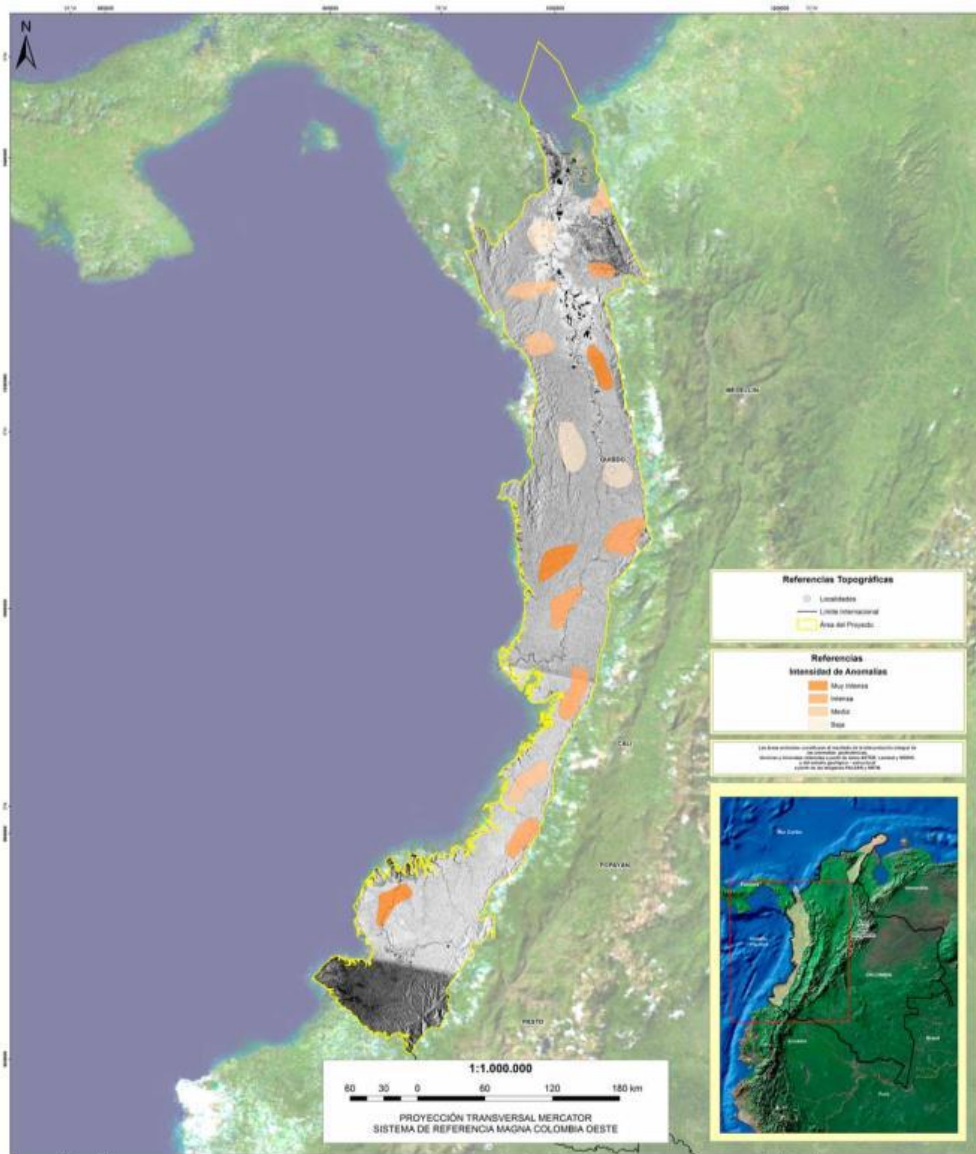
C'



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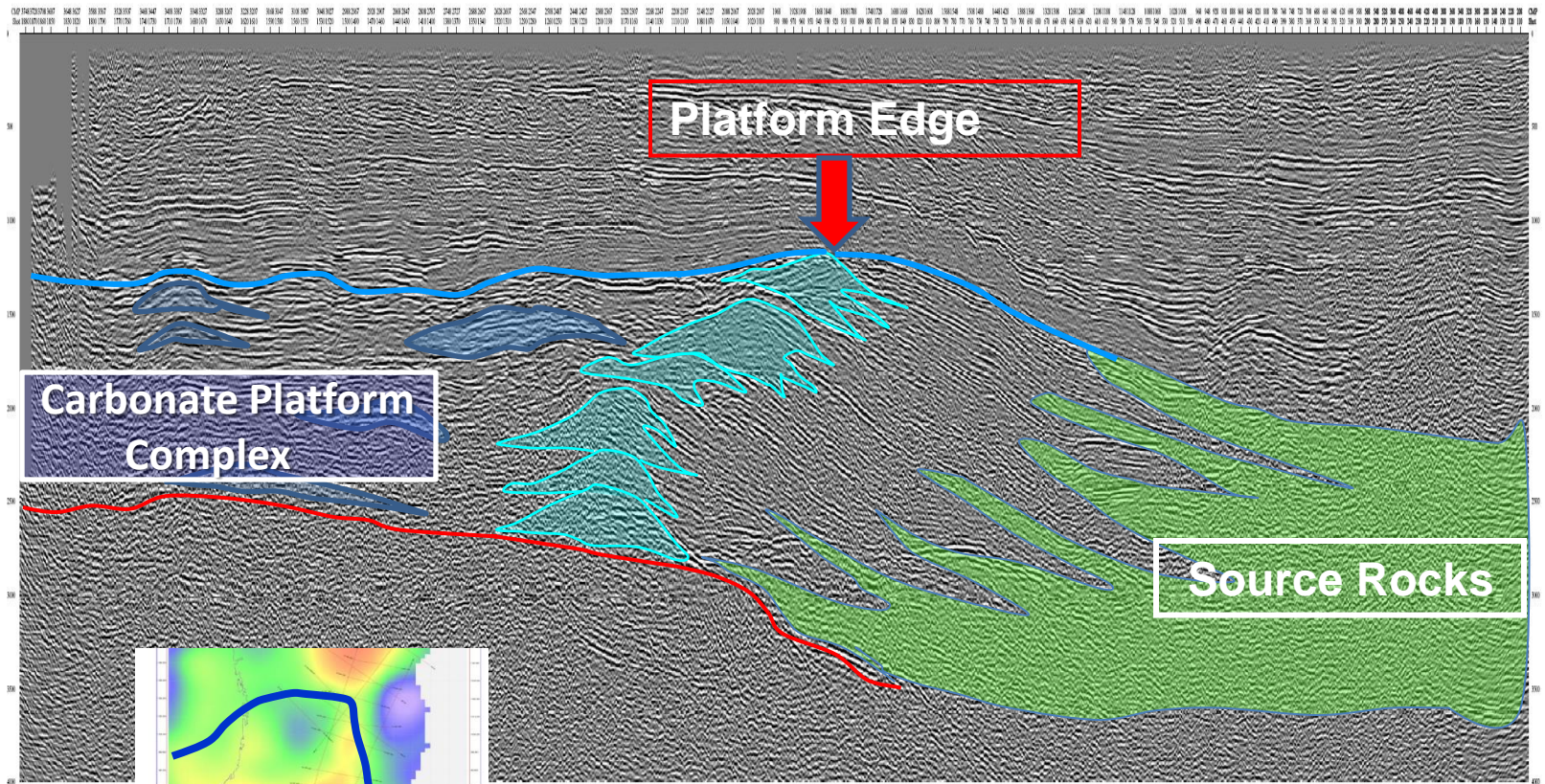
Geobotanical Anomalies



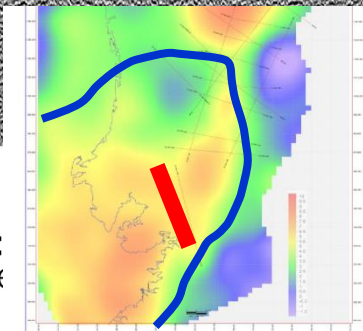


Eocene Carbonate Play

LINEA TB-1991-1130

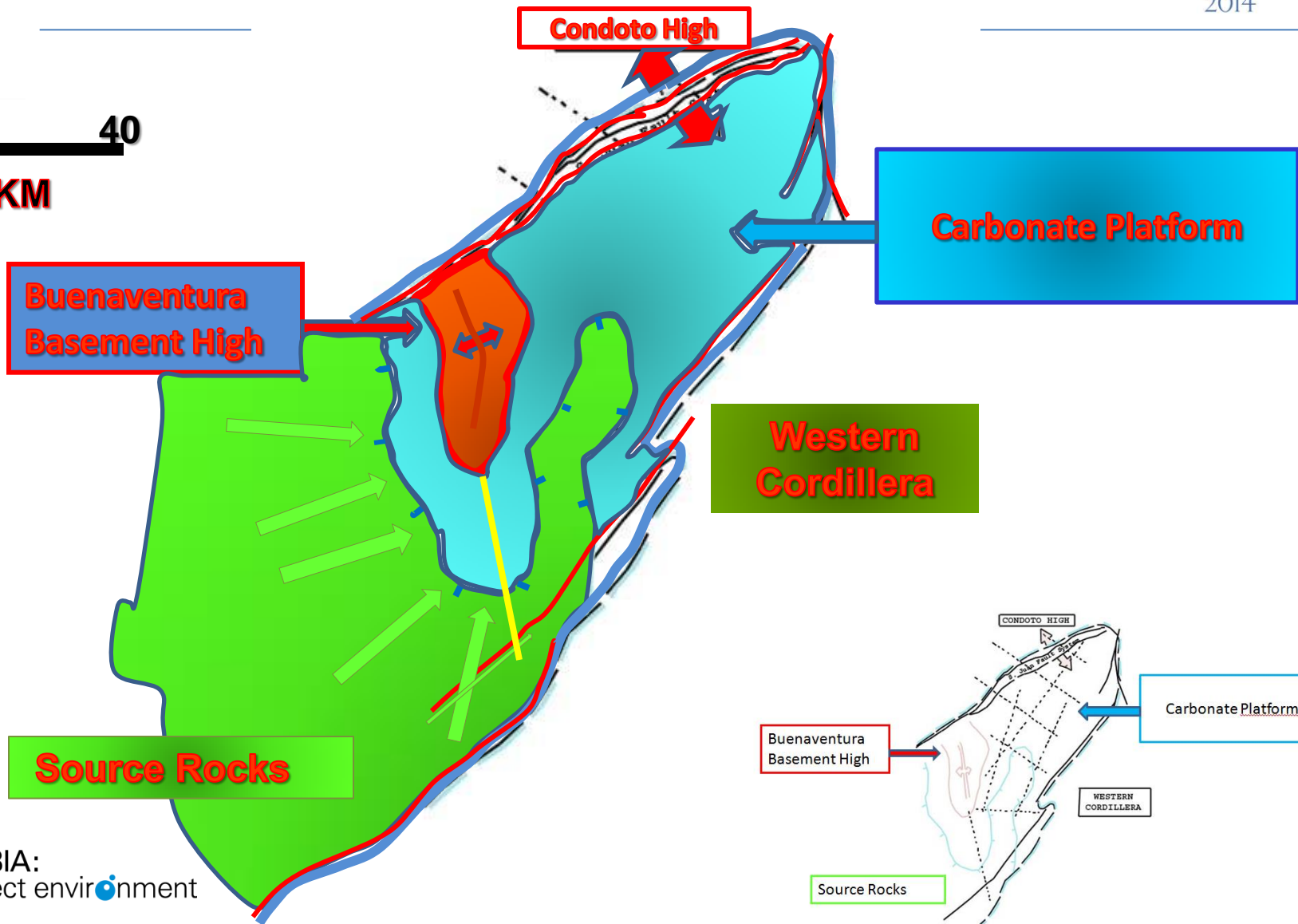


COLOMBIA:
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Schematic Illustration Eocene Carbonate Play





Conventional

Onshore and Offshore – Guajira

- 4 Blocks, Type I

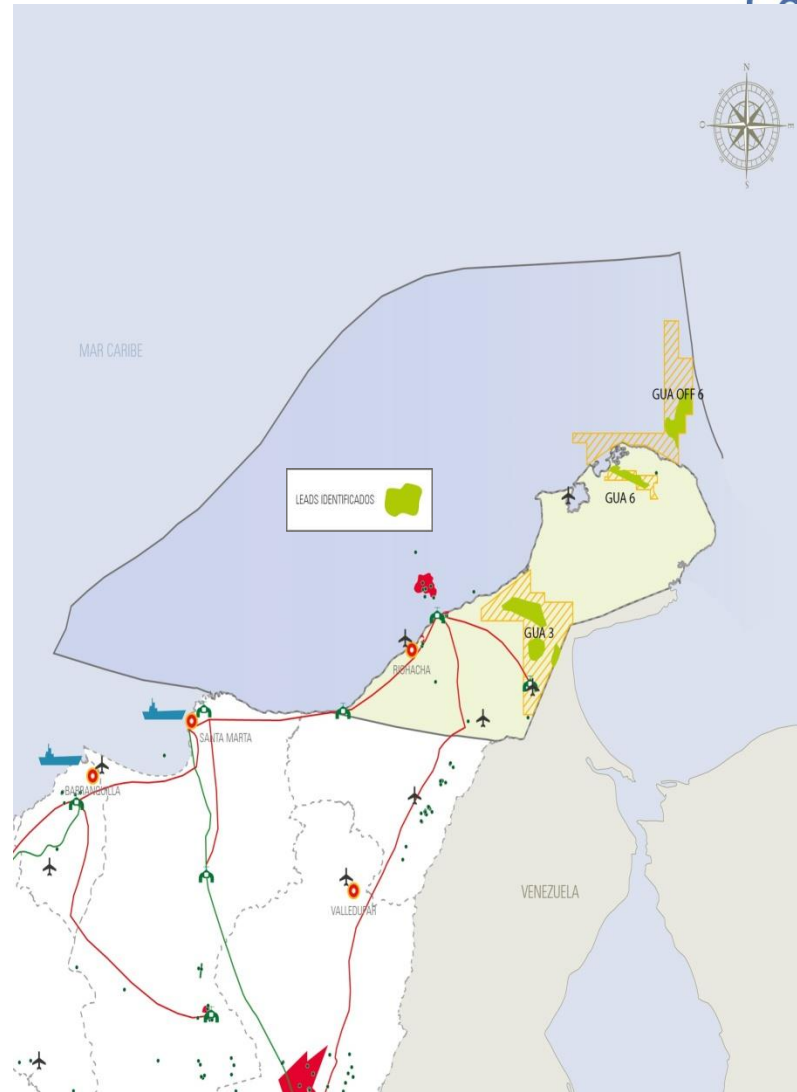


CONVENCIONES GENERALES

- | | |
|----------------|--------------------|
| Pozo | Ciudad Principal |
| Campo Petróleo | Refinería |
| Campo Gas | Puerto |
| Campo Mixto | Estación de Bombeo |
| Departamentos | Aeropuerto |

INFRAESTRUCTURA PETROLERA

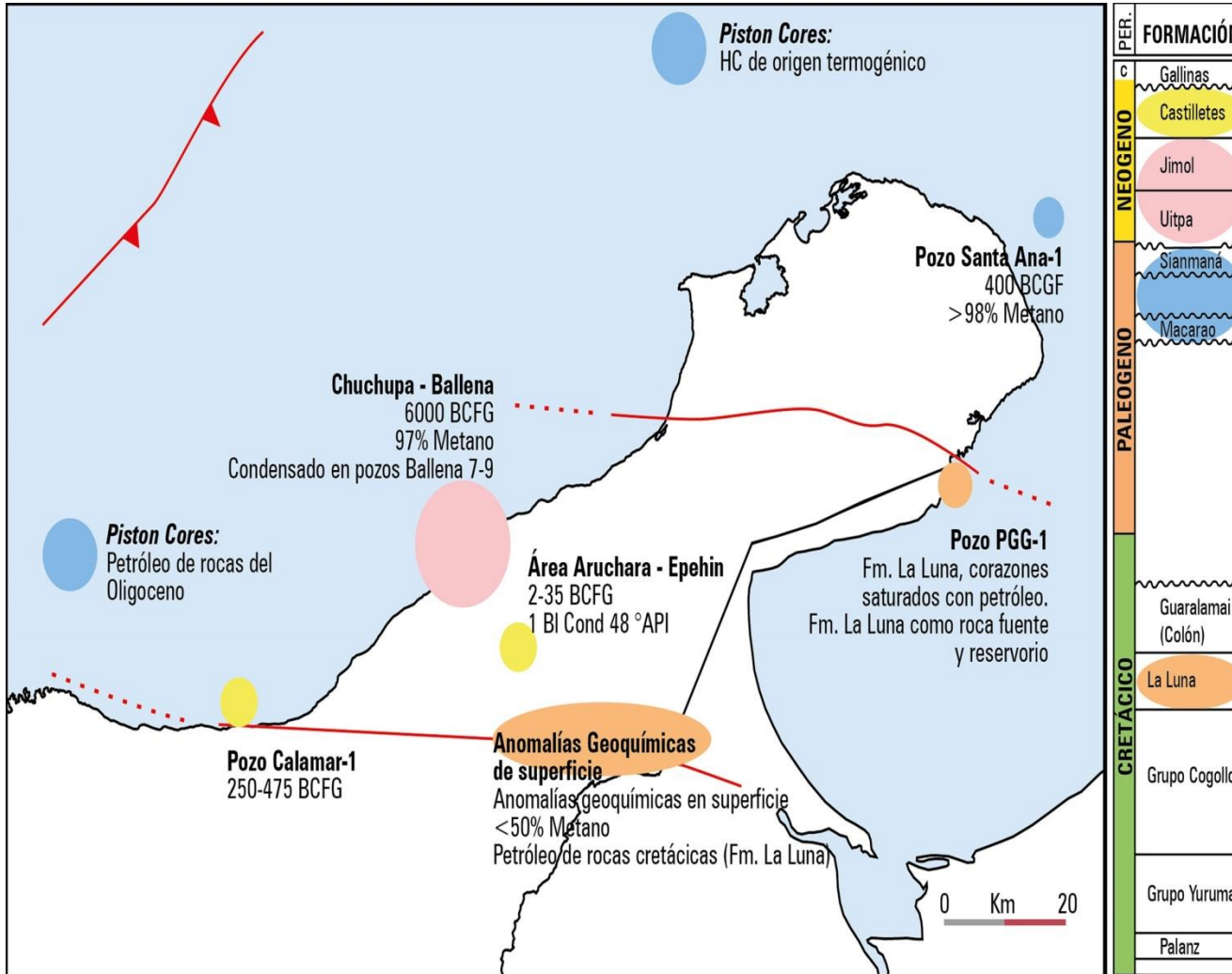
- | | |
|-----------------|--------------|
| Combusteloducto | Propanoducto |
| Oleoducto | Gasoducto |
| Poliducto | SD |





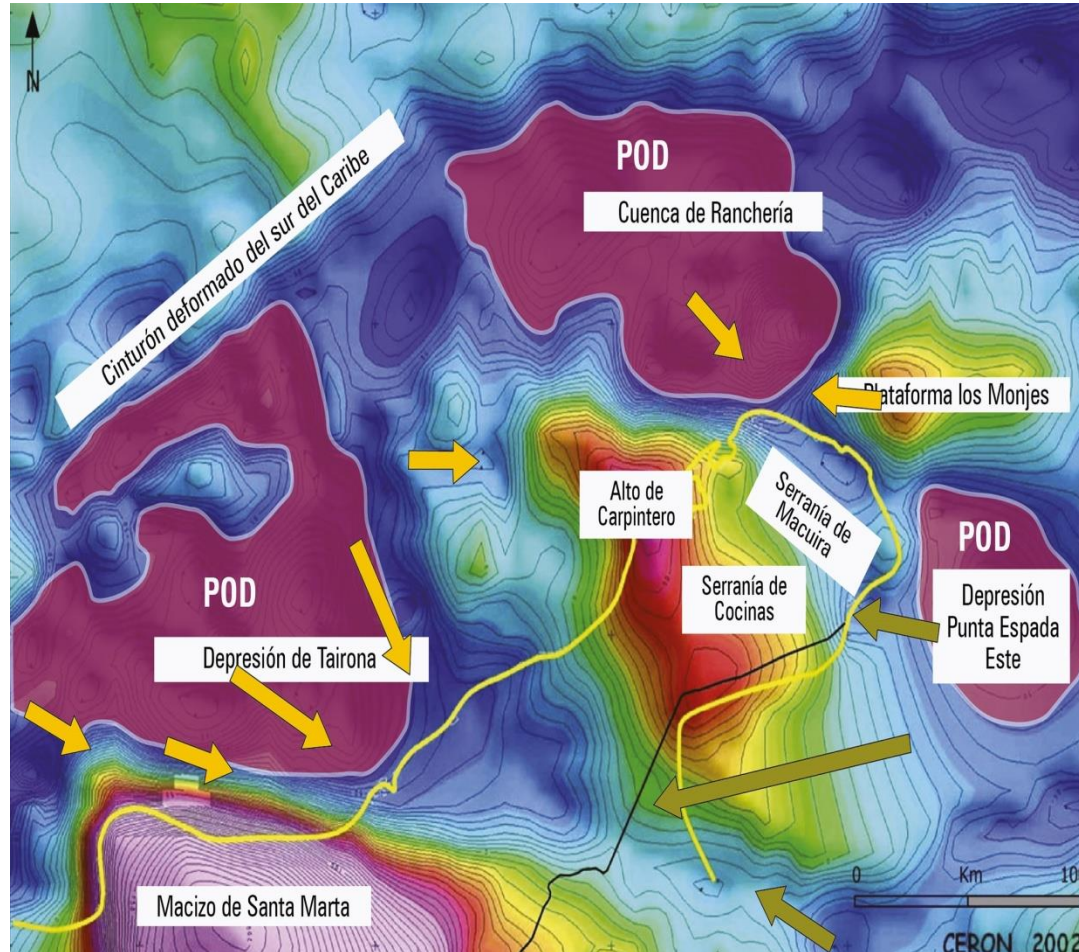
Conventional

Onshore and Offshore – Guajira





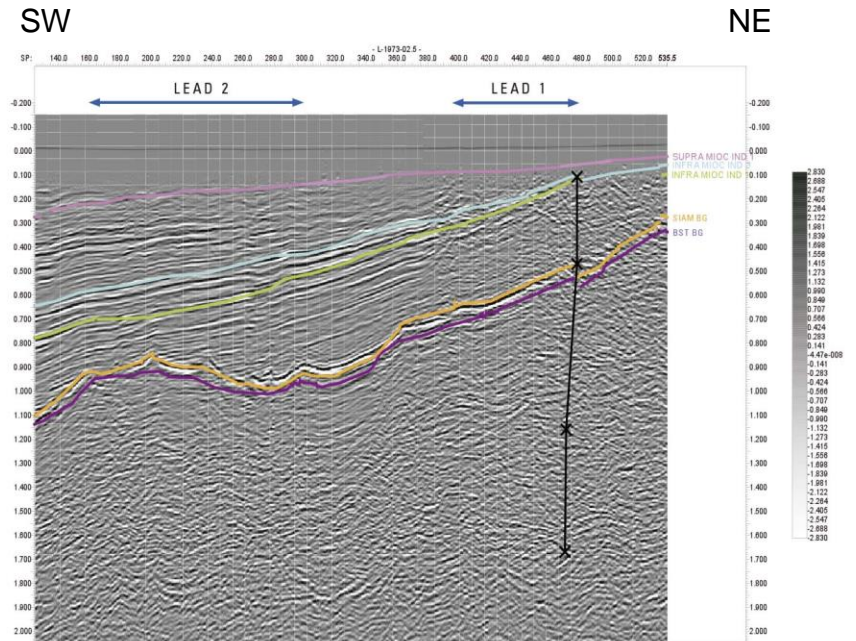
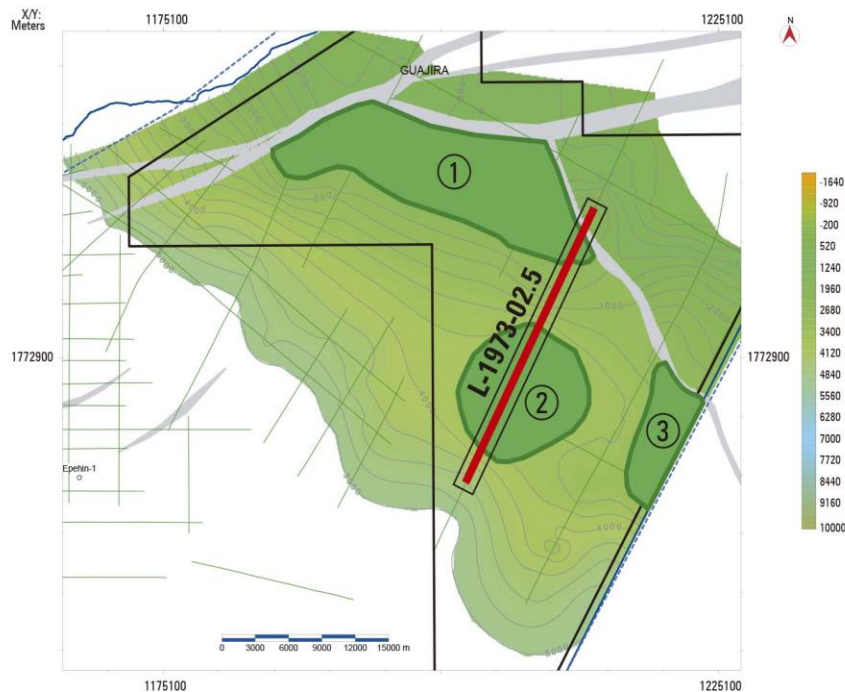
Generation Pods





Conventional Resources Caribbean Margin – Guajira Leads

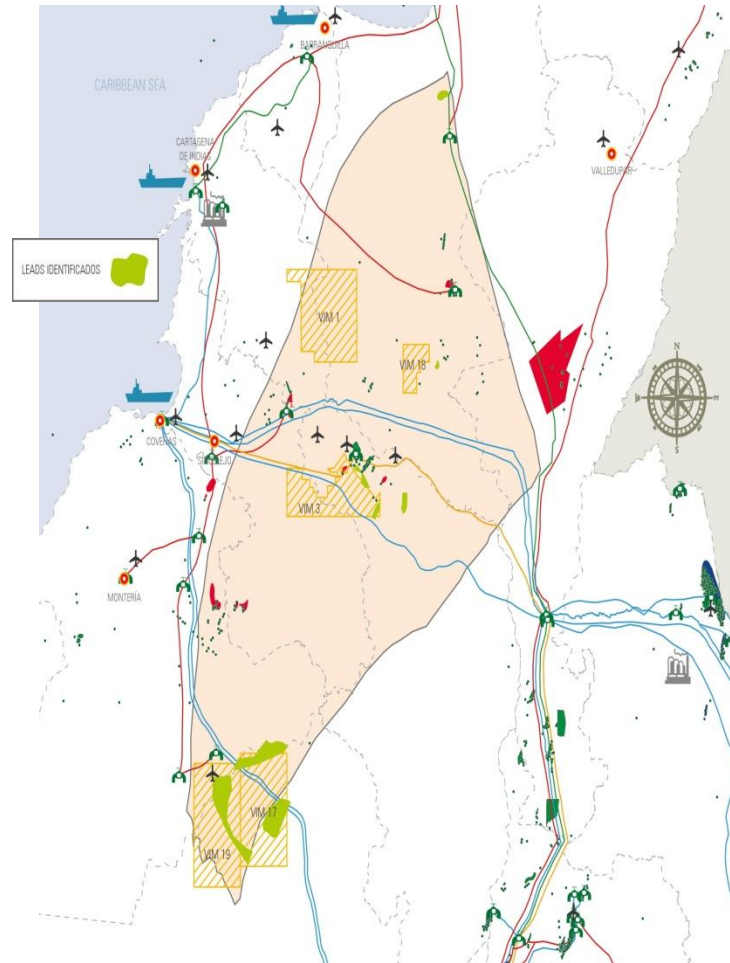
- Closures in Upthrown block of Normal Faults
- Paleogeomorphic Trap





Conventional Caribbean Margin – Lower Magdalena Basin

- 5 Blocks, Type I



CONVENCIONES GENERALES

- | | |
|----------------|--------------------|
| Pozo | Ciudad Principal |
| Campo Petróleo | Refinería |
| Campo Gas | Puerto |
| Campo Mixto | Estación de Bombeo |
| Departamentos | Aeropuerto |

INFRAESTRUCTURA PETROLERA

- | | |
|-------------------|--------------|
| Combusteeoloducto | Propanoducto |
| Oleoducto | Gasoducto |
| Poliducto | SD |



Conventional

Caribbean Margin – Lower Magdalena Basin

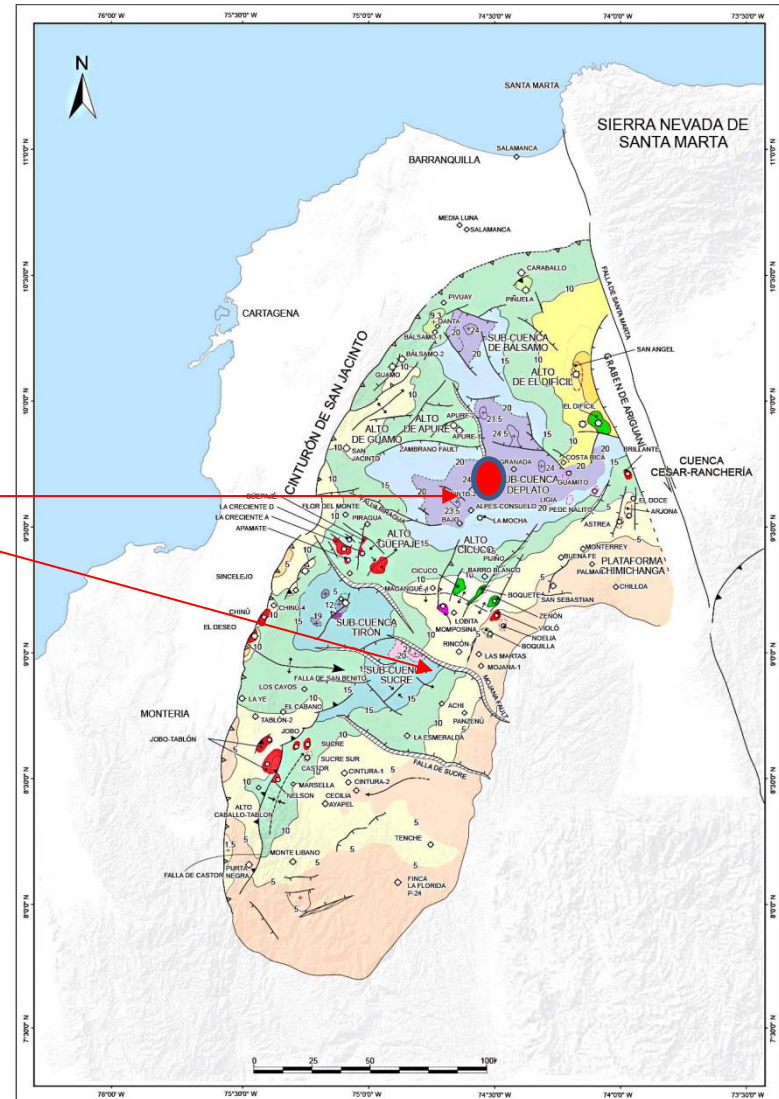
Traps

- Structural
- Stratigraphic

Generation Pods

2014 

Drilling of Well ANH-St-Plato Profundo

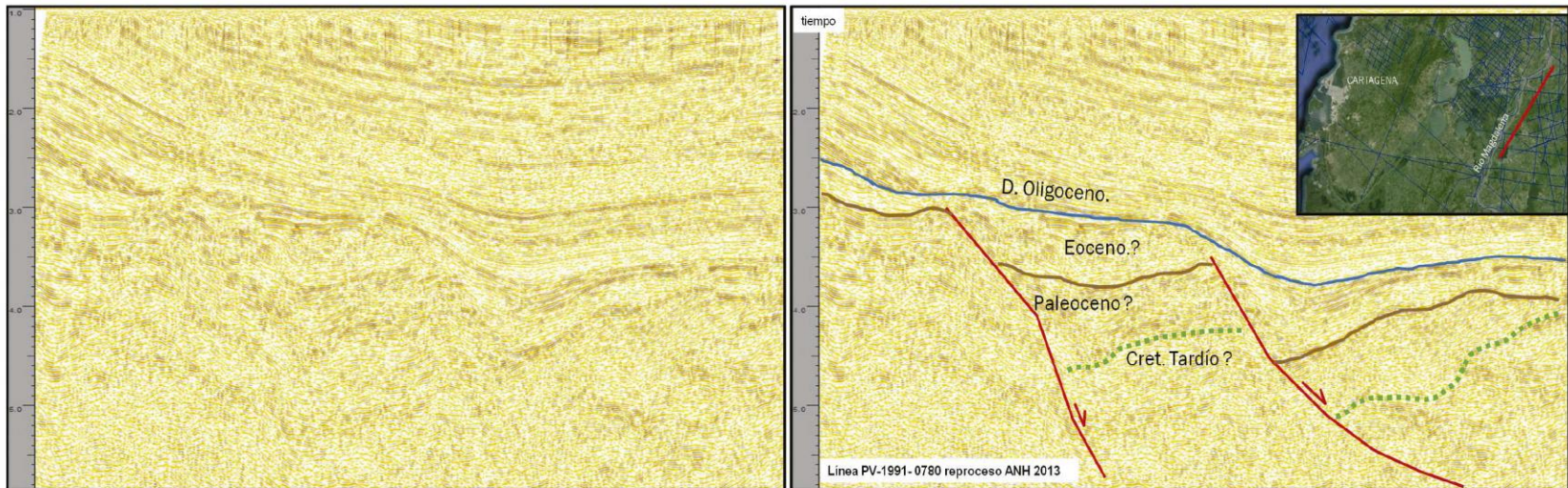




Conventional Resources

Caribbean Margin – Lower Magdalena Basin

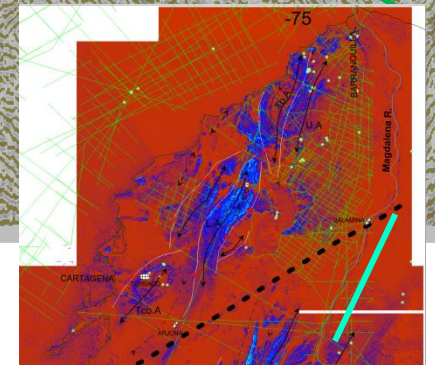
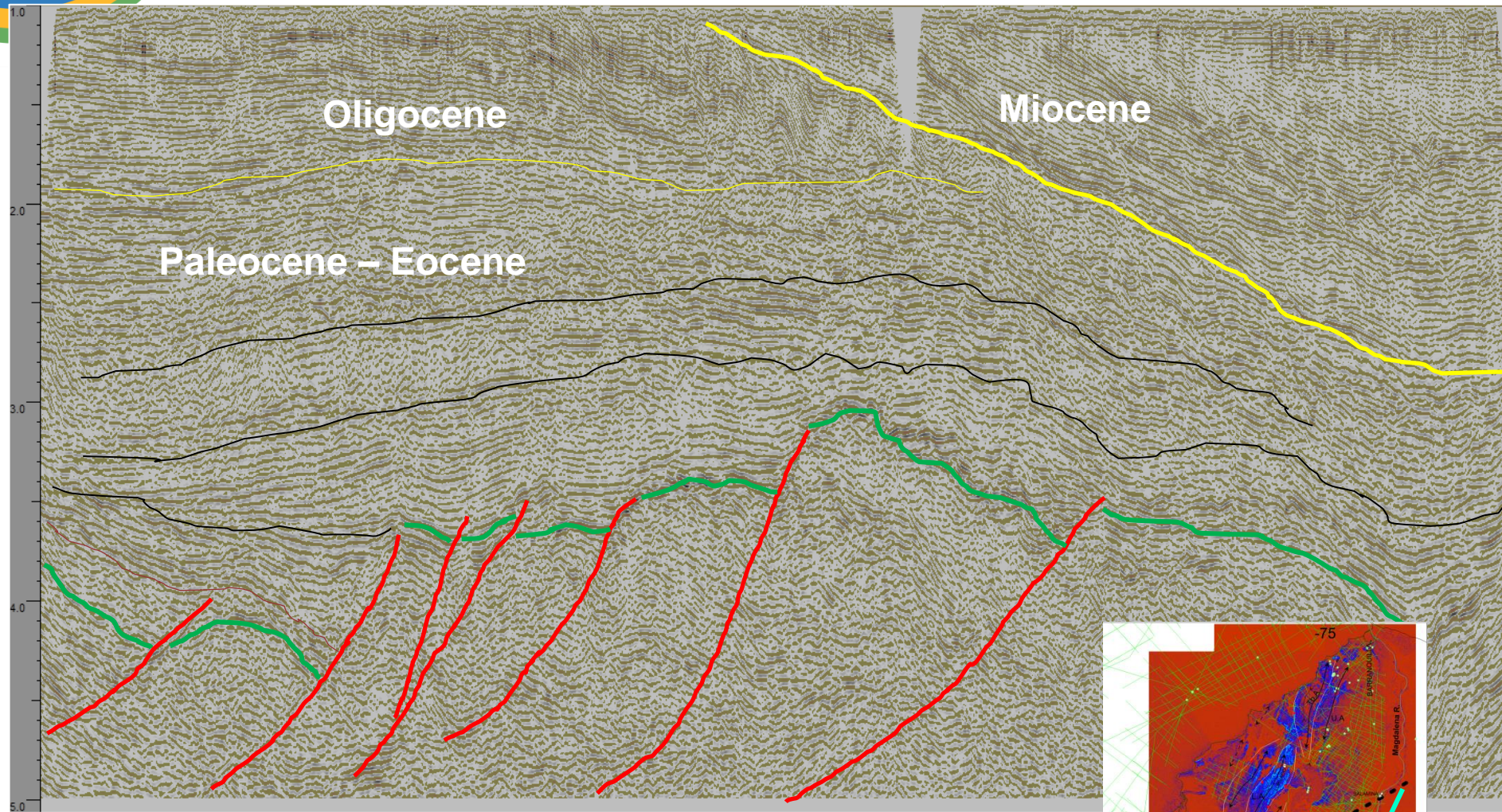
Structural Extensional Rotational Style

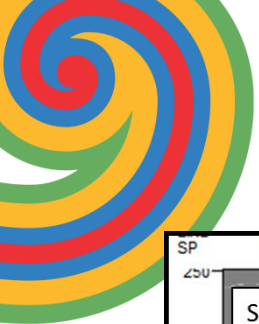


Old Bedrock



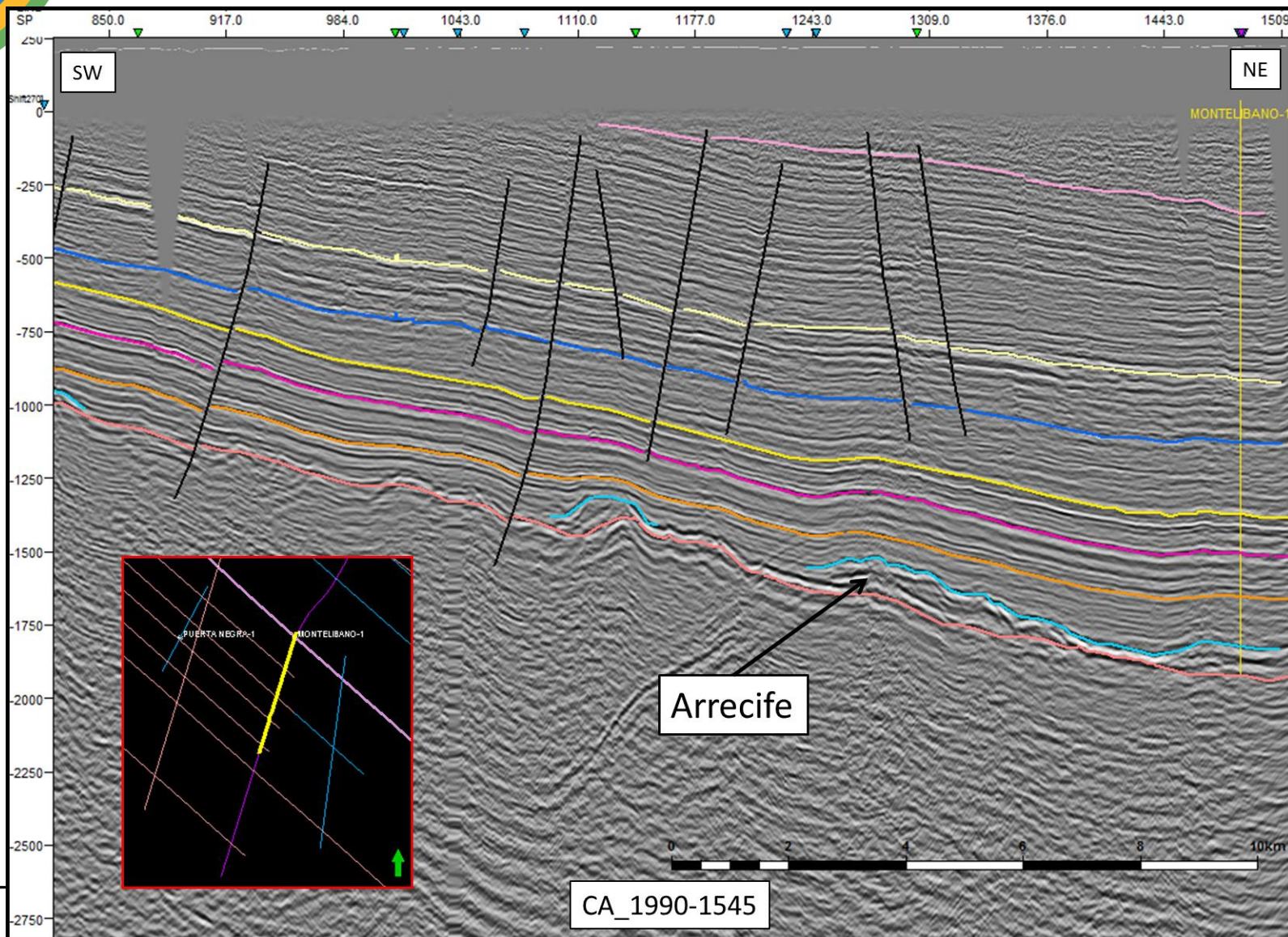
Seismic Line PV-1991-1120





Carbonate Build-ups

-
-
-
-

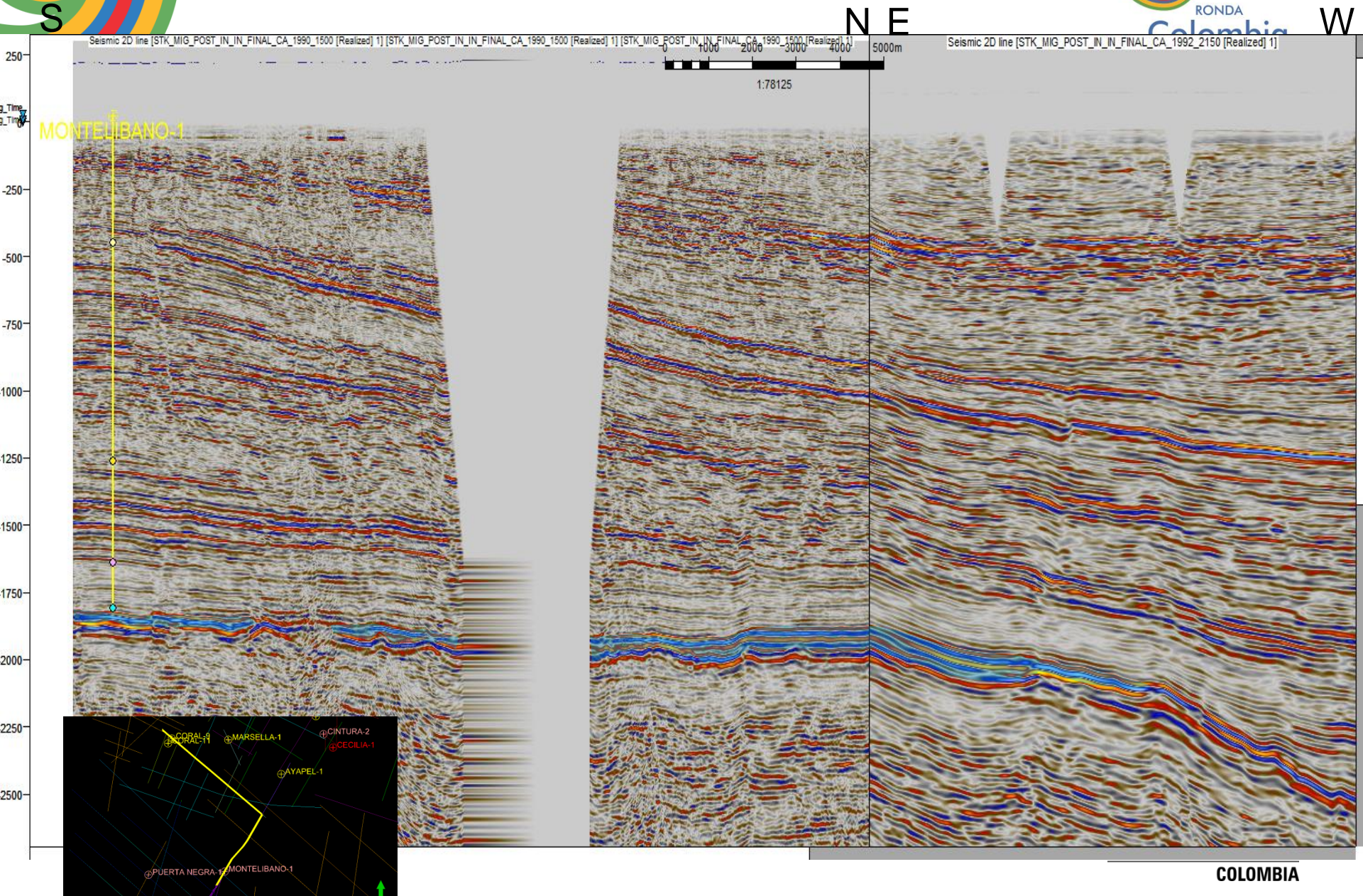


COL
The



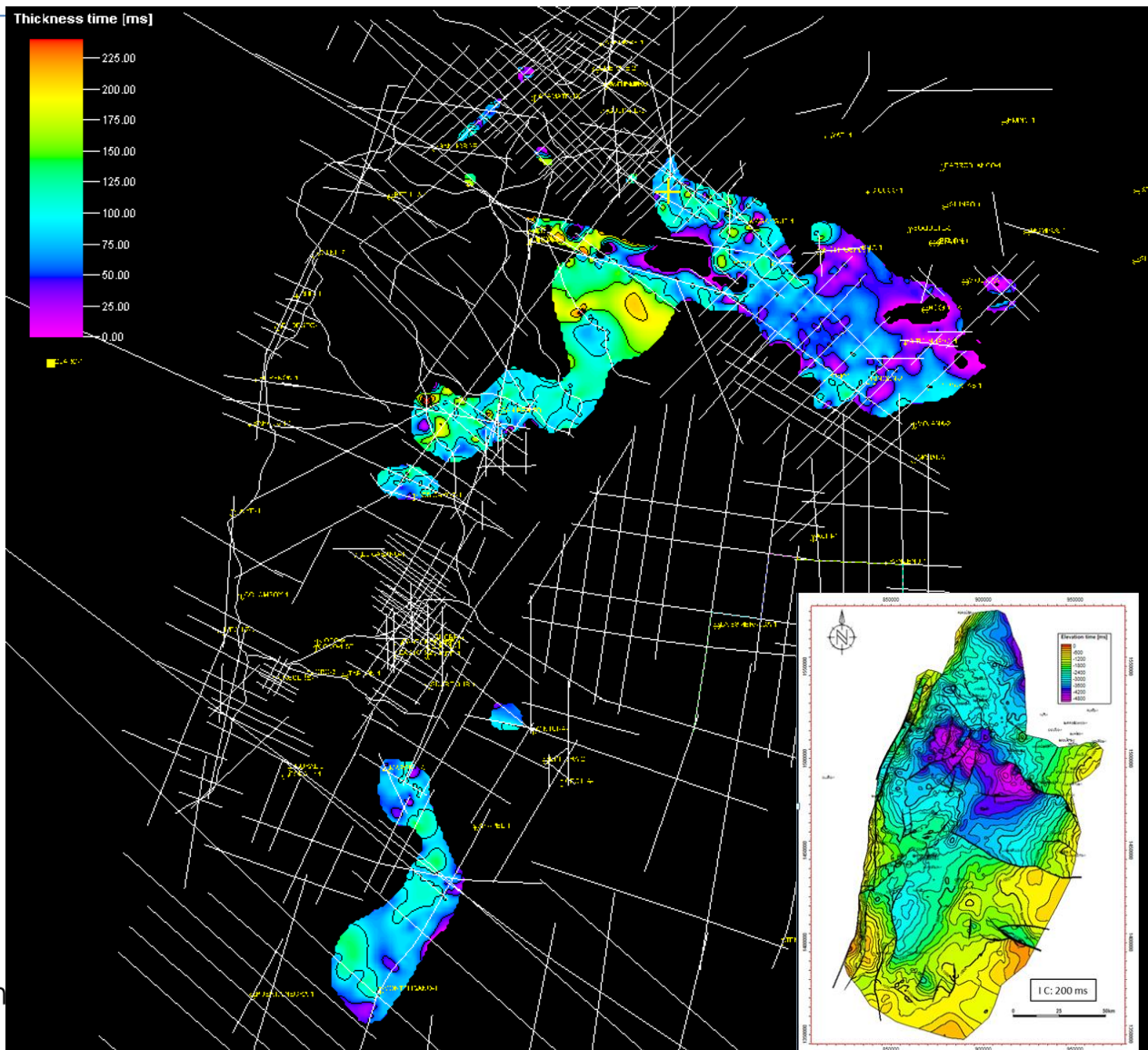
CARBUROS
COLOMBIA

Seismic Lines CA-1990-1500 and CA-1992-2150



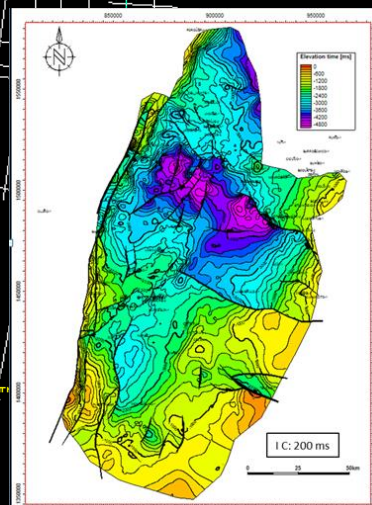


Early Miocene Carbonate Platform Isochrone Map (time thickness)



-
-
-
-

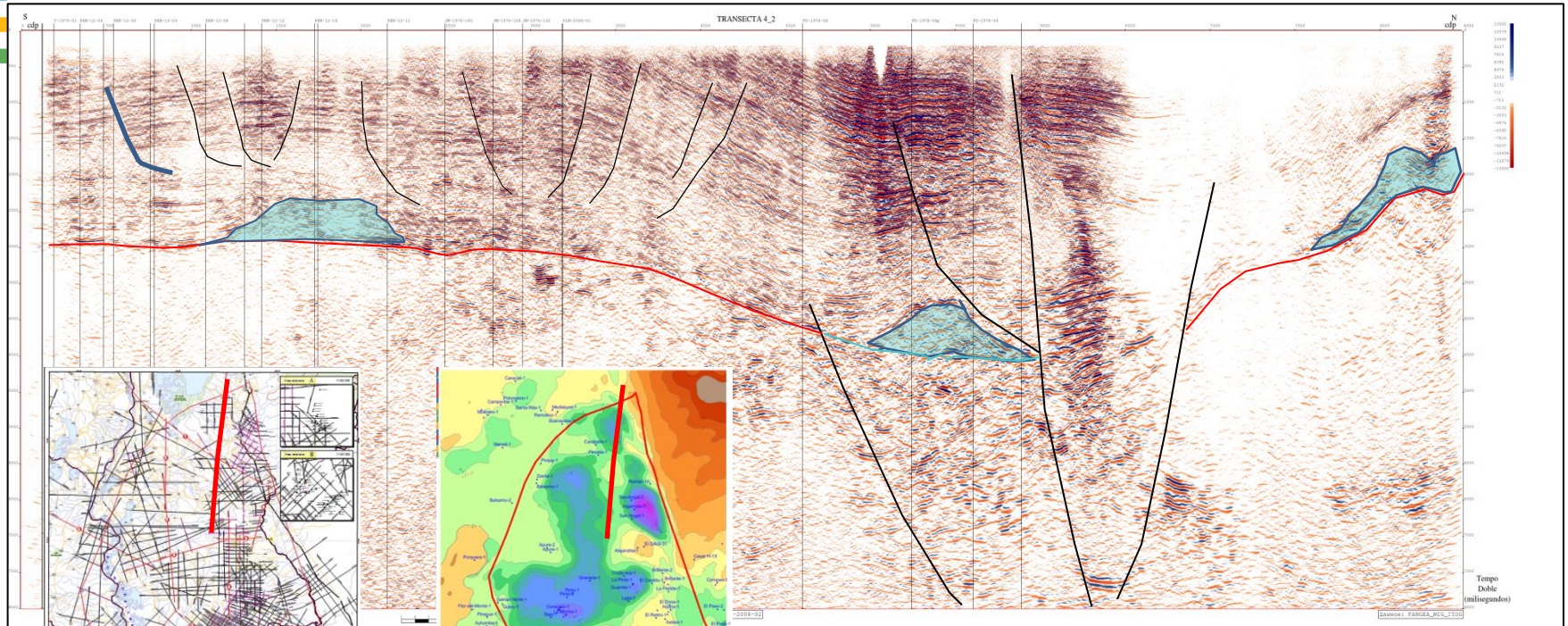
COLOMBIA:
The perfect en





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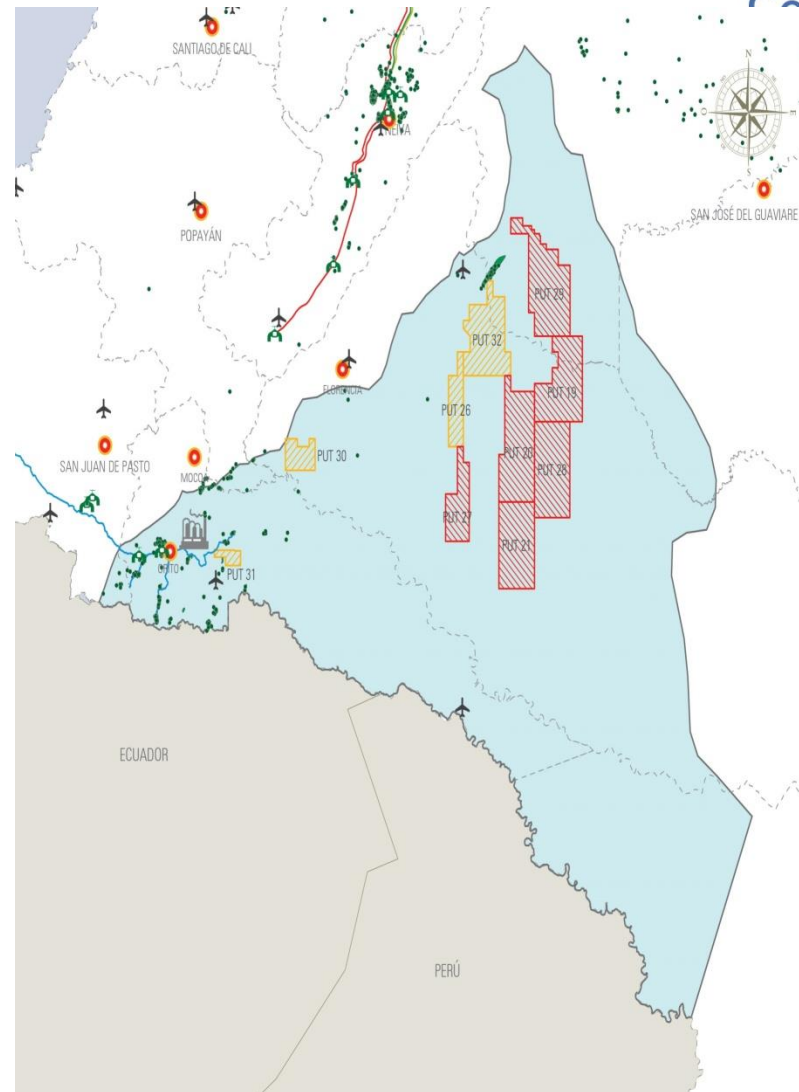
COLOMBIA:
The perfect environment



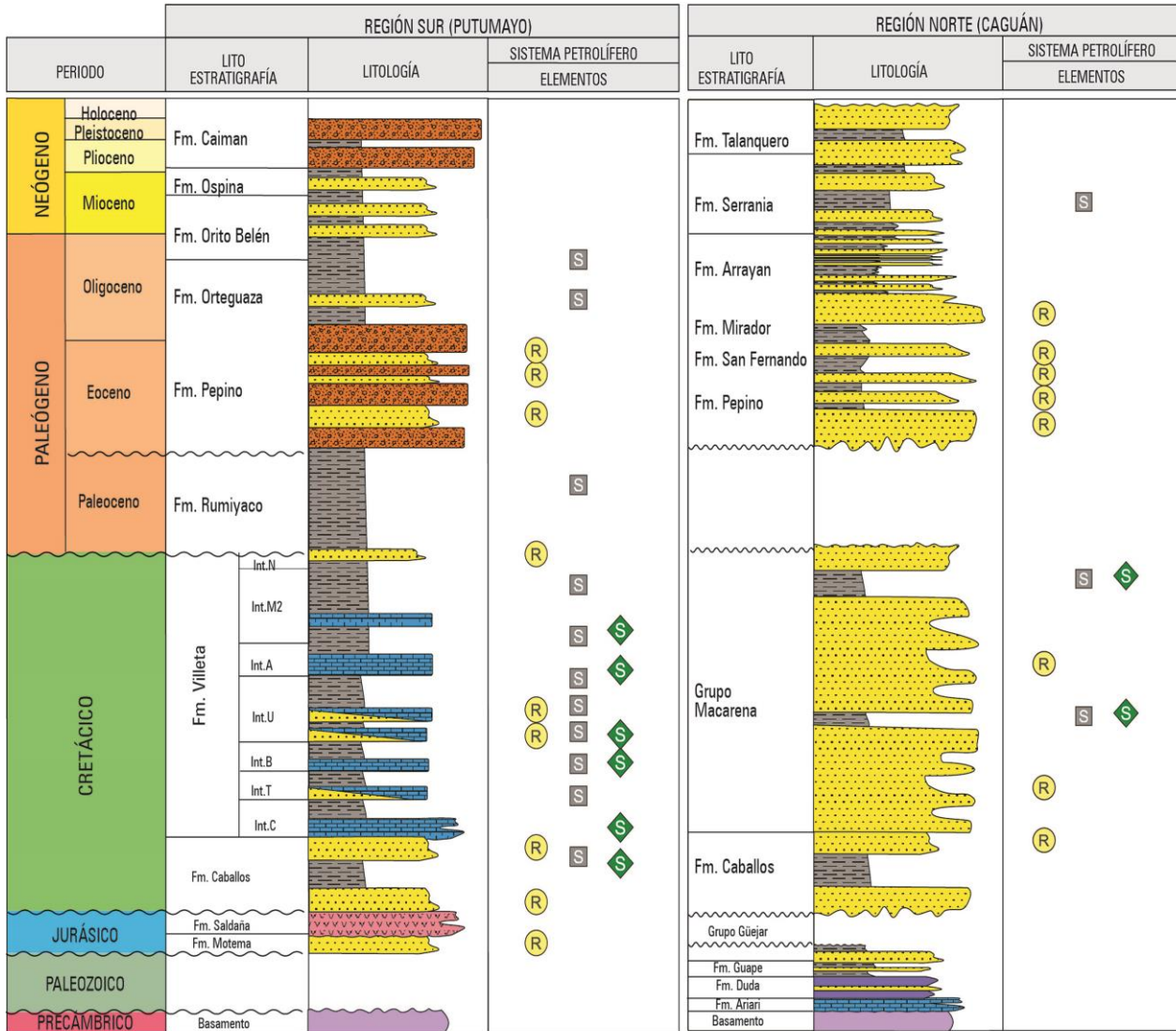
Conventional Caguan Putumayo Basins

- 10 Blocks, Types I and III

CONVENCIONES GENERALES	
	Pozo
	Campo Petróleo
	Campo Gas
	Campo Mixto
	Departamentos
	Ciudad Principal
	Refinería
	Puerto
	Estación de Bombeo
	Aeropuerto
INFRAESTRUCTURA PETROLERA	
	Combusteloducto
	Oleoducto
	Poliducto
	Propanoducto
	Gasoducto
	SD



Generalized Stratigraphic Columns



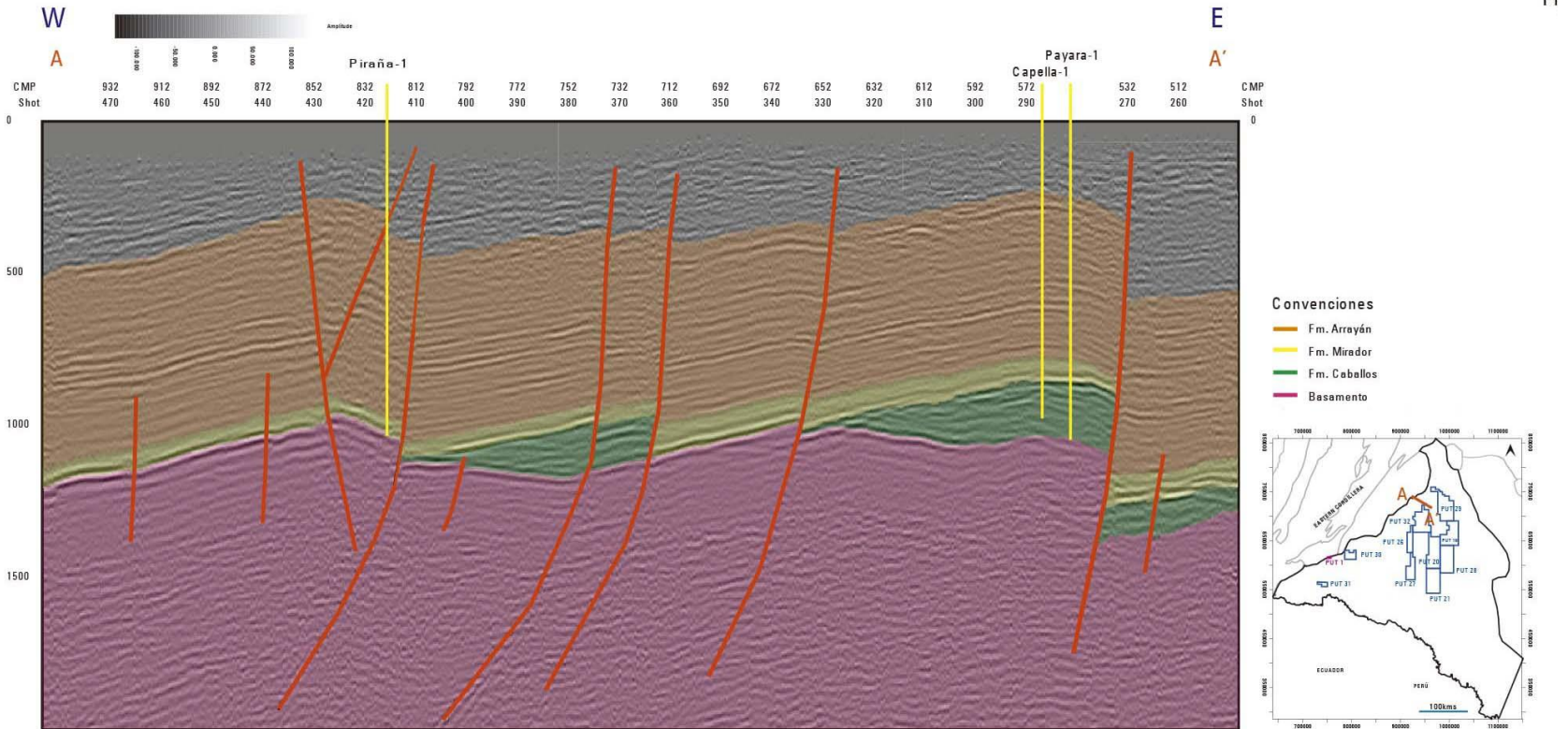
COLOMBIA: The perfect environment

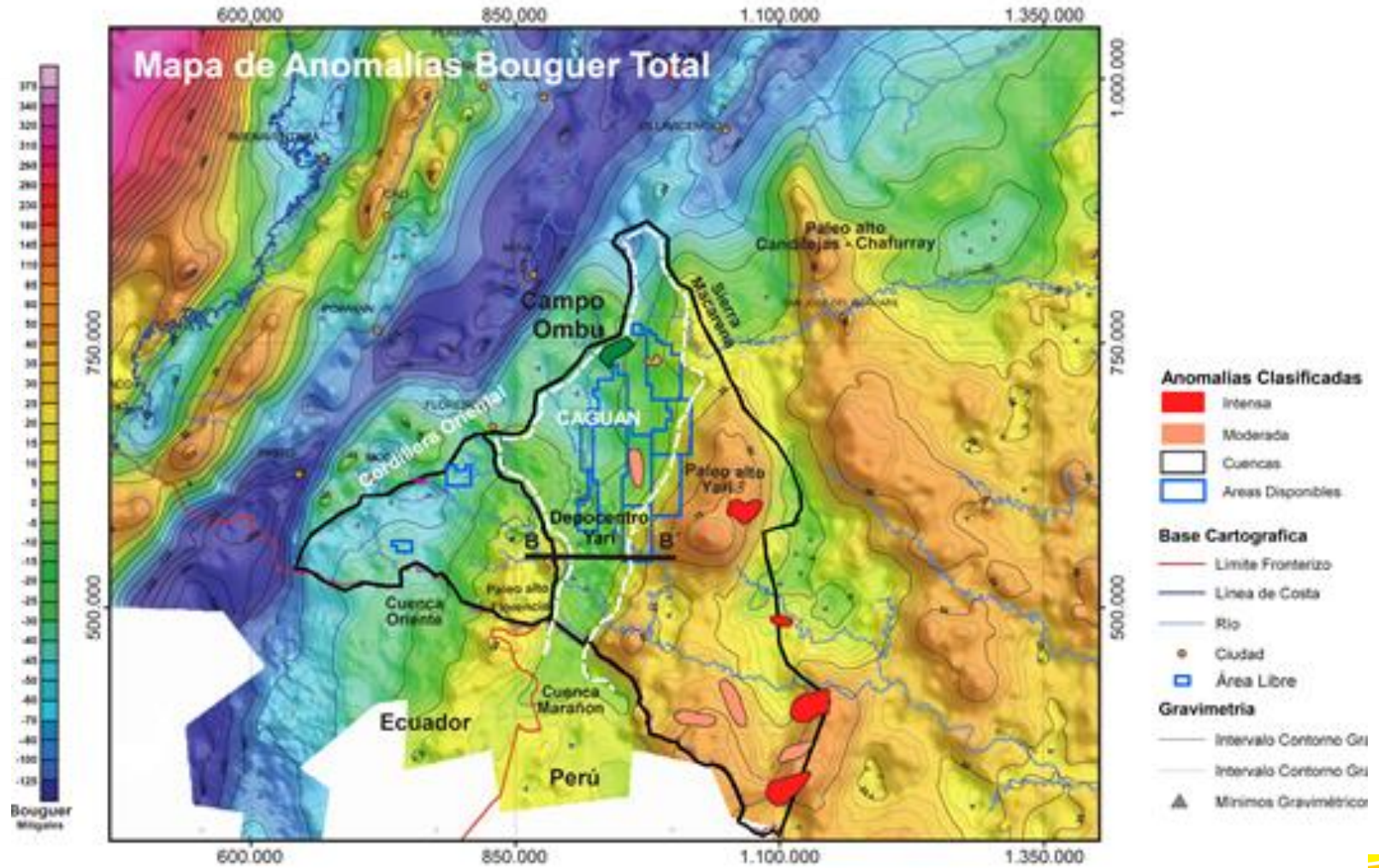
 Areniscas
  Lutitas
  Calizas
  Conglomerados
  Secuencia Volcanoclastica
  Basamento
  Generadora
  Reservorio
  Sello



Conventional Resources Caguan Basin

Inversion Structures



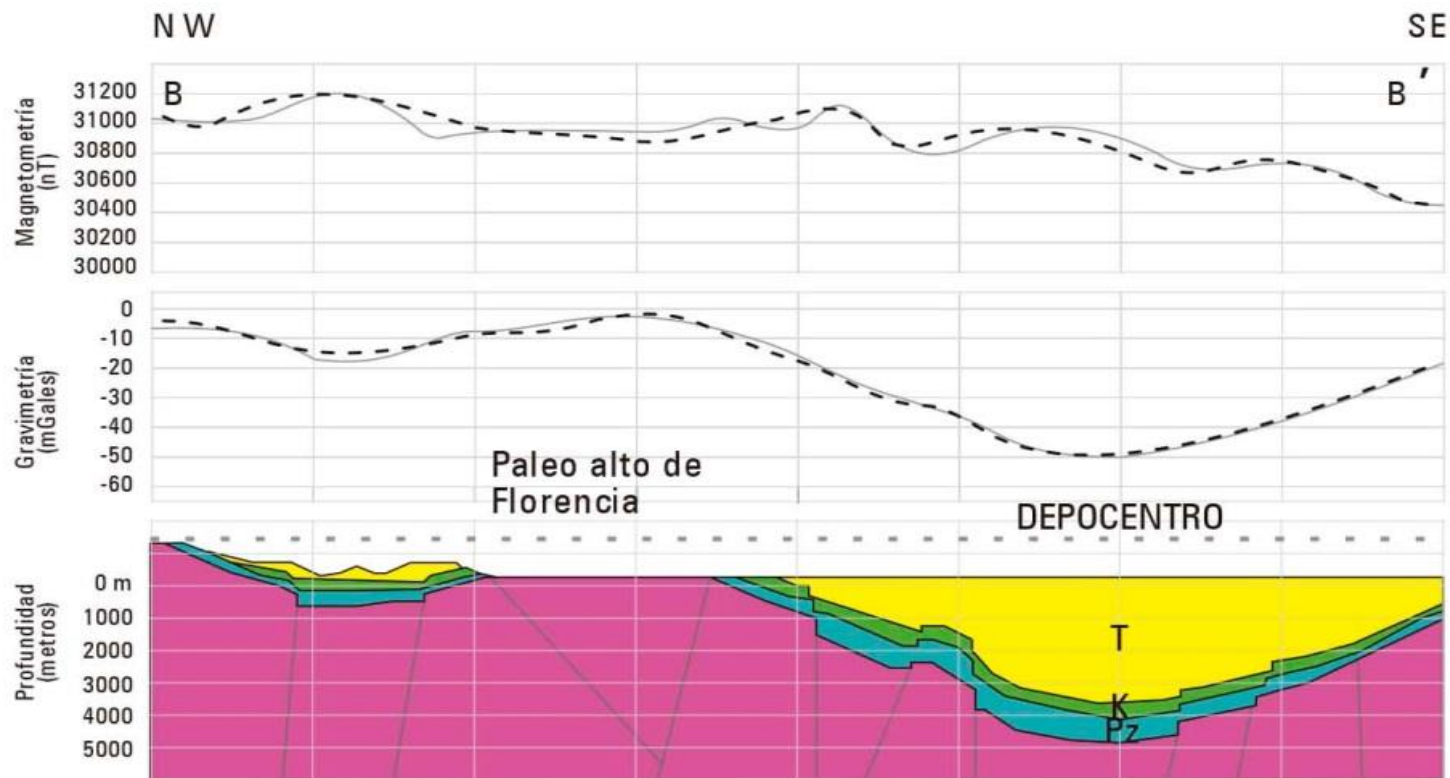




Conventional Resources

Caguan Basin

Sección Magnetométrica/Gravimétrica
Perfil Geológico Interpretado





Conventional Catatumbo Basin

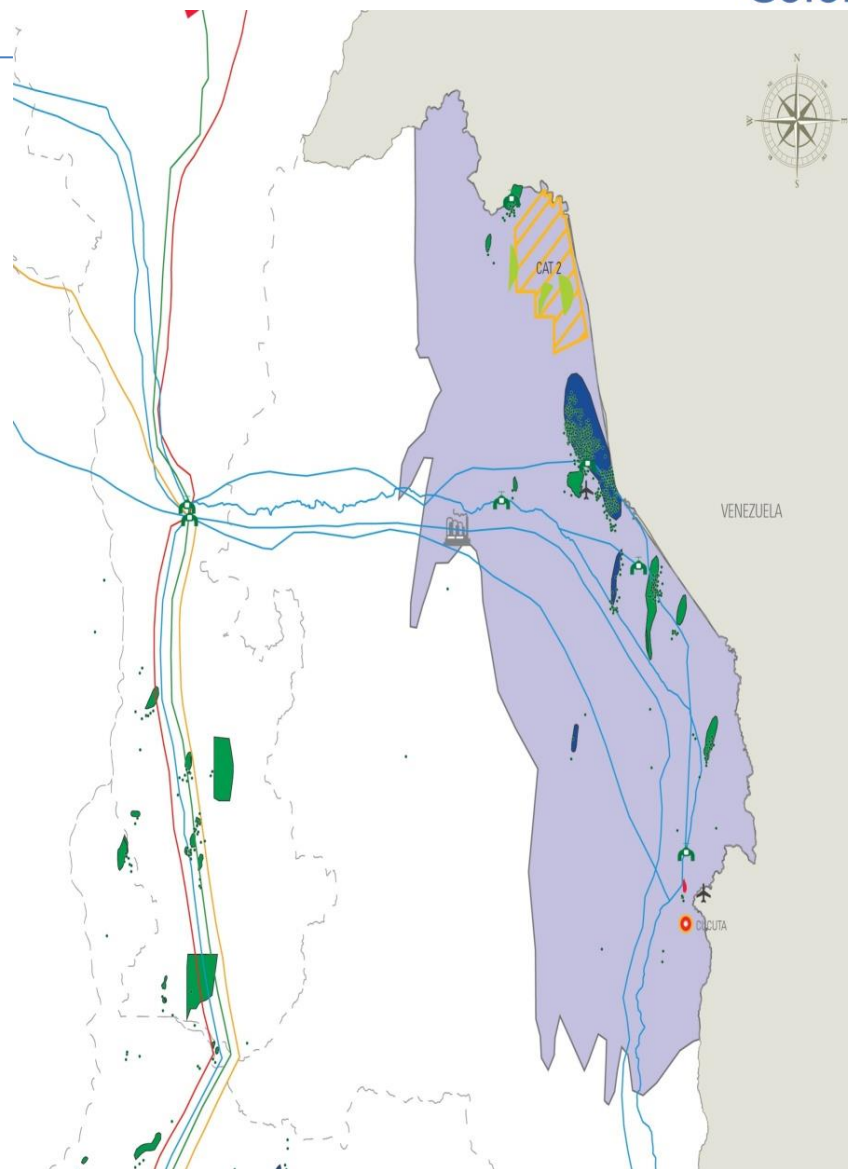
- 3 Blocks, Types I & II

CONVENCIONES GENERALES

Pozo	Ciudad Principal
Campo Petróleo	Refinería
Campo Gas	Puerto
Campo Mixto	Estación de Bombeo
Departamentos	Aeropuerto

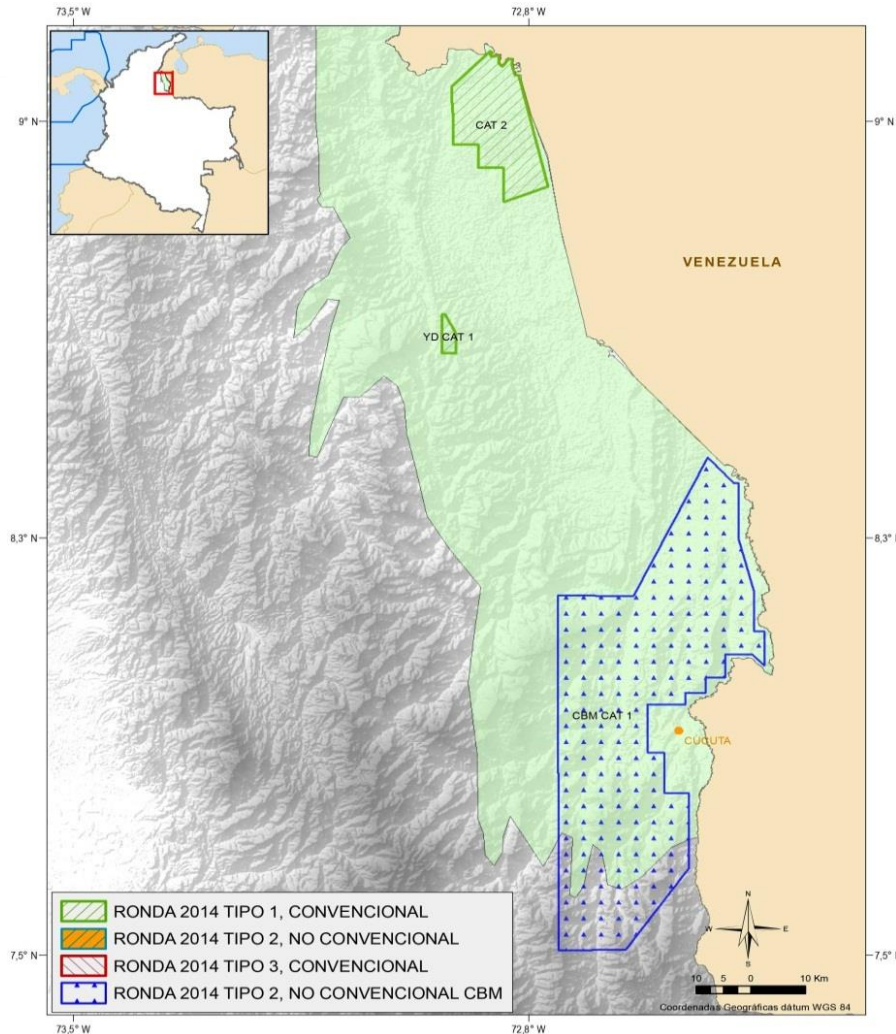
INFRAESTRUCTURA PETROLERA

Combusteloducto	Propanoducto
Oleoducto	Gasoducto
Poliducto	SD





Conventional Resources Catatumbo Basin



PERIODO	LITOESTRATIGRAFÍA	LITOLOGÍA	SISTEMA PETROLIFERO	
			ELEMENTOS	PROCESOS TRAMPAS MIGRACIÓN
NEÓGENO	Dep. Aluviales			
	Fm. Guayabo			
	Fm. León		S	R
PALEÓGENO	Fm. Carbonera		S	R
	Fm. Mirador		S	R
	Fm. Los Cuervos		S	R
	Fms. Barco-Catatumbo		R	S
	Fm. Mito-Juan		S	
	Fm. Colón		S	
CRETÁCICO	Fm. La Luna		S	
	Fm. Capacho		R	S
	Fm. Aguardiente		R	
	Fm. Mercedes		R	
	Fm. Tibú		S	
	Fm. Río Negro		R	S
	Grupo Uribante			
JURÁSICO	Fm. Girón			

TRANSCURRENCIA
 PLEQUES POR PROPAGACION DE FALLA
 FASE DE INVERSION
 FASE EXTENSIONAL



Conventional Llanos Basin

- 14 Blocks, Types I and III

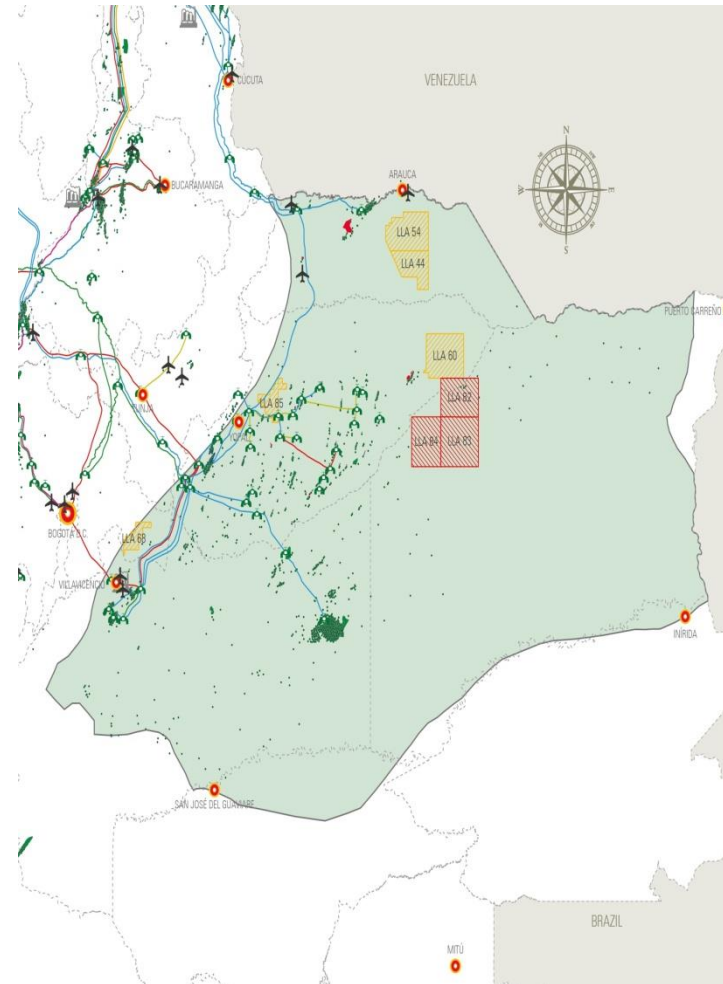


CONVENCIONES GENERALES

- Pozo
- Campo Petróleo
- Campo Gas
- Campo Mixto
- Departamentos
- Ciudad Principal
- Refinería
- Puerto
- Estación de Bombeo
- Aeropuerto

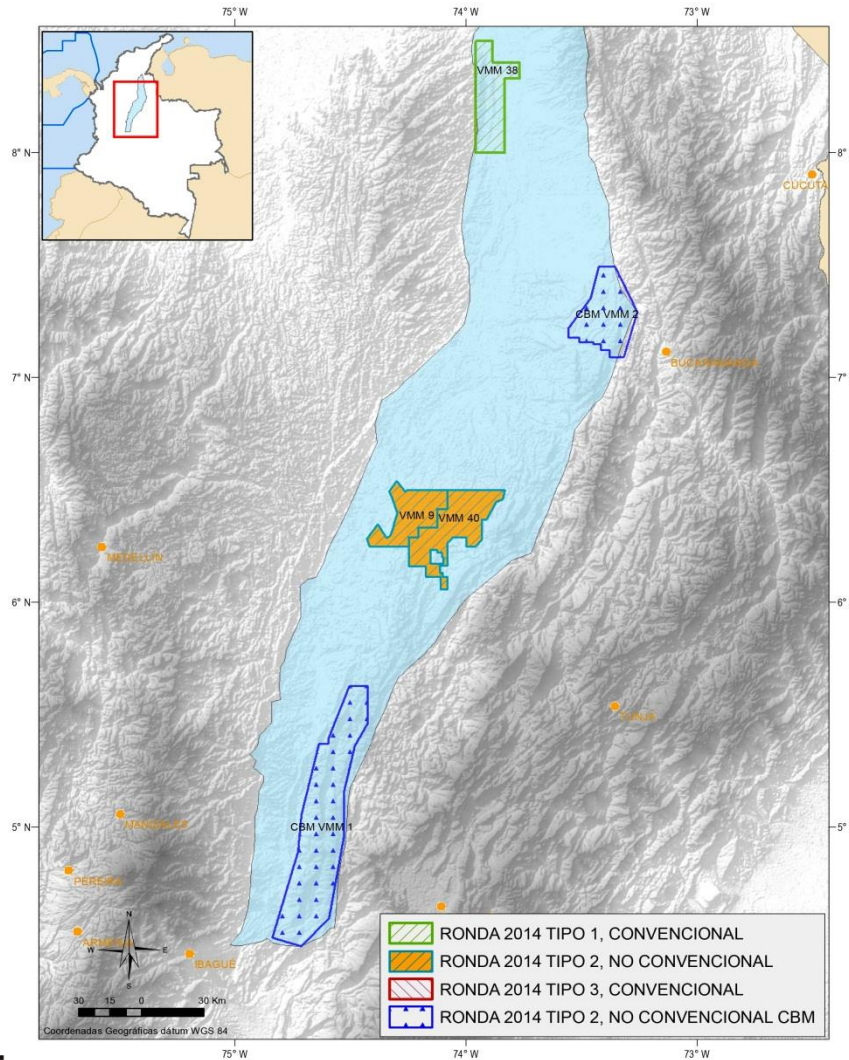
INFRAESTRUCTURA PETROLERA

- Combusteoleducto
- Oleoducto
- Poliducto
- Propanoducto
- Gasoducto
- SD





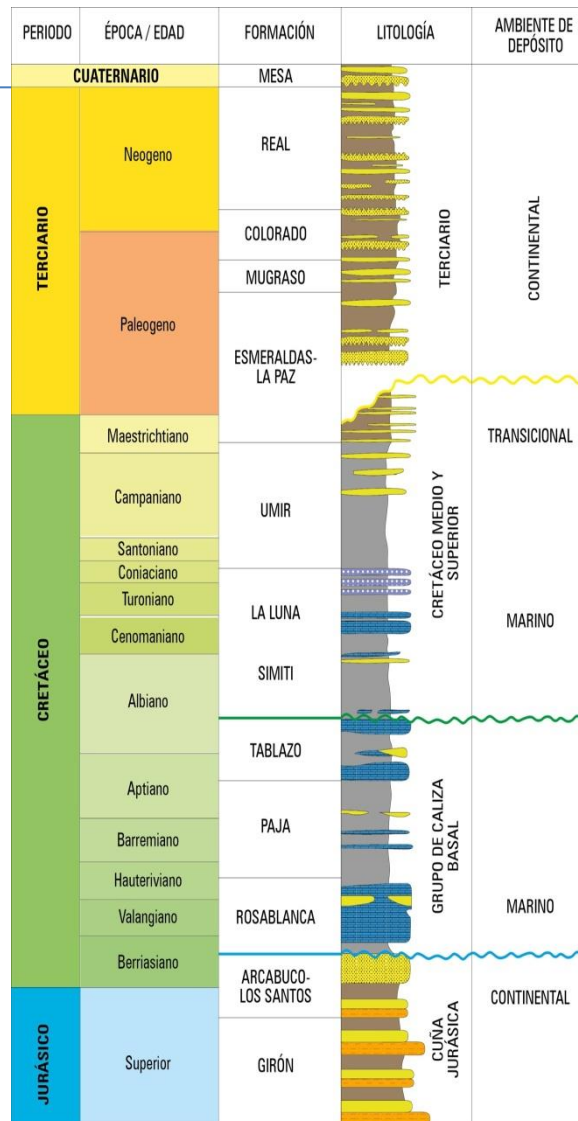
Conventional and Unconventional Resources Middle Magdalena Basin



- 4 Blocks, Types I and II

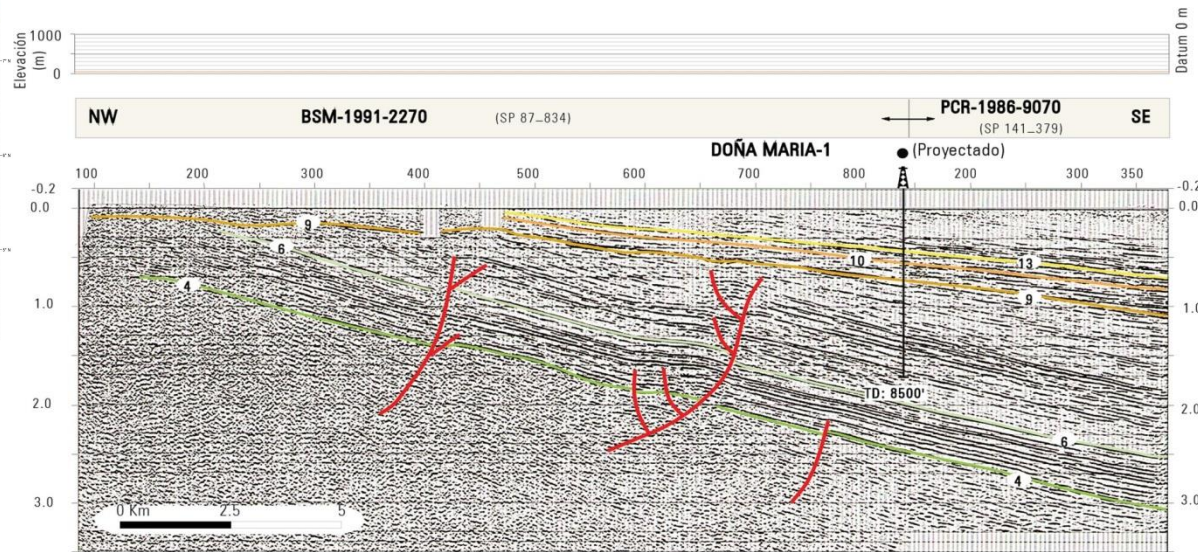
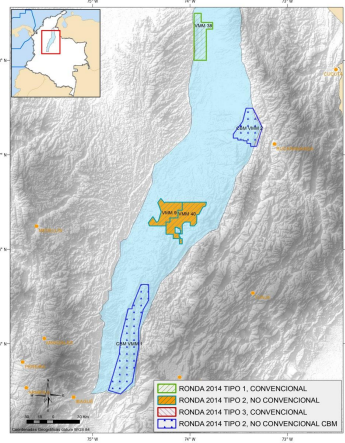
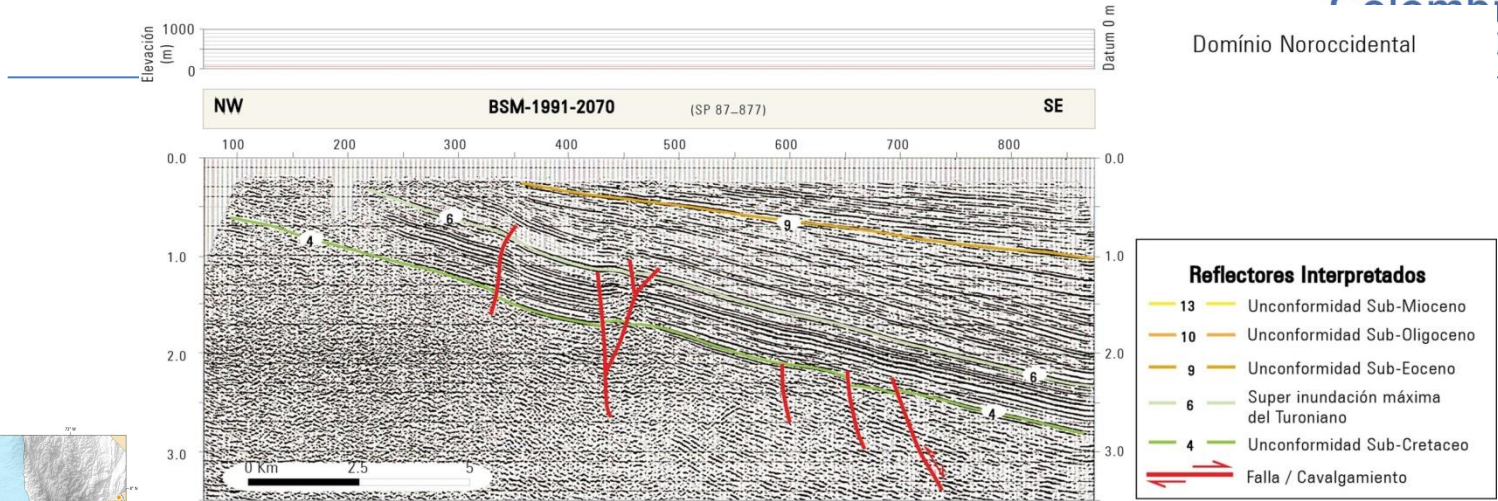


Generalized Stratigraphic Column





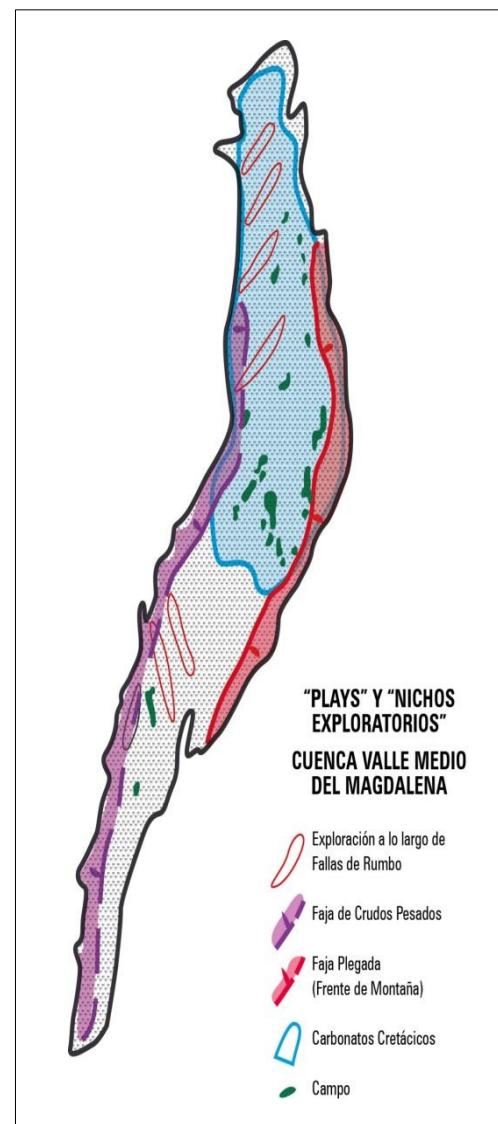
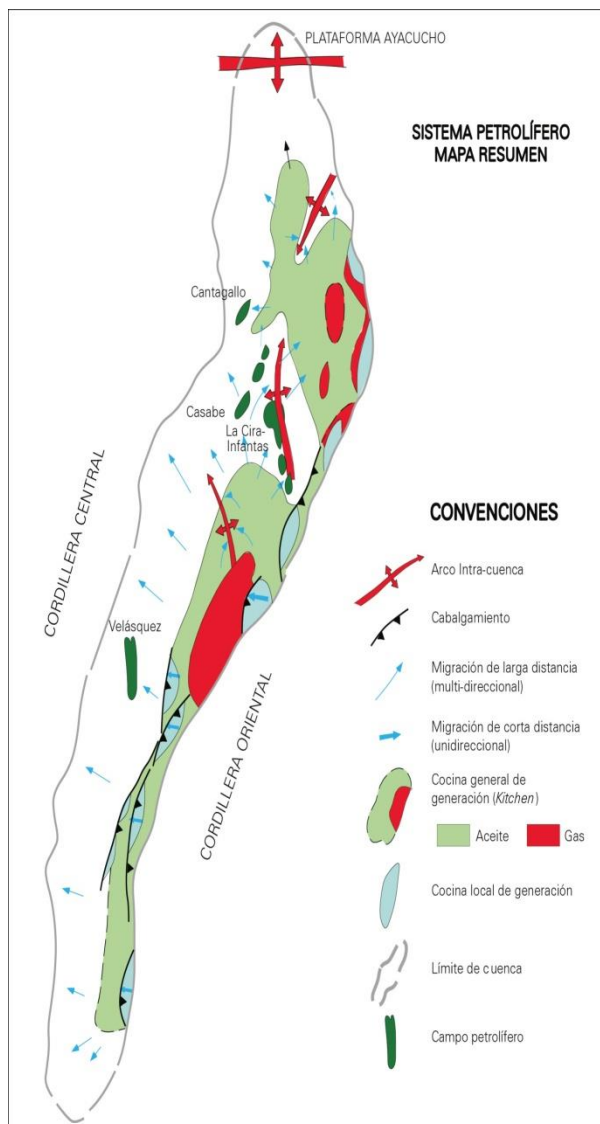
Middle Magdalena Basin



Geotec, Robertson Research, Ecopetrol (1998)



Kitchen Areas and Play Map



Mapa de cocinas de la Cuenca VMM.

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DISCOVERED ACCUMULATIONS



Discovered Accumulations

Generalities

11 Areas on offer

- 1 in Caguan-Putumayo basin
- 1 in Catatumbo basin
- 8 in Eastern Llanos basin
- 1 in Sinu-San Jacinto basin

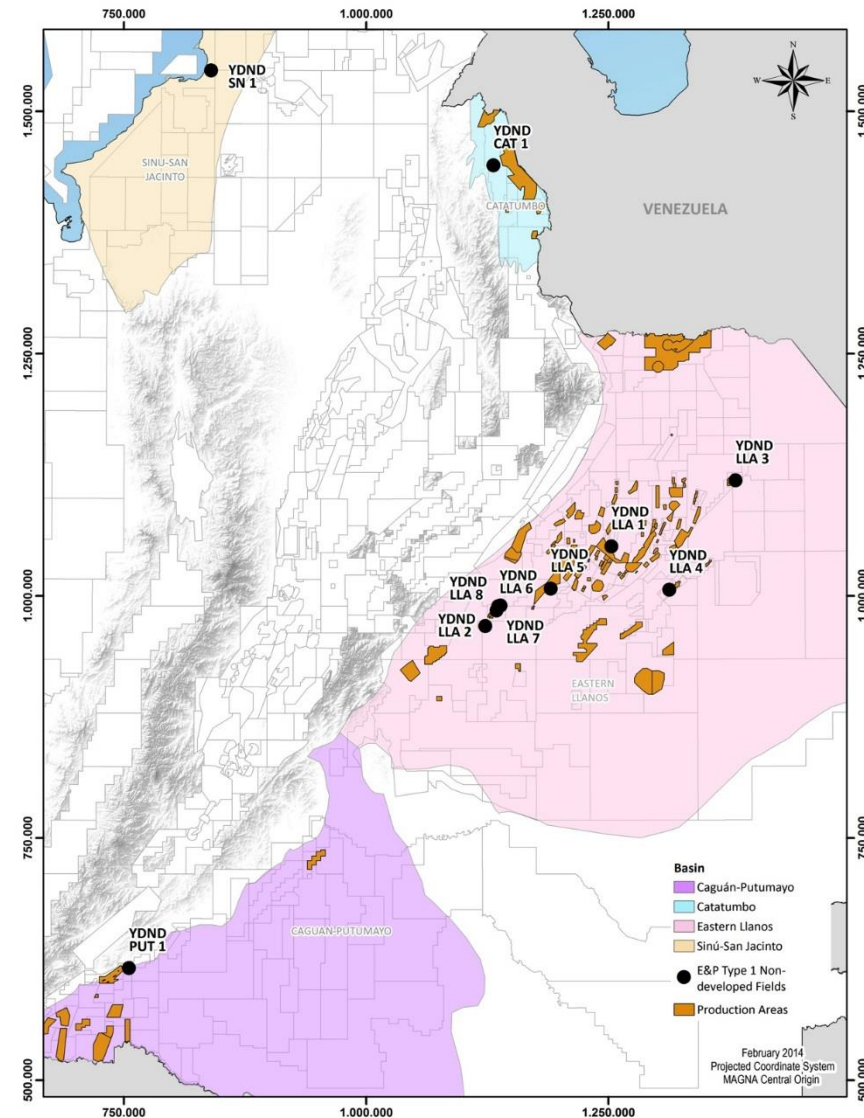
Blocks on offer range in size between 400 and 8000+ ha

Exploratory wells of reference

- 9 wells classified as B3 (8 in Llanos, 1 in Sinu-San Jacinto)
- 2 wells classified as A3 (Caguan-Putumayo and Catatumbo)

Information included in the data pack

- 32 wells distributed in the 11 Areas
- Ca. 2400 km 2D seismic
- Reference data of 3D seismic coverage

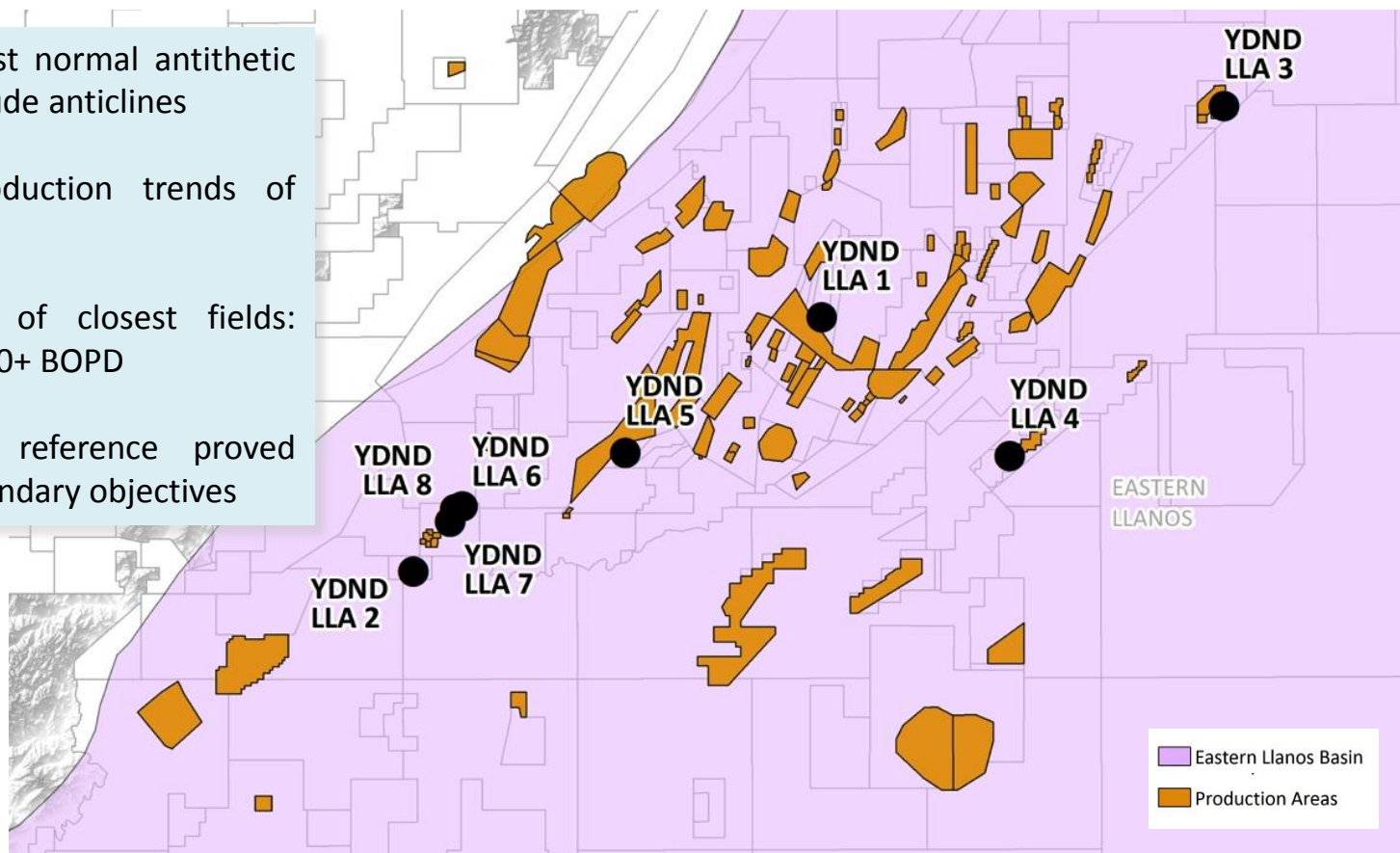




Eastern Llanos

Highlights

- Traps: closures against normal antithetic faults and low amplitude anticlines
- Areas following production trends of minor oil fields
- Average production of closest fields: between 300 and 4300+ BOPD
- 5 of 8 wells of reference proved hydrocarbons on secondary objectives



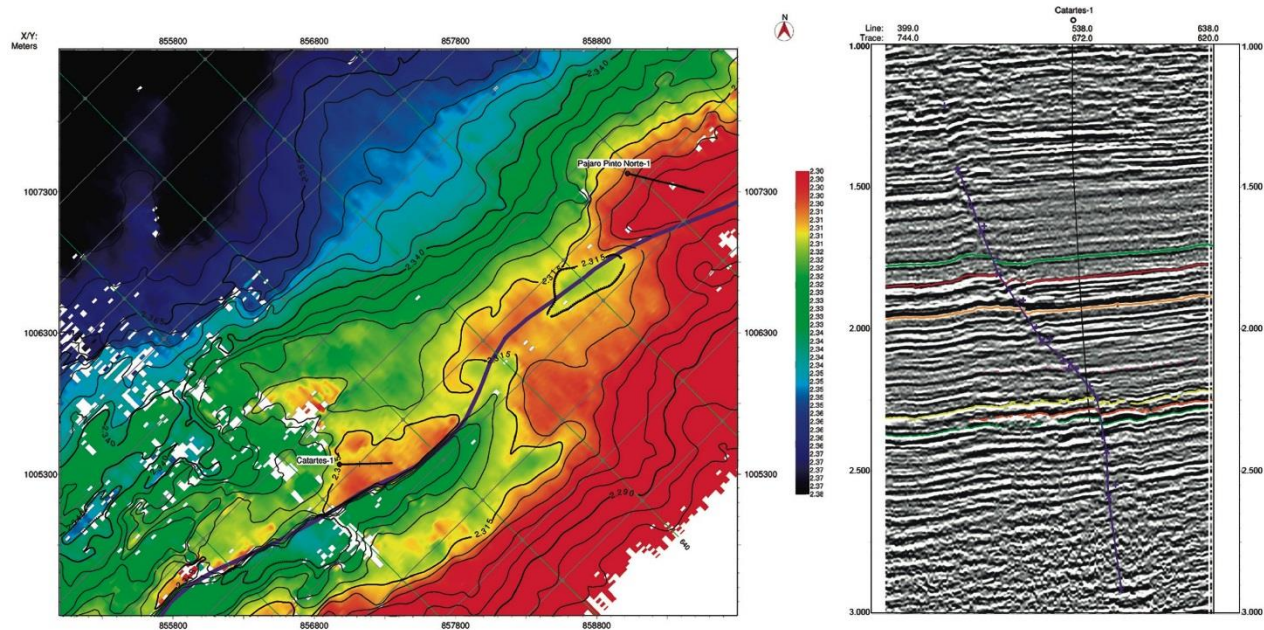


Eastern Llanos

YD LLA 5

Well name	Objective	Shows	Shows intervals	Initial production	Initial BSW	Cumulative production	Cumulative H ₂ O
Catartes-1	Mirador (P)	Crude	9.320'-9.346'	-	-	-	-
	Guadalupe (S)	Crude	9.448'-9.457'	347 BOPD	5,00%	2.540 Bls	9.966 Bls
			9.461'-9.467'				
	Gacheta (S)	Crude+gas	9.800'-9.815'	6 BOPD	86,50%	203 Bls	304 Bls
			9.818'-9.823'				
			9.894'-9.904'				
9.952'-9.961'							
Ubaque (P)	Crude+gas	10.027'-10.067'	-	-	-	-	

- To evaluate well location



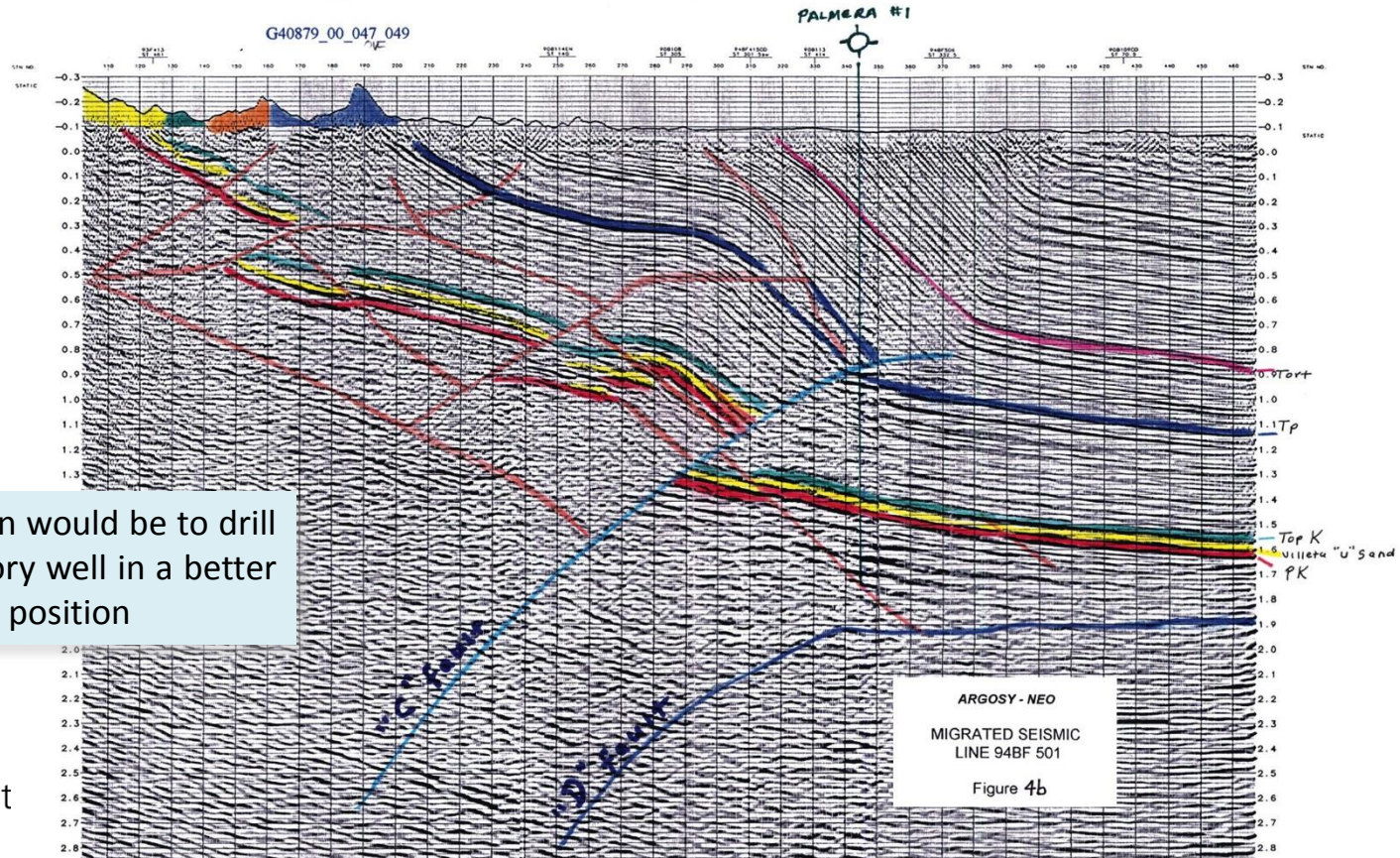
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Caguan-Putumayo

YD PUT 1

Well name	Objective	Shows	Shows intervals	Initial production	Initial BSW	Cumulative production	Cumulative H ₂ O
Palmera-1	Villeta (P)	Res. crude	-	-	-	-	-
	Caballos (S)	Res. crude	-	-	-	-	-
Re-entry	Villeta (P) (ss Kg)	Crude	7.844'-7.864'	47,5 BOPD	0,80%	385 Bls	1 Bl

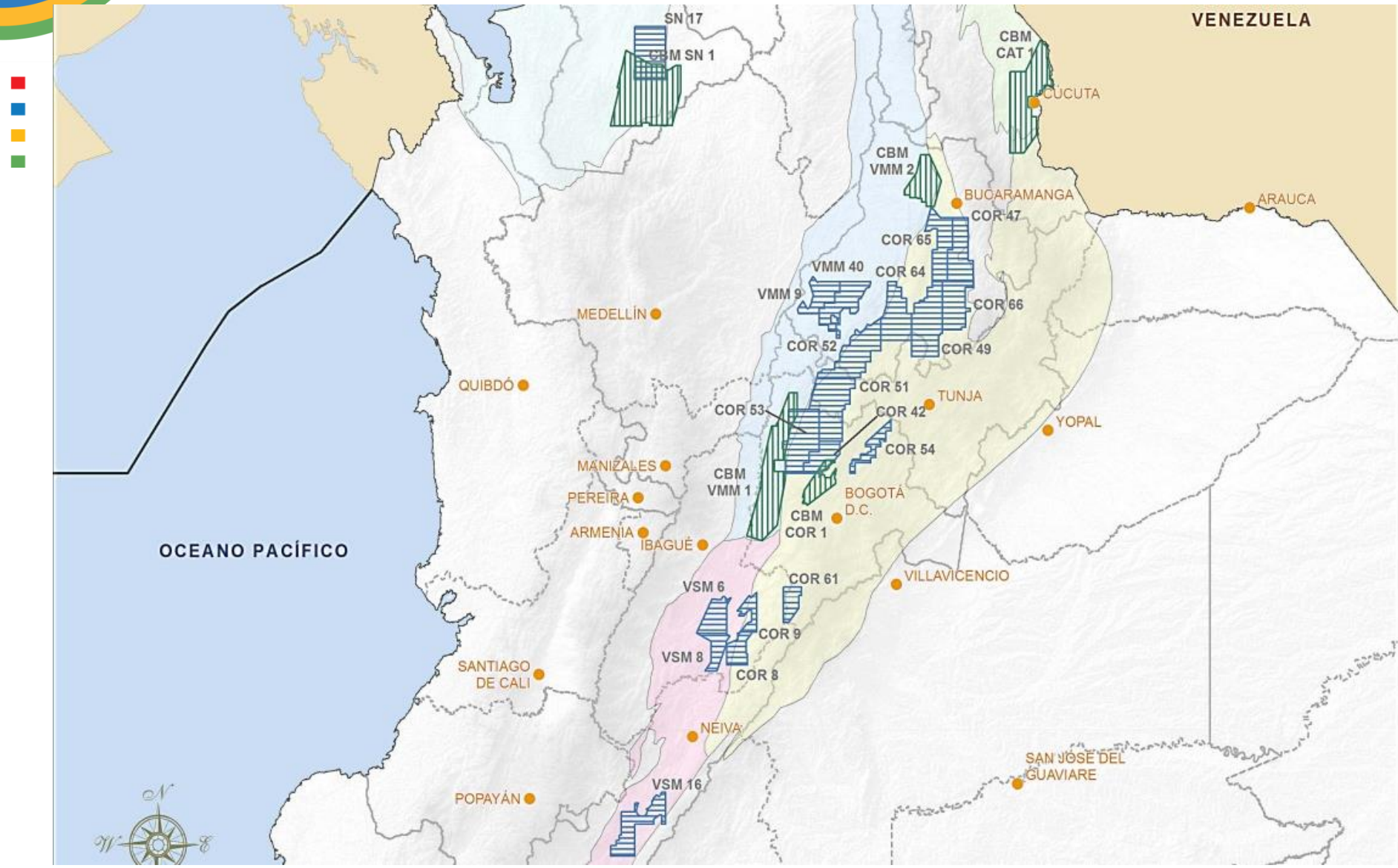


- A feasible option would be to drill a new exploratory well in a better structural updip position

UNCONVENTIONAL RESOURCES



Areas On Offer





Unconventional Reservoirs

Highlights

- Detailed database containing petrographic, geochemical, petrophysical and stratigraphic (facies) information, corresponding to basins with potential to explore for Unconventional resources
- New Unconventional province: Sinu-San Jacinto basin. Thick source rock sequence of the Cansona Fm.
- Areas on Offer selected from “sweet spot” maps
- Reports and data associated with ongoing studies will be available in the Q3/14



Middle Magdalena Valley

ANH-EGI_UTAH



Umir

TOC 0,7 – 12,2% Ro 0,5 – 0,55%

La Luna

TOC 0,3 – 12,25% Ro 0,3 – 4,92%

Simiti

TOC 0,55 – 12,08% Ro 0,72 – 1,98%

Tablazo

TOC 0,8 – 6,28% (Very high Ro) (?)

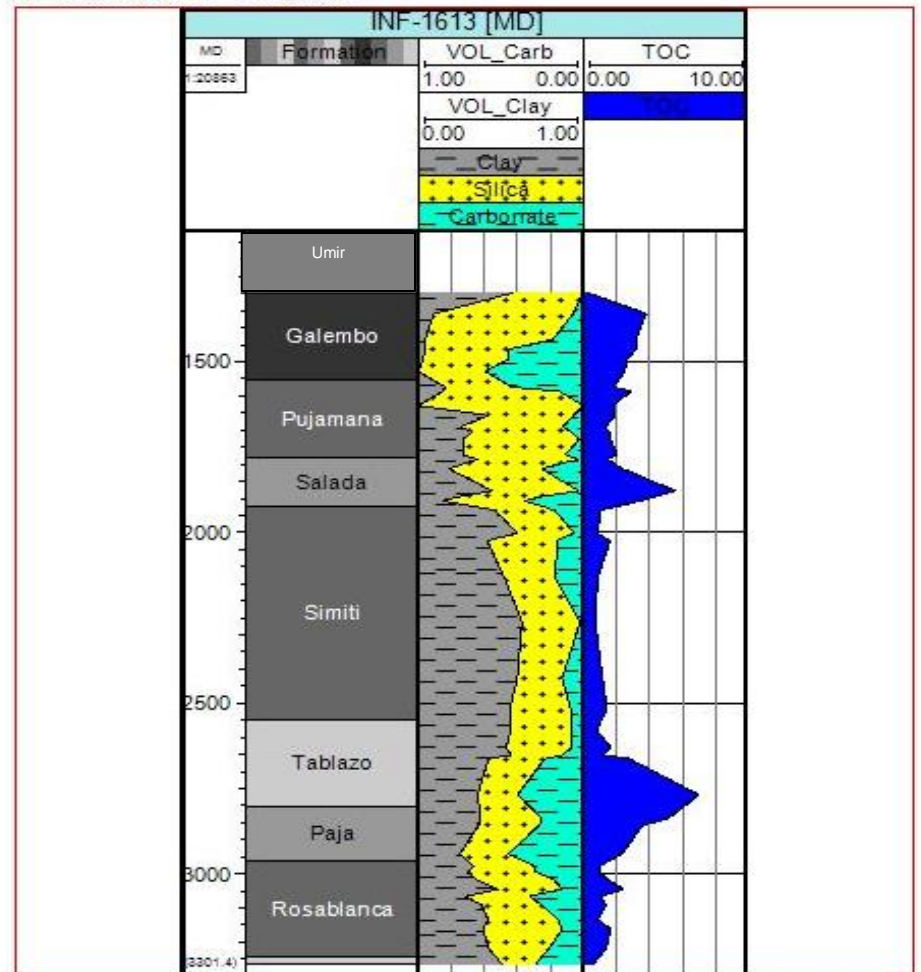
Paja

TOC 0,74 – 8,95% Ro 0,94 – 1,3% (?)

Rosablanca

TOC 0,87 – 2,44% Ro 0,75 - > 2%

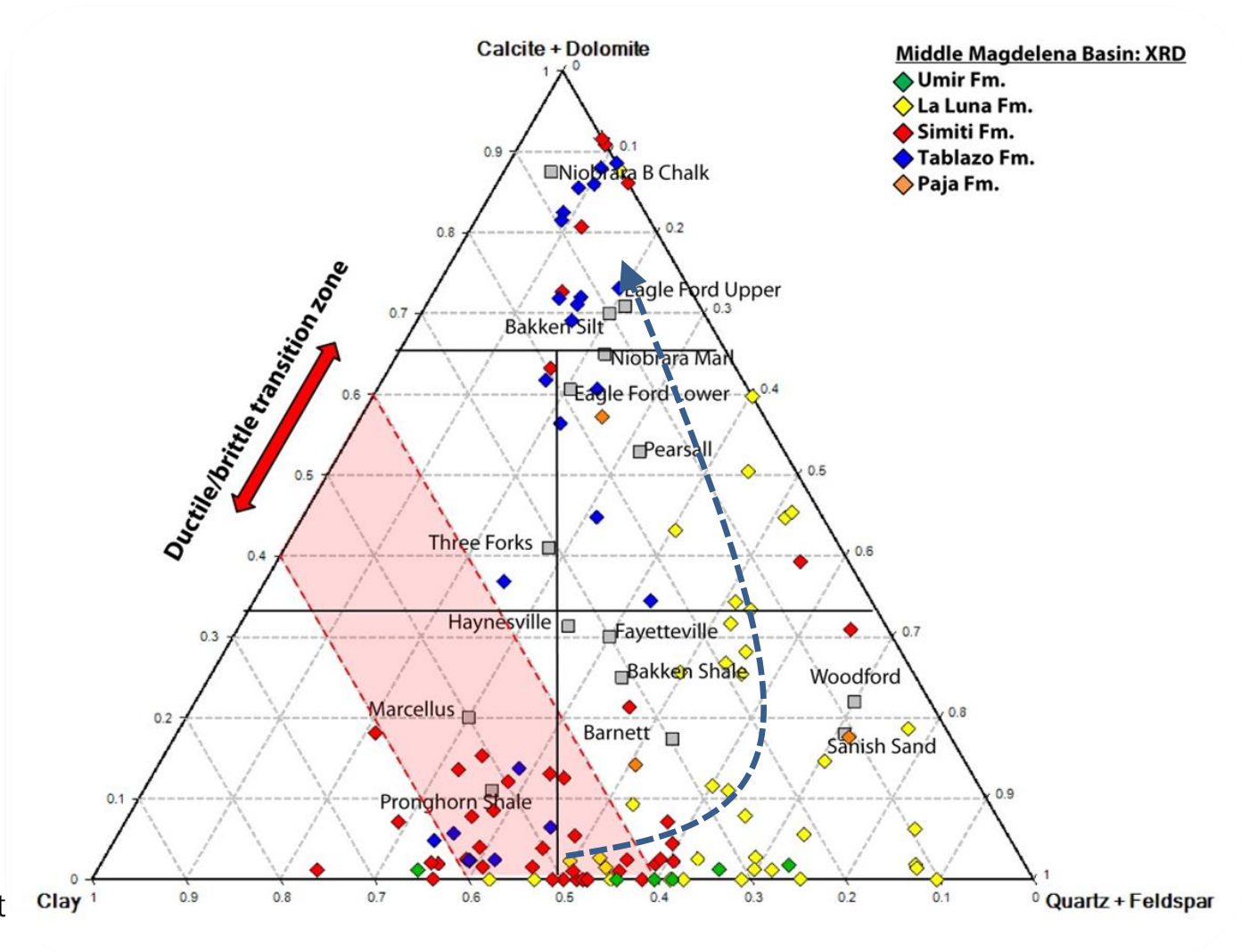
Colombia-Middle Magdalena Basin Projection-Bogota (UTM Zone 18N) X=634923 Y=765902





Middle Magdalena Valley

XRD mineralogy





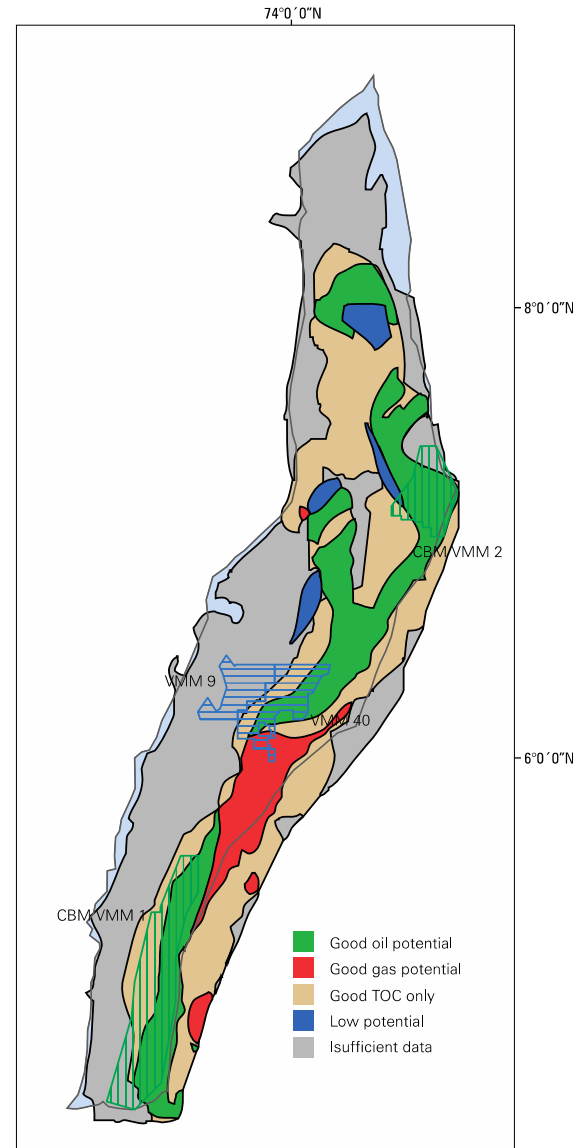
Middle Magdalena Valley

Sweet spots (multivariate analysis)



- Good oil potential (TOC <1%, Ro: in generation window for oil).
- Good gas potential (TOC >1%, Ro: in generation window for gas).
- Good TOC only (TOC > 1%, Ro: no available data).
- Low Potential (Ro: values indicating immature rocks).
- Insufficient Data

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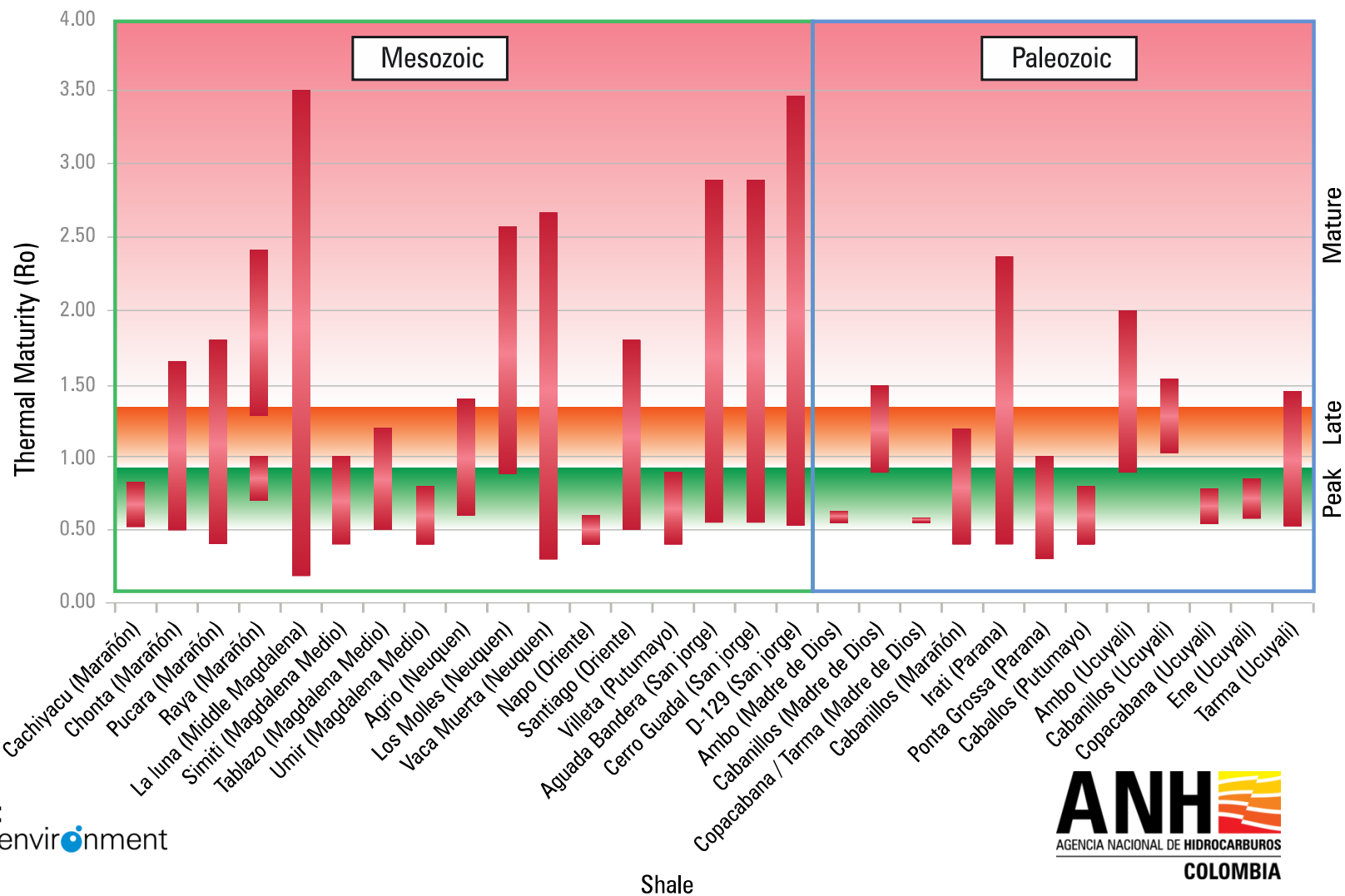




Middle Magdalena Valley

Regional Ro comparison

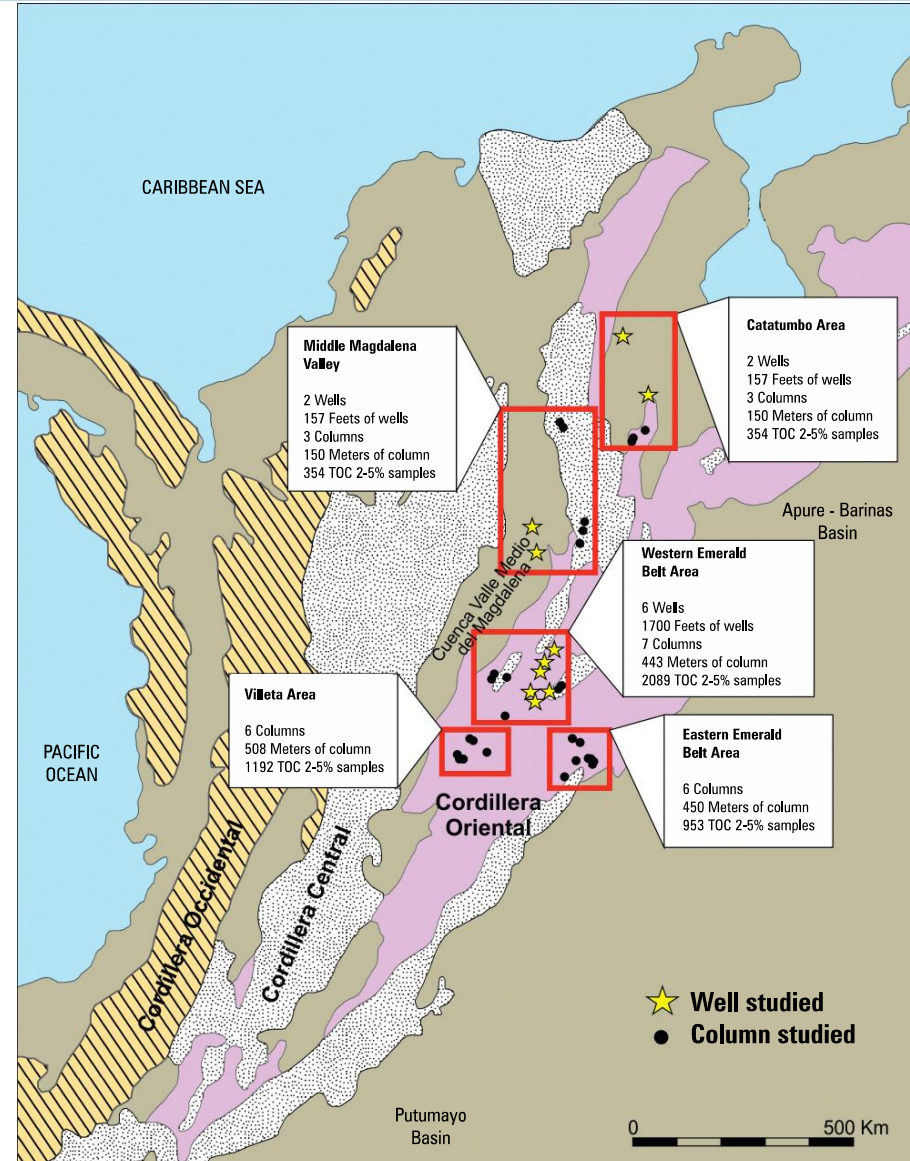
Ro Estimates for south american shales





ANH-Ayco 2014 Consortium

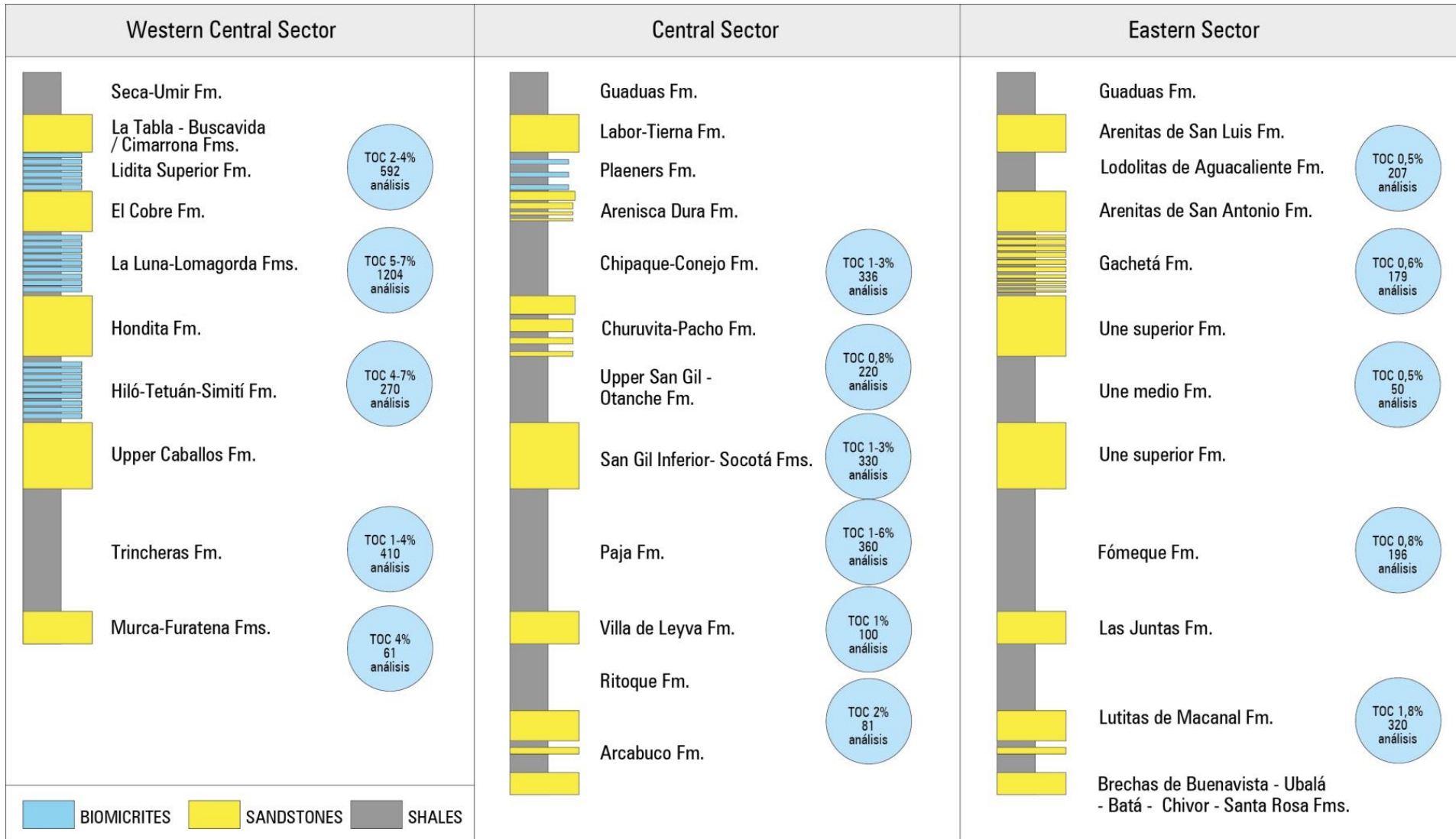
Surface and core sampling





Eastern Cordillera

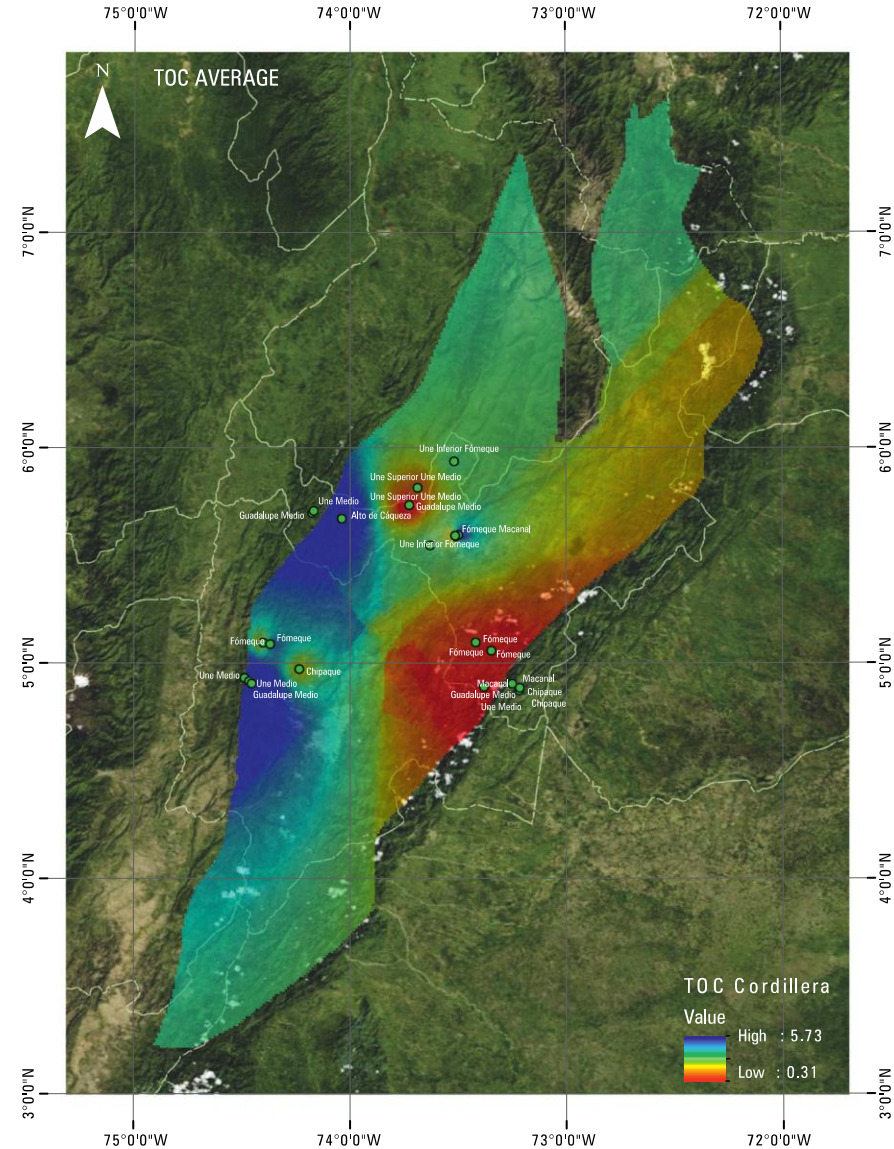
Surface and core sampling





Eastern Cordillera

TOC average from outcrops





Sinu-San Jacinto

Relationship Dibenzothiophene/Phenanthrene (DBT/F)

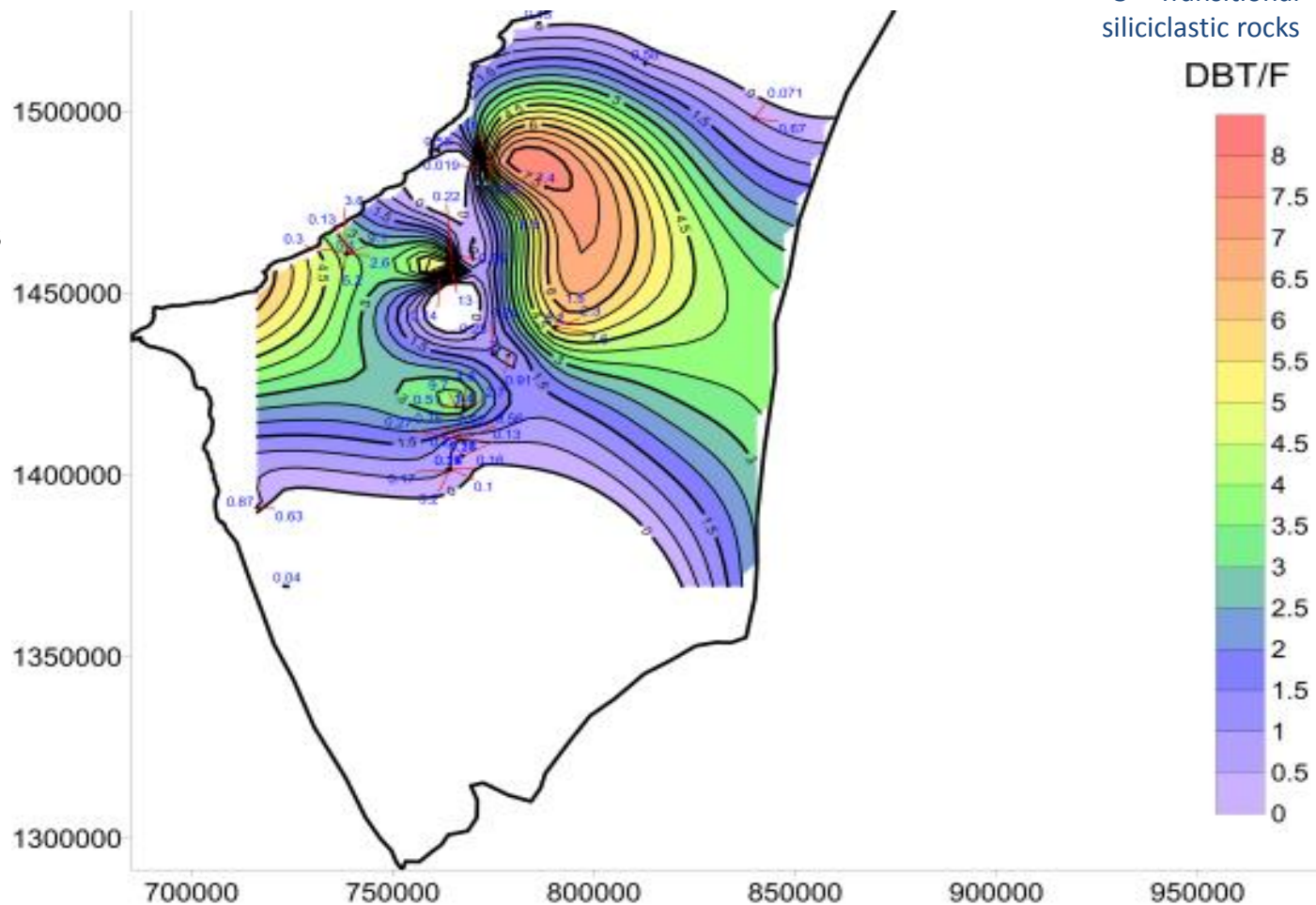
> 3 – Limestone marine rock environments

< 3 – Transitional siliciclastic rocks



Cansona Fm.

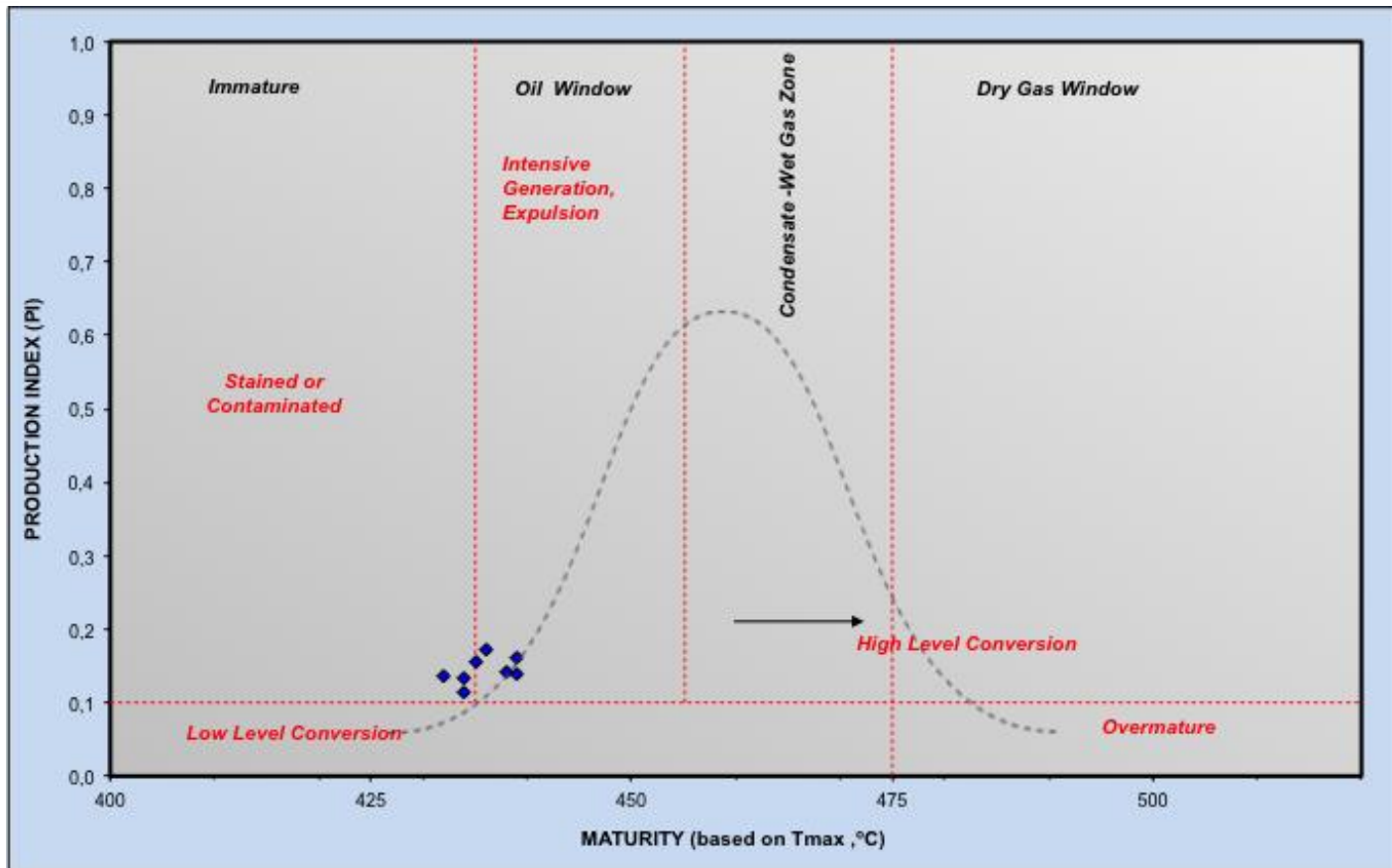
- 2400'+ calcareous shales
- Ligth oil > 35° API
- Kerogene Type II
- Oil window
- Wide and gentle synclines





Sinu-San Jacinto

Oil sample from San Cayetano Fm. reservoir ("El Caramelo" slim hole)



UNCONVENTIONAL RESOURCES-CBM



Unconventional Resources CBM

Comparación entre reservorios de CBM de Colombia, Estados Unidos e Indonesia

CUENCA	San Juan	Powdwer River Basin	Greater Green River Basin	Indonesia	Ranchería	Cesar	Cordillera Oriental	Catatumbo	Valle Medio Magdalena	Sinu-San Jacinto	Valle Inferior Magdalena
Edad de la Formación	CRETÁCICO SUPERIOR	PALEOCENO	CRETÁCICO SUPERIOR	MIOCENO	PALEOCENO	PALEOCENO	CRETÁCICO SUPERIOR-PALEOCENO	CRETÁCICO SUPERIOR-PALEOCENO	CRETÁCICO SUPERIOR-PALEOCENO	MIOCENO	MIOCENO
%Ro minimo	0,5	0,3	0,4	0,3	0,4	0,5	0,55	0,5	0,53	0,3	0,34
%Ro maximo	1,5	0,5	0,6	0,8	0,65	0,6	1,5	0,7	1,96	0,4	0,45
GIP/area (bcf/mi ²)	21	5,8	12	15	64,1	15,3	12,4	14,9	24,8	2,4	1,8
Espesor neto de Carbón (m)	18	80	25	50	79	32	8,5	5	22	20	22
Gas Biogenico		XX		XX	XX	XX				XX	XX
Gas Termogenico	XX			X	X	X	X	X			
Gas Mezcla	x		XX				XX	XX	XX		
Tipo de Estructura	Simple	Simple	Compleja	Compleja	Compleja	Simple	Compleja	Compleja	Simple	Compleja	Simple
GIP/area (bcf/mi ²)	Calculado en base a los datos de isotermas de absorción										
GIP/area (bcf/mi ²)	De publicaciones de la AAPG										
GIP: Gas in Place											
XX: Recurso primario											
X: Rango secundario											

CUENCA COLOMBIANA	ANÁLOGO MUNDIAL
Cesar-Ranchería	Cuenca Powder River, Estados Unidos
Cordillera Oriental	Cuenca San Juan, Estados Unidos
Valle Medio del Magdalena	
Catatumbo	Cuenca Greater Green River, Estados Unidos
Sinú-San Jacinto	Cuencas de Indonesia

Para establecer la comparación se tuvieron en cuenta tres aspectos:

- Edad Similar de la Formación.
- Área similar en Km².
- Rango de Carbón similar según estándares ASTM.
- Espesor neto de Carbón GIP.

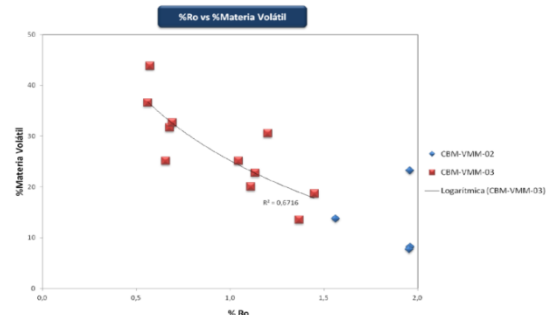
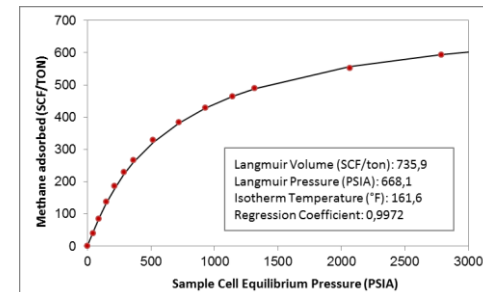
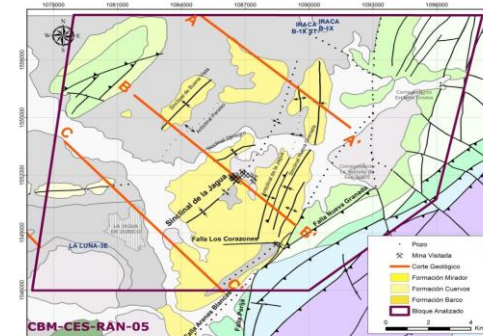
AGENCIA NACIONAL DE HIDROCARBUROS



Unconventional Resources- CBM

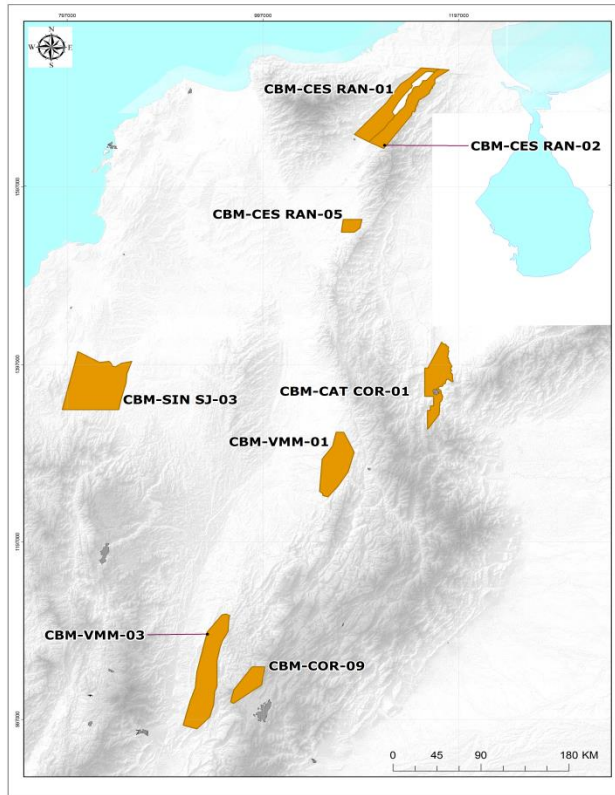
What the ANH has done

- Geologic Compillation.
- Geologic and Geochemistry Characterization in 12 Carboniferous Zones
- Sampling of 360 carboniferous locations
- Samples Analysis:
 - TOC.
 - Methane Isotherm Adsorption Curves
 - Degassing of Coal Tests
 - Gas Chromatography
 - $\delta^{13}\text{C}$ Isotopes and of Deuterium $\delta^2\text{H}$ in Methane
 - Moisture Aanalysis, Ashes, Volatile and Fixed Carbon
 - IH, IO, Saturation Indexes
 - Tmax
 - Vitrinite Reflectance (Ro.)
 - Macerals Content
- Economic Evaluation
 - Gas Price
 - Royalties and Economic Rights
 - Discount Rate
 - Project Economics





Unconventional Resources CBM



- CBM Blocks = 8
- Total Area = 1'212.616 Ha.

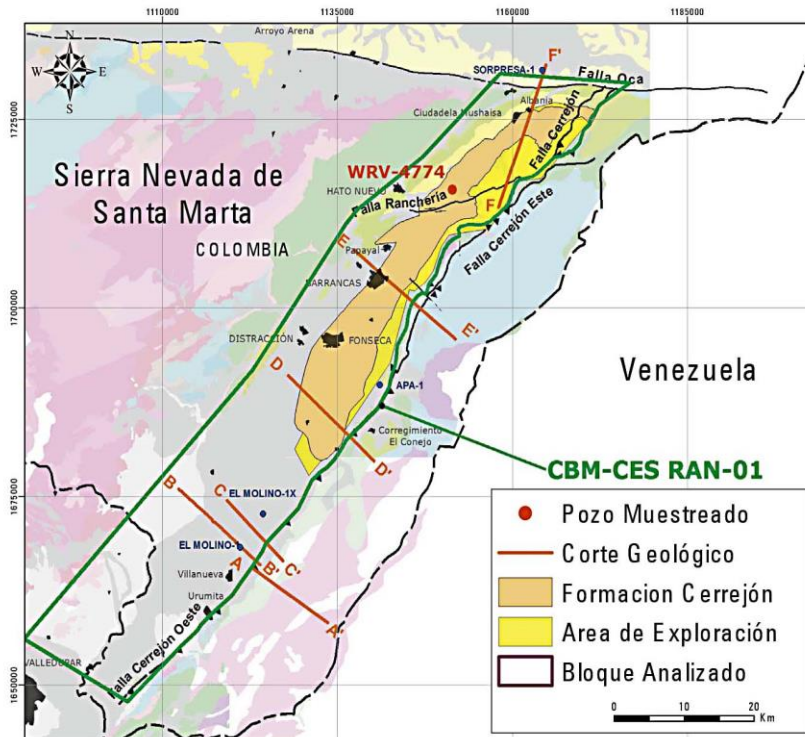
BASIN	GIP MIN	GIP MAX	COAL MIN	COAL MAX
	TCF		BTON	
CESAR RANCHERÍA	12,8	25,1	49,3	93,5
VIM	0,4	1,2	7,2	21,5
CAUCA PATIA	1,3	2,7	3,1	6,2
AMAGA	0,3	0,8	1,9	5,6
CORDILLERA	14,0	29,1	38,7	73,5
VALLE MEDIO DEL MAGDALENA	9,7	17,0	20,0	35,1
SINU SAN JACINTO	1,7	3,4	56,5	155,6
CATATUMBO	11,4	22,8	58,9	117,7
TOTAL	51,6	102,1	235,6	508,7

CBM Potential

CUENCA COLOMBIANA	ANÁLOGO MUNDIAL
Cesar-Ranchería	Cuenca Powder River, Estados Unidos
Cordillera Oriental	Cuenca San Juan, Estados Unidos
Valle Medio del Magdalena	
Catatumbo	Cuenca Greater Green River, Estados Unidos
Sinú-San Jacinto	Cuencas de Indonesia



Unconventional Resources CBM



Geochemical Parameters

	CRITERIO	CERREJÓN TRADICIONAL
SUBCUENCA RANCHEÍA	Nombre del Bloque	CBM-CES RAN-01
	Area del Bloque (ha)	139331,9417
	Edad	Paleoceno Tardío
	Recursos de Carbón (x109 ton)	13.0 - 28.0
	Contenido de Gas calculado (TCF)	3.79-8.18
	Rango de Carbón, Promedio Ro (%)	0.42-0.61
	Isotherm Gas Content (ft3/ton)	113-398
	Origen de Gas Dominante	Termogénico y Biogénico



Types of Areas RC_14

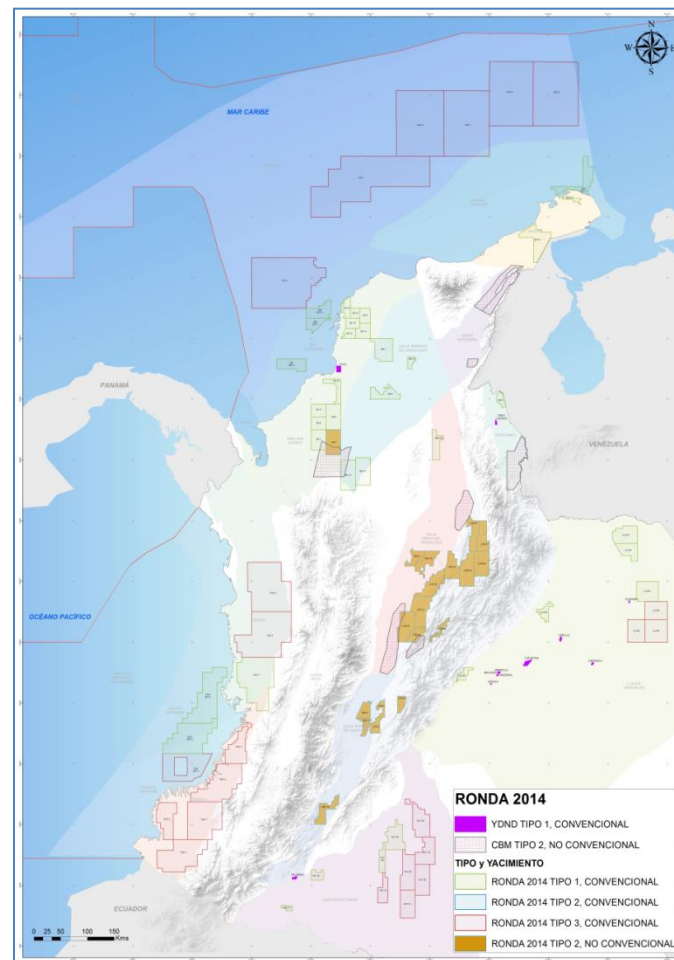
Area Type	Description
E&P Type 1 Conventional	Opportunities for Exploration and Production of Continental Conventional Resources and Offshore in Emerging and Mature Areas
E&P Type 1 YD	Opportunities for Exploration and Production of Discovered Accumulations – (YD for its acronym in Spanish) in Continental Areas
E&P Type 2 Unconventional	Opportunities for Exploration and Production of Continental Unconventional Resources in “ <i>Shales</i> ” in Emerging Areas
E&P Type 2 CBM	Opportunities for Exploration and Production of Continental Unconventional Resources of Methane Gas associated with Coal Beds (<i>Coal-Bed Methane CBM</i>)
TEA Type 3 Conventional	Opportunities for Technical Assessment of border areas with potential for Exploration of Continental and Offshore Conventional Resources



Areas Offered RC_14

	Area (ha)
Continental Conventional	7'007.888
Offshore Conventional	7'961.247
Unconventional oil and gas shale	1'693.078
Unconventional for gas associated to coal bed (CBM)	1'265.892
Total RC_14	17'928.105

Total Areas Offered	97
Continental Conventional	57
Offshore Conventional	13
Unconventional oil and gas shale	19
Unconventional for gas associated to coal bed (CBM)	8





Exploratory Programs



E&P Type 1

Exploration and Production of Continental Conventional Reservoirs

PEM – First Phase	PEM – Second Phase
36 months	36 months
Acquisition of 200 km of 2D seismic	Acquisition of 100 km ² of 3D seismic
1 exploratory well	2 exploratory wells



Exploratory Programs



E&P Type 1

Exploration and Production of Offshore Conventional Reservoirs

PEM – First Phase	PEM – Second Phase	PEM Third Phase
36 months	36 months	36 months
Acquisition of 1,000 km ² of 3D seismic or its equivalent in 2D seismic	-	-
80 “Piston Core” samples	1 exploratory well	1 exploratory well



Evaluation Programs



E&P Type 1

Evaluation of Discovered Accumulations (YD for its acronym in Spanish)

PEV – First Phase	PEV – Second Phase
12 months	24 months
Reprocessing of existing seismic data and petrophysical re-evaluation	" <i>Re-entry</i> " of existing well or drilling of exploratory well



Exploratory Programs



E&P Type 2

Exploration and Production of Unconventional Reservoirs

PEM – First Phase	PEM – Second Phase	PEM – Third Phase
36 months	36 months	36 months
Acquisition of 200 km of 2D seismic and/or reprocessing of existing seismic	-	-
2 Stratigraphic or exploratory wells	4 Exploratory Wells	4 Exploratory Wells



Exploratory Programs



E&P Type 2

Exploration and Production of CBM Reservoirs

PEM – First Phase	PEM – Second Phase	PEM – Third Phase
36 months	36 months	36 months
Acquisition of 300 km 2D seismic and/or seismic reprocessing intended for shallow depths	-	-
Water balance and hydrogeochemical studies, including target formations	-	-
2 Stratigraphic or exploratory wells	4 Exploratory Wells	4 Exploratory Wells



Exploratory Programs

TEA Type 3

Technical Evaluation for Exploration in Continental Areas

PEM – Single Phase

36 months

Mapping of hydrocarbon anomalies from surface geochemistry over the full extent of the area

Acquisition of 200 km of 2D seismic

1 Stratigraphic Well



Exploratory Programs

TEA Type 3

Technical Evaluation for Offshore Exploration

PEM – Single Phase
36 months
80 " <i>Piston Core</i> " samples
Acquisition of 6,000 km of 2D seismic



Thank You!

www.anh.gov.co

www.rondacolombia2014.com